





### **Spring Independent School District**

16717 Ella Blvd. Houston, TX 77090

**Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022** 

Prepared by the Office of Financial Services



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16717 ELLA BLVD. HOUSTON, TEXAS 77090 281-891-6077 www.springisd.org

November 10, 2022

The Honorable Board of Trustees Spring Independent School District 16717 Ella Blvd. Houston, Texas 77090

Dear Board Members and Citizens:

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of the Spring Independent School District (the "District", "Spring ISD" or "SISD"), Houston, Texas, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, is submitted herewith. The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report is management's report of financial operations to the Board of Trustees (the Board), taxpayers, grantor agencies, employees, the Texas Education Agency (TEA), and other interested parties. The government-wide financial statements in this report provide an overview of the District's governmental activities, while detailed fund financial statements describe specific activities of each fund group used in accounting for the District's financial transactions. This report was prepared by the District's Office of Financial Services in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and reporting standards as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Responsibility for the accuracy of the data and completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the District. We believe that the data, as presented, is accurate in all material respects; that information is presented in a manner designed to set forth fairly the financial position and results of operations of the District as measured by the financial activity of its various funds; and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the District's financial activities have been included. In order to provide a reasonable basis for making these representations of responsibility, management of the District has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed to protect the District's assets from loss, theft or misuse. Additionally, the internal control framework is designed to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the District's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the District's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable assurance rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. To the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The financial statements of the District have been audited by Whitley Penn, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit is to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involves examining, on a test basis, evidence

supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditors concluded based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the District's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements is part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special need of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in the District's separately issued Single Audit Report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The District's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

### **Reporting Entity**

An act of the Thirty-Eighth Legislature of the State of Texas in 1923 provided the statutory authority for the creation of independent school districts in the State of Texas. The District was established and incorporated in 1935 by the combination of two separate school districts, the Spring School District and the Harrell School District. As an independent school district, a seven-member board of trustees elected from residents of the District constitutes the governing body. Based on legislative authority codified in the Texas Education Code, the trustees (1) have exclusive power to manage and govern the District; (2) can acquire and hold real and personal property; (3) shall have power to levy and collect taxes and to issue bonds; (4) can contract for appointed officers, teachers, and other personnel as well as for goods and services; and (5) have the right of eminent domain to acquire real property. The District is not included in any other governmental reporting entity and the District is not financially accountable for any other organizations; therefore, no component units are included within the reporting entity.

As required by GAAP, the financial statements of the reporting entity include those of the District (the primary government), an independent reporting entity clearly within the criteria established by GASB.

The District encompasses approximately 58 square miles and is located in northern Harris County, Texas, approximately 20 miles north of downtown Houston. Interstate Highway 45 (I-45) traverses the District north to south, and Farm-to-Market Road 1960 (FM 1960) bisects the District east to west approximately at its midpoint. The unincorporated community of Spring is located in the District.

The District's system presently includes twenty-six elementary schools, seven traditional middle schools, two school-of-choice middle schools, three traditional high schools and three ninth-grade centers, a school-of-choice high school, a virtual school, and an early college academy. The ages of the school buildings range from less than two years to fifty-four years.

The District is one of twenty-one public school districts located in Harris County. It provides a program of public education from pre-kindergarten through grade twelve. The purpose and responsibility of the District is to provide a thorough and efficient educational system for the children enrolled in public schools within its boundaries whereby each child has access to programs and services that are appropriate to his or her educational needs. In addition to the regular educational program, the District offers programs in areas such as career and technical education, special education, gifted and talented, bilingual, and compensatory education. All District schools are fully accredited by the TEA and the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools.

The District's average daily attendance (ADA) has been declining over the last few years. ADA was 28,662 in 2022 and 30,464 in 2021, a decrease of 1,802 and a decrease of 1,829 students respectively. ADA has been significantly impacted by the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic.

### **Long-term Financial Planning**

The enrollment projection for 2022-2023 anticipates a flat enrollment. However, given the unprecedented uncertainty created by the COVID-19 pandemic which caused global disruptions beginning in early 2020 and is ongoing, there is no reliable prediction of enrollment for the immediate future. Currently, there are 591 students per square mile in the District.

Each school district in Texas is required by law to prepare annually a budget of anticipated revenues and expenditures. The budget must be adopted by the Board of Trustees at a scheduled meeting after giving ten days public notice of the meeting. The District annually adopts a legally authorized appropriated budget for the General Fund, Debt Service Fund, and Child Nutrition Fund. Prior to July 1st, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and campus/department. Transfers of appropriations between campuses/departments require the approval of the District's management. However, transfers of appropriations between functions require the approval of the Board as recommended by the Superintendent. The District's approach to operating in a restricted funding environment with increasing academic standards has been to ensure that the budget process is led by data driven decisions and guided by the Five-Year Strategic Plan. The major budget priorities are to ensure financial stability in an ever-changing economic environment while providing engaging learning opportunities for staff and students.

### **Organization Purpose**

### **Vision Statement**

This statement reads, "Spring Independent School District will be a district of choice known for high quality academics with innovative and specialized programs that meet the needs of all students in a positive learning environment."

### **Mission Statement**

The mission of the Spring Independent School District is to prepare students to be lifelong learners, critical thinkers, and responsible citizens who display good character – ready to contribute, compete, and lead in today's global society.

### **Guiding Principles**

Updated in 2022, the district's guiding principles are a set of assumptions or beliefs that focus the work of all leaders in the district. Any and every action outlined in the strategic plan can be traced back to these guiding principles.

- 1. Every educator will hold themselves accountable to high-quality teaching and promoting a culture of literacy across all disciplines.
- 2. Every employee will support students to learn in safe and affirming environments.
- 3. Every school and department will strategically adapt based on the results and community input.
- 4. Every district resource will center on student learning with a focus on equity and accountability.

### **Core Values**

- We base our decisions on what is best for our students.
- We strive for excellence in all we do.
- We build trust through integrity and lead by example.
- We communicate openly.
- We value diversity and treat everyone with dignity and respect.
- We win as a team.

### **Graduate Portrait**

Every student will be...

A lifelong learner, critical thinker and responsible citizen who displays good character – ready to contribute, compete and lead in today's global society.

### **Equity**

We will champion **Equity** explicitly and consistently in the way we serve students, design supports, and allocate resources. It is the underlying, uniting thread woven through all the work we do in Spring.

### **North Star Goal**

By 2027, Spring ISD will increase the percentage of students in A/B schools from 27% to 50% and decrease the number of students in D/F schools from 46% to 0%. In other words, by 2025, Spring ISD will increase the number of A/B campuses from 12 schools to 19 schools and decrease the number of schools that score D/F from 16 to 0.



### **Strategic Plan Goals**

• **EQUITY:** We will increase the equitable allocation of resources in order to improve equitable practices.

### • STUDENT OUTCOMES:

- We will increase the percentage of students achieving growth and meeting or exceeding grade level expectations on standards-based assessments.
- We will increase the number of students graduating Spring ISD college and career ready.
- **OPPORTUNITIES:** We will increase the percentage of students successfully enrolling in and completing high quality specialty programs and pathways in Spring ISD.
- **LEADERSHIP:** We will increase the number of positions filled with high-quality, developed staff that are demographically representative of the student body.
- **WELL-BEING:** We will increase the percentage of staff and students that report an improved feeling of physical, emotional, and digital safety.
- **ENGAGEMENT:** We will increase the percentage of families that feel a sense of belonging in Spring ISD.

### **Education Foundation**

The District receives support from the Spring Education Foundation (the Foundation), a non-profit organization. The Foundation seeks funds to support initiatives related to the District's Five-Year Strategic Plan. The goal of the Foundation is to raise funds for teacher initiative projects and for campus initiative projects that attempt to improve student achievement and success. Grant awards are up to \$1,000 for teacher or classroom projects, up to \$5,000 for campus teams, and up to \$10,000 for multi-campus projects. During 2021-2022, grants were awarded totaling \$44,684 to improve services to students. The Foundation has awarded over \$1,200,000 in grants since it began in 1993. The Foundation does not meet the criteria for inclusion in the District's financial statements under the provisions of GASB Statement No. 39.

### **Economic Condition and Outlook**

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the District operates.

The Houston metropolitan area ranks as the sixth-largest metropolitan area in the country. Demographically and economically, the region has rapidly diversified into a cosmopolitan, international center of business and industry. The District must be prepared to meet the challenges of educating an increasingly heterogeneous student population. Furthermore, in light of the recent growth of service-sector jobs in the Houston area, these children must be prepared for careers requiring high-level skills in mathematics, science, and technology in addition to solid reading and writing skills.

The COVID-19 pandemic created global disruptions beginning in early spring 2020 and is currently ongoing. In an effort to effectively manage the outbreak, restrictions were implemented which caused businesses and schools to close for an extended period of time. Though most restrictions have been lifted, several businesses including the education sector have struggled to return to pre-pandemic operations. The impact of the closures and restrictions will be felt for many years to come and will leave a lasting impression on the world's economy. Due to the unprecedented uncertainty of the length and duration of the pandemic, long-term projections related to the economic condition and outlook will be challenging to predict.

### **Local Economy**

The District is primarily commercial in character with numerous shopping centers, automobile dealerships, hotels and combination business park/multi-family developments that have been built along I-45 and FM 1960. ExxonMobil's state-of-the-art complex is located on a 385-acre wooded site within the boundaries of Spring ISD. It contains multiple low-rise office buildings, a laboratory, conference and training centers and facilities such as child care, a wellness center and other employee amenities. The campus houses more than 10,000 ExxonMobil personnel devoted to energy exploration, refining, chemicals, corporate law, finance, and other aspects of the business. With a value of over \$1 billion in tax year 2021, the ExxonMobil campus makes up 6.24% of the District's tax base.

The following is a summary of the tax base by category for fiscal years 2022 and 2021:

2022		2021	
Amount	%	Amount	%
\$8,287,672,440	43.63%	\$7,541,517,724	41.50%
10,043,197,921	52.88%	9,979,377,009	54.92%
69,237,209	0.36%	64,065,163	0.35%
397,595,313	2.09%	401,726,041	2.21%
184,390,964	0.97%	171,743,065	0.95%
13,375,296	0.07%	12,324,839	0.07%
18,995,469,143	100%	18,170,753,841	100%
(2,767,505,532)		(2,756,580,800)	
\$16,227,963,611		\$15,414,173,041	
	Amount \$8,287,672,440 10,043,197,921 69,237,209 397,595,313 184,390,964 13,375,296 18,995,469,143 (2,767,505,532)	Amount         %           \$8,287,672,440         43.63%           10,043,197,921         52.88%           69,237,209         0.36%           397,595,313         2.09%           184,390,964         0.97%           13,375,296         0.07%           18,995,469,143         100%           (2,767,505,532)	Amount         %         Amount           \$8,287,672,440         43.63%         \$7,541,517,724           10,043,197,921         52.88%         9,979,377,009           69,237,209         0.36%         64,065,163           397,595,313         2.09%         401,726,041           184,390,964         0.97%         171,743,065           13,375,296         0.07%         12,324,839           18,995,469,143         100%         18,170,753,841           (2,767,505,532)         (2,756,580,800)

The percentage mix of property values by category in the District has been consistent over the past few years.

### **Residential Properties**

For the 2022 fiscal year, the Harris County Appraisal District listed 45,388 single-family residences. This compares to 44,667 dwellings in this category for last year. Developers continue to develop new subdivisions throughout all geographic areas. The 721 new residences occurred throughout the District.

The average actual taxable value of the residential property in the 2022 fiscal year was \$158,486 which compares to \$145,257 in the 2021 fiscal year. This represents an 9.11% increase in the average actual taxable home value from the prior year. During the 2022 fiscal year, the assessed

value for residential properties increased \$746,154,716 or 9.89% over the previous year.

### **Commercial, Industrial and Multi-Family Properties**

We have seen an increase in commercial growth due to market value increases in the following property types: multi-family, retail multi-occupancy, convenience food market and neighborhood shopping centers. During the 2022 fiscal year, the assessed value for commercial properties increased \$63,820,912 or 0.64% over the previous year.

### **Acreage, Vacant Lots and Tracts**

The value of acreage in the District increased. The total number of vacant lots continuously changes due to new subdivision sections.

### Utilities

The assessed value for utilities increased by \$12,647,899 or 7.36%. The increase was primarily caused by the increase in the value of railroads, pipelines and electric companies.

### Mineral Reserves

The assessed value for the various mineral reserves experienced an increase of \$1,050,457 or 8.52% over the previous year primarily due to revaluation and new mineral leases.

### **Financial Reporting Awards**

### **GFOA** Certificate of Achievement

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the District for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current Annual Comprehensive Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

### **ASBO** Certificate of Excellence

The District received the Association of School Business Officials' (ASBO) Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. This award certifies that the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, substantially conforms to the principles and standards of financial reporting as recommended and adopted by the ASBO. We believe that our current Annual Comprehensive Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Excellence Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the ASBO to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

### Acknowledgements

The preparation of this report on a timely basis could not be accomplished without the dedicated services of the entire staff of the Office of Financial Services. Also, we would like to express our appreciation to other divisions, departments, schools, and individuals who assisted in its preparation. Moreover, we wish to thank and express appreciation to the administrators and other employees of the District for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial affairs of the District in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectively submitted,

LiloMurray

Lila Murray, CPA, MBA Director of Accounting

Office of Financial Services

Ann Westbrooks, CPA, RTSBA

ann Westbrooks

Chief Financial Officer

Office of Financial Services

Lupita Hinojosa, Ed.D.

Superintendent of Schools

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Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

# **Spring Independent School District Texas**

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2021

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



# The Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented to

### **Spring Independent School District**

for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021.

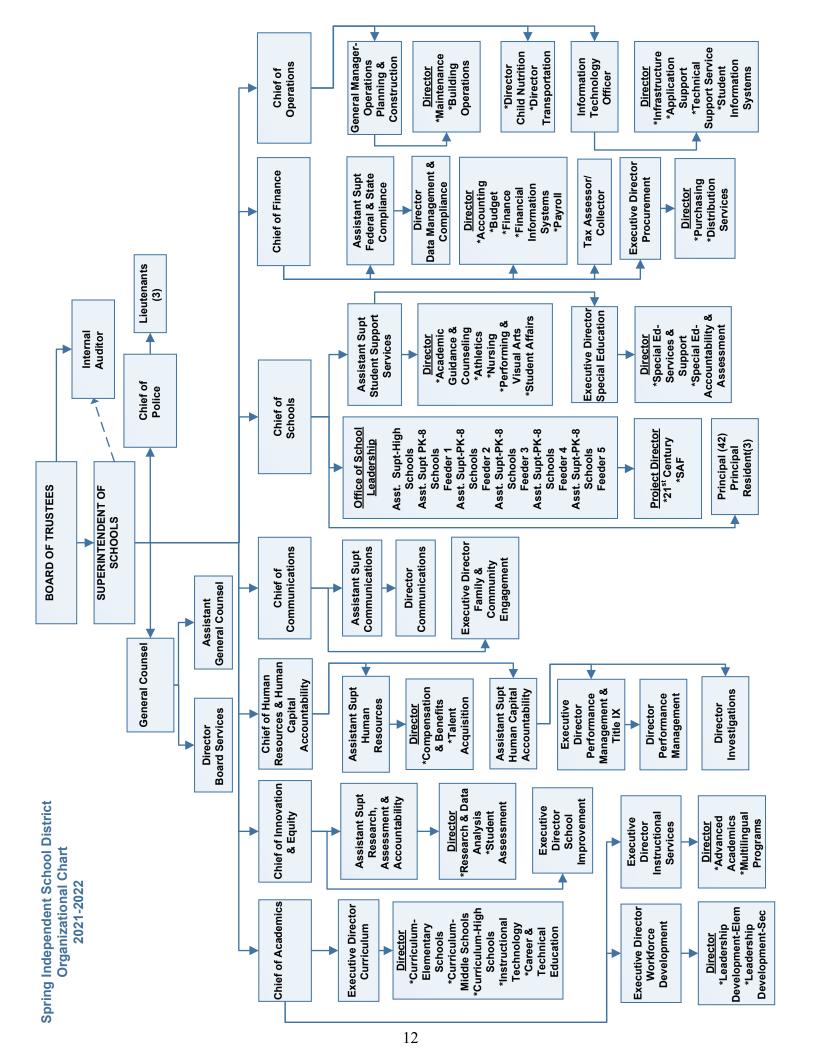
The district report meets the criteria established for ASBO International's Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting.



William A. Sutter
President

Will ald the

David J. Lewis
Executive Director



### SPRING INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS AND ADVISORS

### **BOARD OF TRUSTEES**

Justine Durant, President Regional Director, Cigna Healthcare

Winford Adams Jr, Vice President Harris County Department of Education Public Information and Policy Manager

> Kelly P. Hodges, Secretary Regional Director for the Gulf Coast, Coast Guard Foundation

> > Rhonda Newhouse, Assistant Secretary Retired Educator

Dr. Deborah Jensen, Member Retired STEM Professional Development Program Leader

Carmen Correa, Member Parent Co-Chair, Spring ISD Student Health Advisory Council

Natasha McDaniel, Member HB3 Reading Academy Cohort Leader, Region 4 Education Service Center

### **ADMINISTRATION**

Dr. Lupita Hinojosa, Superintendent of Schools

Julie F. Hill, J.D., Chief of Human Resources and Human Capital Accountability

Matt Pariseau, Ed.D., Chief of Innovation

Ann Westbrooks, CPA, Chief Financial Officer

Mark Miranda, Chief of District Operations

Kenneth Culbreath, Chief of Police

Jeremy Binkley, General Counsel

### CONSULTANTS AND ADVISORS

Whitley Penn, L.L.P., Independent Auditors

Thompson & Horton, L.L.P., Legal Counsel

Perdue, Brandon, Fielder, Collins & Mott, L.L.P., Tax Attorneys

Post Oak Municipal Advisors, LLC, Financial Advisors

### **CERTIFICATE OF BOARD**

Spring Independent School District	Harris	101-919
Name of School District	County	CoDist. Number

We, the undersigned, certify that the attached annual financial reports of the above-named school district were reviewed and approved for the year ended June 30, 2022, at a meeting of the Board of Trustees of such school district on the 10th day of November, 2022.

Signature of Board Secretary

Signature of Board President







Houston Office 3737 Buffalo Speedway Suite 1600 Houston, Texas 77098 713 621 1515 Main

whitleypenn.com

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Trustees Spring Independent School District Houston, Texas

### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Spring Independent School District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America

### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.



To the Board of Trustees Spring Independent School District Houston, Texas

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
  appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
  District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting
  estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, pension information, and other-post employment benefit information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

To the Board of Trustees Spring Independent School District Houston, Texas

### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining fund financial statements, required Texas Education Agency (TEA) schedules, and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining fund financial statements, required TEA schedules, and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

### **Other Information**

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections, but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 10, 2022 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Houston, Texas November 10, 2022

Whitley FERN LLP

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### SPRING INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Our discussion and analysis of Spring Independent School District's (the District) financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. It should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements.

### **Financial Highlights**

On the government-wide financial statements, the liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources of the District at June 30, 2022, by \$7,628,875. Of this amount, (\$134,869,363) is unrestricted.

At June 30, 2022, the District's governmental funds financial statements reported combined ending fund balances of \$204,961,757. Of this amount, \$8,539,010 is non-spendable in the General Fund, \$5,000,000 is committed, \$40,796,750 is assigned and \$58,186,196 is unassigned and available to spend at the District's discretion.

At the end of the current fiscal year, total fund balance for the General Fund was \$112,521,956 or 36.82% of total General Fund expenditures.

### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

All the District's services are reported in the government-wide financial statements, including instruction, student transportation, general administration, school leadership, and child nutrition services. Property taxes, state and federal aid, and interest and investment earnings finance most of the activities. Additionally, all capital and debt financing activities are reported here.

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Therefore, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

### **Fund Financial Statements**

The District uses fund accounting to record and report specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds. The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant funds – not the District as a whole.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the District's activities are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out, and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information in Figure A-1 that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.

The District's governmental funds are the General Fund, Debt Service Fund, Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund (ESSER) III, and Non-Major Governmental Funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Debt Service Fund, and ESSER III, each of which is considered to be a major fund. Individual fund data for each of the non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Proprietary funds are used to account for operations that are financed similar to those found in the private sector. The District maintains an individual internal service fund for health insurance coverage. *Internal service funds*, one type of proprietary fund, are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the District's various funds and functions. Because this service predominantly benefits governmental functions, it has been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations and/or other funds. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. The District's fiduciary fund is considered to be a custodial fund which accounts for the District's Student Activity Funds. We exclude these activities from the District's government-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets.

### **Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**

The financial statements also include notes that provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

### Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes to the basic financial statements, this report also presents required supplementary information concerning the District's compliance with its General Fund budget and its progress in funding its obligations to provide pension and other post-employment benefits to its employees.

The combining and individual fund statements and schedules referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

The statements are followed by a section of other supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements. Figure A-1 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District government they cover and the types of information they contain.

Figure A-1 Major Features of the District's Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

		Fund Statements		
<b>Type of Statements</b>	Government-wide	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire District's governmental activities (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary	Activities the District operates similar to private business: self- insurance	Instances in which the District is the trustee or custodian for someone else's resources: student activity funds
Required financial statements	Statement of net position	Balance sheet	Statement of net position	Statement of fiduciary net position
	Statement of activities	Statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances	Statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position and statement of cash flows	Statement of changes in fudiciary net position
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and custodial in nature
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long- term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included		All assets and liabilities, both short- term and long-term
Type of inflow/outflow	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during the year regardless of when cash is received or paid	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

The District's liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$7.6 million at June 30, 2022, which is a increase in the net position of \$34.7 million compared to last fiscal year.

Figure A-2 The District's Net Position

	Governmental Activities		
	2022	2021	
Current and other assets	\$260,322,770	\$252,023,229	
Capital assets	757,717,550	783,397,365	
Total Assets	1,018,040,320	1,035,420,594	
Total deferred outflows of resources	73,204,373	73,372,916	
Current liabilities	57,150,216	58,374,063	
Noncurrent liabilities	889,618,843	983,396,425	
Total Liabilities	946,769,059	1,041,770,488	
Total deferred inflows of resources	152,104,509	109,350,560	
Net Position:			
Net investment in capital assets	53,196,521	44,534,372	
Restricted	74,043,967	66,374,930	
Unrestricted	(134,869,363)	(153,236,840)	
Total Net Position	(\$7,628,875)	(\$42,327,538)	

The District's net position is comprised of the following elements as illustrated in Figure A-2: *Net Investment in Capital Assets* \$53.2 million reflects the District's investment of \$757.7 million in capital assets (e.g., land, construction-in-progress, buildings and equipment) less the outstanding debt used to acquire those assets.

The second element of net position shown in Figure A-2 is *Restricted*, which is used to segregate the net position on which external constraints have been placed (e.g., constraints imposed by creditors, grantors or by law). The District is reporting a balance of \$74.0 million which represents balances for debt service, federal and state programs, and local grants.

The third element of net position is *Unrestricted*, which consists of the net position that does not meet the criteria of the other two elements described above. The District is reporting a balance of (\$134.9) million in this category.

### **Changes in Net Position**

The District's total revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, were \$494,756,341. A significant portion of the District's revenue (41.49%) comes from taxes. State aid and other grant revenues represent 32.19%, while only 2.12% relate to charges for services (See Figure A-3). The total cost of all programs and services was \$460,057,678 of which 51.45% is for instruction and instructional-related services (See Figure A-4).

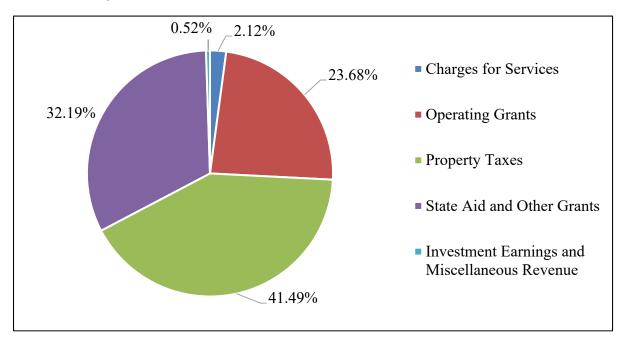
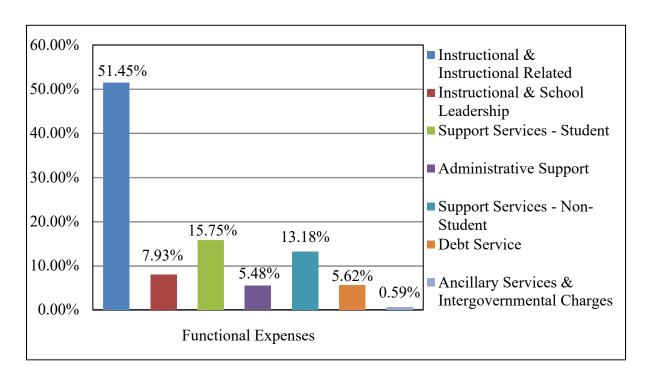


Figure A-3 Sources of Revenue for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Figure A-4 Expenses by Major Function for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022



### **Governmental Activities**

Governmental activities increased the District's net position by \$34,698,663 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The following table presents the changes in the District's net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021:

### **Changes in the District's Net Position**

	Governmental Activities		
	2022	2021	
Revenues			
Program Revenues:			
Charges for services	\$10,493,521	\$1,658,339	
Operating grants and contributions	117,182,744	80,495,501	
General Revenues:			
Property taxes	205,282,695	208,793,459	
State aid and other grants	159,243,452	157,378,568	
Investment earnings	369,840	249,295	
Miscellaneous	2,184,089	969,398	
Total revenues	494,756,341	449,544,560	
Expenses			
Instruction	220,175,209	241,835,471	
Instructional resources and media services	4,615,823	4,885,731	
Curriculum/staff development	11,935,152	10,982,336	
Instructional leadership	11,205,026	10,856,861	
School leadership	25,264,998	25,969,486	
Guidance and counseling services	17,211,689	18,184,082	
Social work services	525,049	581,707	
Health services	3,669,990	4,197,976	
Student (pupil) transportation	16,541,610	15,390,325	
Child nutrition services	25,527,350	21,299,498	
Co-curricular activities	8,975,684	8,484,198	
General administration	25,208,029	12,821,302	
Plant maintenance and operations	40,412,128	46,568,629	
Security and monitoring services	7,765,391	7,431,619	
Data processing services	10,591,797	10,380,293	
Community services	1,865,917	1,780,791	
Interest and fiscal charges	25,849,923	28,670,657	
Fiscal agent/shared services arrangement	66,584	9,945	
Alternative education	82,800	59,400	
Payments to tax increment fund	1,061,489	1,003,490	
Other intergovernmental charges	1,506,040	1,486,559	
Total governmental activities	460,057,678	472,880,356	
Change in net position	34,698,663	(23,335,796)	
Prior Period Adjustment - GASB 84 implementation	5 1,070,003	67,622	
Beginning Net Position	(42,327,538)	(19,059,364)	
Ending Net Position	(\$7,628,875)	(\$42,327,538)	
Ename 1 (or 1 obliton	(47,020,073)	(Ψ12,321,330)	

The increase in revenues is primarily due to ESSER III funds provided to help safely reopen and sustain the safe operation of schools and address the impact of the coronavirus pandemic on students.

The decrease in expenses is primarily due to employee vacancies and lower construction-related cost as projects funded by the 2016 bond program are substantially complete.

The following table presents the cost of each of the District's largest functions as well as each function's net cost for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and operating grants and contributions). The net cost reflects what was funded by state revenues as well as local tax dollars.

- The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$460,057,678.
- The amount of the cost that was paid by those who directly benefited from the program was \$10,493,521.
- The amount paid by grants and contributions was \$117,182,744.
- The amount that our taxpayers paid for these activities through property taxes was \$205,282,695.

#### **Net Cost of Selected District Functions**

(in millions of dollars)

	20	)22	2021	
	Total Cost Net Cost		Total Cost	Net Cost
	of Services	of Services	of Services	of Services
Instructional	\$236.7	\$156.7	\$257.7	\$210.5
Plant maintenance & operations	\$40.4	\$38.8	\$46.6	\$45.4
Interest and fiscal charges	\$25.8	\$24.8	\$28.7	\$27.7

### Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

The District's accounting records for general governmental operations are maintained on a modified accrual basis as prescribed by the Texas Education Agency in the *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide*, with the revenues being recorded when available and measurable to finance expenditures of the fiscal period. Expenditures are recorded when services or goods are received and the fund liabilities are incurred, except for outstanding long-term debt. The general governmental operations include the following funds: General, Debt Service, Capital Projects, and Special Revenue.

Revenues for governmental funds totaled \$486,479,545 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, an increase of 9.06% over the prior fiscal year. The increase is due to the addition of ESSER III funds provided to address the ongoing impact of the Covid-19 pandemic.

Expenditures for governmental funds totaled \$474,295,101 during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, a decrease of 5.77% from the prior fiscal year. The total expenditures decreased primarily due to considerably less construction projects being completed in 2021-22 compared to 2020-21. This decrease is also due to employee vacancies particularly in teacher and bus driver positions.

The Debt Service Fund had a total fund balance of \$73,149,824 all of which is restricted for the payment of debt service. The District makes semi-annual debt service payments in February and August each year. The total debt service payments including fees for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, was \$67,218,293. There was a decrease in fund balance of \$135,790.

The ESSER III Fund has no fund balance as all revenues are received upon request to the Texas Education Agency for reimbursement of allowable expenditures.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Over the course of the year, the District revised its budget three times. These adjustments resulted in an increase in the final budgeted appropriations and other financing uses of \$5,482,171 over the original budget. The variance in final budgeted expenditures versus actual expenditures is primarily due to savings in salary expenditures due to allocated but unfilled positions and the supplanting of instructional salaries using ESSER II and III funds.

Final budgeted revenues and other financing sources were increased during the year by \$5,391,379 over the original revenue budget. The variance in the final total budgeted revenues versus actual revenues is primarily due to lower than anticipated property tax collections as well as lower than anticipated state aid due to low student attendance which is a result of the ongoing Covid-19 pandemic.

The difference between the original budget and the final amended budget of the General Fund can be briefly summarized below:

Appropriations and Other Financing Uses	
\$1,861,015	Increase in miscellaneous appropriations resulting from 2020-2021 rollover encumbrances
1,362,304	Increase for the relocation and renovation of T-Buildings to accommodate student growth at Marshall Elementary School and renovations to Wunsche and Eickenroht
1,284,752	Increase due to mid-year raises for bus drivers to bring the starting pay to \$19 per hour to aid in recruitment efforts
327,752	An increase to support the Spring High School safety program
255,361	Increase for targeted recruitment and incentives for staff appreciation and campus attendance
238,319	Increase for the use of the Special Education Supplement
152,668	Miscellaneous increases to other appropriations to account for use of insurance proceeds, donations and miscellaneous receipts
\$5,482,171	Total Appropriations Increase
Revenues and Other Financing Sources	
\$6,331,402	Miscellaneous federal revenue related to indirect costs and an increase in School Health and Related Services (SHARS) reimbursement
622,061	Miscellaneous net increases in other estimated revenues to account for use of donations, sale of property, and other miscellaneous receipts
238,319	An increase in other revenues related to the Special Education Supplement provided as a result of the 87th Texas Legislative session
(125,750)	Decrease in anticipated interest earnings
(674,653)	A net decrease in state aid primarily due to the decrease in the Foundation School Program (FSP) to adjust to anticipated revenue for actual student enrollment and attendance
(1,000,000)	Decrease in property tax revenue to adjust to anticipated collections
\$5,391,379	<b>Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources Increase</b>

#### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

#### **Capital Assets**

The District has invested a net \$757.7 million in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and vehicles. This amount represents a net decrease (including additions and deductions net of accumulated depreciation) of \$25.7 million from last year.

### **District's Capital Assets**

(net of depreciation)

	2022	2021
Land	\$79,847,596	\$79,847,596
Construction-in-progress	254,943	17,405,314
Buildings and improvements	635,925,836	657,367,955
Equipment and furniture	28,592,793	15,128,908
Vehicles	12,540,467	13,647,592
Right to Use Assets - Leases	555,915	
Net capital assets	\$757,717,550	\$783,397,365
Right to Use Assets - Leases	555,915	

More detailed information about the District's capital assets is presented in Note 5 to the basic financial statements.

#### **Debt Administration**

Debt-management policies seek to provide the most favorable climate for District debt projects while upholding the highest rating possible for debt instruments. Management policies include the following points:

- All debt service obligations will be met when due.
- Long-term financing will be restricted to capital projects and purchases of equipment.
- Long-term bonds will not be issued to finance current operations.
- The District will cooperate and communicate with bond-rating agencies and work towards obtaining the most favorable municipal bond rating possible.
- Outstanding obligations will be reviewed frequently to ensure the most favorable funding structure for the District.
- All necessary information and material regarding the District's financial status will be provided to the appropriate parties.

The ratio of net general bonded debt to assessed valuation is a useful indicator of the District's debt position. This data is presented in the schedule "Ratios of Net General Obligation Bonded Debt Outstanding" (Table 10) in the statistical section and reflects a ratio of net bonded debt to actual taxable value of 4.03%, as compared to 4.53% last year.

The District continues to enjoy strong underlying bond ratings. The latest Moody's Investor Services, Inc. affirmed rating is Aa2 and Standard and Poor's Corporation affirmed rating is AA-for the District's debt obligations. All of the outstanding ad valorem tax bonds of the District carry a credit enhancement rating of AAA due to the Permanent School Fund guarantee.

More detailed information about the District's debt administration is presented in Note 8 to the basic financial statements.

### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates**

The priorities of the 2022-2023 budget were aligned with the Board of Trustees' priorities which are: student outcomes, equity, increased opportunities and choice, leadership, student and staff well-being and community engagement. General operating fund spending per student is budgeted to be \$10,634 based upon the assumption that student enrollment will be 33,610.

Total revenues in the 2022-2023 General Fund budget are \$322.0 million, an increase of 0.94% over the final 2022 revenues of \$319.0 million. This increase is primarily due to anticipated higher local revenue collections.

Expenditures are budgeted for the 2022-2023 fiscal year at \$357.4 million, an increase of 16.95% increase over the final 2022 expenditures.

The 2022-2023 expenditure budget includes a general pay increase of 5.3% to teachers, 3% to clerical and operation staff and 2% to all other employees. The pay increase was provided as a result of an external pay study conducted by the Texas Association of School Boards to review the District's pay schedules in comparison to those of fifteen surrounding school districts. The results of the pay study revealed the District's pay schedule lagged behind those of other area school districts. The pay increase also includes equity adjustments for some pay classes and includes a competitive starting teacher salary of \$60,500. The 2022 final expenditures are lower as a result of supplanting expenditures using ESSER III funds.

The Debt Service Fund revenues are budgeted at \$72.9 million which is an increase of 9.5% over the final 2022 revenues of \$66.6 million. This increase is anticipated due to an increase in property values offset by of a lower interest and sinking tax rate. The debt service expenditures are budgeted at \$69.6 million, an increase of 3.6% over prior year final expenditures of \$67.2 million. The district continues to refinance debt when market conditions are favorable in an effort to achieve debt service savings on outstanding bonds.

### **Request for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, business community, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Chief Financial Officer at 16717 Ella Blvd., Houston, Texas 77090 or call (281) 891-6077.

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# BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



June 30, 2022

	Primary
	Government
	Governmental
ACCETO	Activities
ASSETS Cash	\$4.846.155
Temporary investments	\$4,846,155 182,525,297
Receivables:	182,323,297
Property taxes	14,046,203
Allowance for uncollectible taxes	(5,244,600)
Due from governmental agencies	54,878,146
Accrued interest and other receivables	324,734
Inventories, at cost	5,102,631
Prepaid items	3,844,204
Capital assets not being depreciated:	3,011,201
Land	79,847,596
Construction-in-progress	254,943
Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation:	,,,
Buildings and improvements	635,925,836
Furniture and equipment	28,592,793
Vehicles	12,540,467
Right to Use Assets - Leases	555,915
Total assets	1,018,040,320
Total dissels	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows relating to pension activities	32,904,676
Deferred outflows relating to OPEB activities	27,818,324
Deferred charge on refunding	12,481,373
Total deferred outflows of resources	73,204,373
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	7,539,750
Interest payable	10,962,052
Accrued wages payable	36,627,949
Due to state and others	89,410
Unearned revenue	664,887
Non-current liabilities:	
Due within one year	40,796,666
Due in more than one year	683,082,894
Net pension liability	55,124,661
Net OPEB liability	111,880,790
Total liabilities	946,769,059
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	(5.5((.15)
Deferred inflows relating to pension activities	65,566,159
Deferred inflows relating to OPEB activities	82,880,601
Deferred gain on refunding	3,657,749
Total deferred inflows of resources	152,104,509
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	53,196,521
Restricted for:	
Debt service	64,660,535
Federal & state programs	9,272,285
Local grants	111,147
Unrestricted	(134,869,363)
TOTAL NET POSITION	(\$7,628,875)

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Program  Charges for	Revenues Operating Grants and	Net (Expenses) Revenue and Changes in Net Position Governmental
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Activities
Primary government				
Governmental activities:	Ф <b>22</b> 0 1 <b>77 2</b> 00	Φ2 00 <b>7</b> 200	Φ <i>ćξ</i> ξ11 022	(0150 665 050)
Instruction	\$220,175,209	\$3,997,398	\$65,511,933	(\$150,665,878)
Instructional resources and media services	4,615,823		1,580,771	(3,035,052)
Curriculum and staff development	11,935,152		8,941,383	(2,993,769)
Instructional leadership	11,205,026		2,068,694	(9,136,332)
School leadership	25,264,998		2,665,325	(22,599,673)
Guidance and counseling services	17,211,689		4,411,173	(12,800,516)
Social work services	525,049		19,092	(505,957)
Health services	3,669,990		561,300	(3,108,690)
Student (pupil) transportation	16,541,610		1,347,047	(15,194,563)
Child nutrition services	25,527,350	1,169,994	24,408,022	50,666
Co-curricular activities	8,975,684	452,200	507,226	(8,016,258)
General administration	25,208,029	4,422,280	634,865	(20,150,884)
Plant maintenance and operations	40,412,128	285,327	1,305,771	(38,821,030)
Security and monitoring services	7,765,391	82,333	392,419	(7,290,639)
Data processing services	10,591,797	61,103	428,688	(10,102,006)
Community services	1,865,917	22,886	1,318,581	(524,450)
Interest and fiscal charges	25,849,923		1,008,889	(24,841,034)
Fiscal agent/shared services arrangement	66,584		71,565	4,981
Alternative education	82,800			(82,800)
Payments to tax increment fund	1,061,489			(1,061,489)
Other intergovernmental charges	1,506,040			(1,506,040)
Total governmental activities	\$460,057,678	\$10,493,521	\$117,182,744	(332,381,413)
General revenues: Taxes:				
Property taxes - maintenar	nce & operations			140,010,682
Property taxes - debt servi	ce			65,272,013
State aid - formula grants				148,074,288
Grants and contributions not	restricted to specific p	orograms		11,169,164
Investment earnings		_		369,840
Miscellaneous				2,184,089
Total general revenues				367,080,076
Change in net position				34,698,663
Net Position - beginning				(42,327,538)
Net Position - ending				(\$7,628,875)

BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2022

ASSETS_	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	ESSER III	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Cash	\$3,646,516	Ф <b>72</b> 700 (21		\$1,199,639	\$4,846,155
Temporary investments Receivables:	93,001,331	\$72,790,631		16,733,335	182,525,297
Property taxes	9,788,242	4,257,961			14,046,203
Allowance for uncollectible taxes	(3,755,300)	(1,489,300)			(5,244,600)
Due from governmental agencies	24,628,637		\$13,781,311	16,468,198	54,878,146
Interfund receivables	19,385,135	97,039		4,080,015	23,562,189
Accrued interest and other receivables	218,033			106,701	324,734
Inventories, at cost	4,999,357			103,274	5,102,631
Prepaid items	3,539,653			234,450	3,774,103
TOTAL ASSETS	\$155,451,604	\$75,656,331	\$13,781,311	\$38,925,612	\$283,814,858
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$3,928,165		\$860,907	\$2,729,001	\$7,518,073
Accounts payable Accrued salaries and expenditures	28,216,977		3,747,785	4,663,187	36,627,949
Interfund payables	4,026,371		9,172,619	11,580,941	24,779,931
Due to state and others	55,665	\$33,745	3,172,013	11,500,511	89,410
Workers Compensation claims payable	1,116,877	****			1,116,877
Unearned revenue	2,381			662,506	664,887
Total Liabilities	37,346,436	33,745	13,781,311	19,635,635	70,797,127
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable revenue-property taxes	5,583,212	2,472,762			8,055,974
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	5,583,212	2,472,762			8,055,974
<u>FUND BALANCES</u>					
Non-spendable:	4 000 257			102 274	5 102 (21
Inventory Prepaid items	4,999,357			103,274	5,102,631
Restricted:	3,539,653			234,450	3,774,103
Grant funds				9,280,159	9,280,159
Capital projects				6,337,444	6,337,444
Debt service		73,149,824		-,,	73,149,824
Committed:					
School activity funds				1,183,693	1,183,693
Strategic compensation	5,000,000				5,000,000
Assigned:	40 =0.5 ==0				10.010-
Other	40,796,750			2,150,957	42,947,707
Unassigned	58,186,196				58,186,196
Total Fund Balances	112,521,956	73,149,824		19,289,977	204,961,757
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS,					
AND FUND BALANCES	\$155,451,604	\$75,656,331	\$13,781,311	\$38,925,612	\$283,814,858

Exhibit B-2

# RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2022

\$204,961,757

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit A-1) are different because:

· Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds.

757,717,550

· Property taxes receivable, which will be collected subsequent to year-end, but are not available soon enough to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred at the fund level.

8,055,974

· Deferred charge on refunding

12,481,373

· Deferred outflows relating to pension activities

32,904,676

· Deferred outflows relating to OPEB activities

27,818,324

· Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long term liabilities at year-end consist of:

Bonds payable	(\$636,135,000)
Premiums on bond issuance	(83,012,782)
Leases	(534,315)
Accrued compensated absences	(1,490,165)
Workers' compensation claims	(324,255)
Accrued interest on bonds	(10,962,052)
Net pension liability	(55,124,661)
Net OPEB liability	(111,880,790)

(899,464,020)

· Deferred gain on refunding

(3,657,749)

· Deferred inflows relating to pension activities

(65,566,159)

· Deferred inflows relating to OPEB activities

(82,880,601)

Total net position of governmental activities (Exhibit A-1)

(\$7,628,875)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	ESSER III	Non-Major Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES					
Local and intermediate sources	\$142,417,866	\$65,600,905		\$3,423,891	\$211,442,662
State program revenues	165,436,615	1,008,889		5,243,483	171,688,987
Federal program revenues	11,169,165		\$31,443,229	60,735,502	103,347,896
Total Revenues	319,023,646	66,609,794	31,443,229	69,402,876	486,479,545
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Instruction	162,140,072		30,520,789	23,901,570	216,562,431
Instructional resources and media services	2,852,755			1,275,108	4,127,863
Curriculum and staff development	4,016,693		457,390	7,549,168	12,023,251
Instructional leadership	9,694,875		43,196	1,173,365	10,911,436
School leadership	25,187,572			682,076	25,869,648
Guidance and counseling services	14,538,695		52,290	3,106,547	17,697,532
Social work services	536,151				536,151
Health services	2,743,701		200,669	120,538	3,064,908
Student (pupil) transportation	14,926,167			347,531	15,273,698
Child nutrition services				23,679,948	23,679,948
Co-curricular activities	6,914,547			194,329	7,108,876
General administration	12,287,749			17,505	12,305,254
Plant maintenance and operations	31,396,383		240	1,085,128	32,481,751
Security and monitoring services	7,184,514			531,383	7,715,897
Data processing services	7,223,244		98,405	813,907	8,135,556
Community services	620,916		70,250	1,124,791	1,815,957
Debt Service:	,		, -,	-,,	-,,
Principal on long-term debt	413,911	34,930,000			35,343,911
Interest on long-term debt	37,031	30,356,118			30,393,149
Bond issuance costs and fees	37,031	1,932,175			1,932,175
Capital Outlay:		1,502,170			1,552,175
Facilities acquisition and construction	256,896			4,341,900	4,598,796
Intergovernmental Charges:	230,070			1,5 11,500	1,570,770
Fiscal agent/shared services arrangement				66,584	66,584
Alternative education	82,800			00,504	82,800
Payments to tax increment fund	1,061,489				1,061,489
Other intergovernmental charges	1,506,040				1,506,040
Total Expenditures	305,622,201	67,218,293	31,443,229	70,011,378	474,295,101
Total Expenditures	303,022,201	07,218,293	31,443,229	70,011,378	4/4,293,101
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
(under) expenditures	13,401,445	(608,499)		(608,502)	12,184,444
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Refunding bonds issued		35,590,000			35,590,000
Sale of property	304,518	33,390,000			304,518
Transfers in	304,318			43,802	,
		2.461.275		43,802	43,802
Premium from refunding bonds issued	(2.750.217)	2,461,375			2,461,375
Transfers out	(3,758,317)	(27.570.666)			(3,758,317)
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	(2.452.700)	(37,578,666)		42.002	(37,578,666)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(3,453,799)	472,709		43,802	(2,937,288)
Net change in fund balances	9,947,646	(135,790)		(564,700)	9,247,156
FUND BALANCES, JULY 1	102,574,310	73,285,614		19,854,677	195,714,601
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30	\$112,521,956	\$73,149,824		\$19,289,977	\$204,961,757

#### SPRING INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT Exhibit B-4 RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 \$9,247,156 Net change in fund balances-total governmental funds (Exhibit B-3) Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net activities (Exhibit A-2) are different because: · Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays of \$5.891,874 were exceeded by depreciation of \$32,400,099 in the current period. (26,508,225)· Loss on the disposal of a capital asset (33,832)Property taxes receivable which will be collected subsequent to year-end, but are not available soon enough to pay for current period expenditures are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds. (636,311)· Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt of \$35,590,000 and premium received from issuance of \$2,461,375 are reported as other financing sources in the governmental funds. In the government-wide financial statements, proceeds are treated as an increase in long-term liabilities. (38,051,375)Payment to refunded bond escrow agent from refunding proceeds of \$37,578,666 is reported as other financing uses in governmental funds. The District's contribution to the refunding of \$1,452,500 is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds. In the government-wide financial statements, amounts paid to refunded 39,031,166 bond escrow agent are treated as a decrease in long-term liabilites. · Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. 34,930,000 Interest on long-term debt in the statement of activities differs from the amounts reported in the governmental funds because interest is recognized as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due. The decrease in interest reported in the statement of activities consists of the following: Accrued interest on bonds payable decreased 929,581 Amortization of bond premium 4,913,541 Amortization of deferred gain on refunding 550,557 Amortization of deferred charge on refunding (1,405,636)4,988,043 In governmental funds, a lease arrangement is considered a source of financing with principal and related interest. But in the statement of net position, the lease obligation is reported as a liability. Repayment of lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but repayment reduces the liability in the statement of net position. During the year additions to the lease are \$85,984 and reductions are \$413,911. A prior year lease of \$34,858 362,785 was included in the restated beginning balance. The net decrease in accrued compensated absences is reported in the statement of activities but is not reported in the governmental funds. 14,310 · The net decrease in the long-term portion of workers' compensation claims payable is reported in the statement of activities but is not reported at the fund level. 5,088 · Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

and these are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:

Change in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit A-2)

Pension and OPEB expense for the pension plan measurement year

11,349,858

\$34,698,663

Exhibit B-5

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2022

	Governmental
	Activities
	Internal
	Service
	Fund
<u>ASSETS</u>	
Current:	
Interfund receivables	\$1,217,742
Prepaid expenses	70,101
Total Assets	1,287,843
<u>LIABILITIES</u>	
Current:	
Accounts payable	21,675
Claims payable	1,266,168
Total Liabilities	1,287,843
NET POSITION	
Unrestricted Net Position	
Total Net Position	\$

Exhibit B-6

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,2022

	Governmental
	Activities
	Internal
	Service
	Fund
Operating Revenues:	
Employer contributions	\$4,808,461
Employee contributions	4,175,559
Total Operating Revenues	8,984,020
Operating Expenses:	
Claims	10,556,902
Insurance premiums	690,048
Administrative fees	1,451,585
Total Operating Expenses	12,698,535
Operating Income (Loss)	(3,714,515)
Transfers-In	3,714,515
Tansiers-in	3,717,313
Change in Net Position	
Net Position, July 1	
Net Position, June 30	\$

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,2022

<b>Exhibit</b>	B-7
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	Governmental
	Activities Internal
	Service
	Fund
Cash Flow From Operating Activities:	
Cash received from premiums	\$9,025,359
Cash received from rebates	106,372
Cash paid for claims	(9,438,444)
Cash paid for administrative costs	(1,429,911)
Cash paid for stop/loss premium	(760,149)
Net Cash Provided by (Used In) Operating Activities	(2,496,773)
Cash Flow From Noncapital Financing Activities:	
Transfers from other funds	2,496,773
Transfers from other funds	2,490,773
Net Cash Provided by (Used In) Noncapital Financing Activities	2,496,773
Cook July 1	
Cash, July 1	
	<u> </u>
Cash, June 30	\$
	\$
	\$
Cash, June 30	\$
Cash, June 30  Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash	\$ (\$3,714,515)
Cash, June 30  Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	
Cash, June 30  Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities  Operating Income (Loss)	
Cash, June 30  Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities  Operating Income (Loss)  Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to Net Cash provided by (used in) Operating Activities:	(\$3,714,515)
Cash, June 30  Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities  Operating Income (Loss)  Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to Net Cash provided by (used in) Operating Activities: Increase (decrease) in accrued payables	(\$3,714,515) 21,675
Cash, June 30  Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities  Operating Income (Loss)  Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to Net Cash provided by (used in) Operating Activities:	(\$3,714,515)
Cash, June 30  Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities  Operating Income (Loss)  Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to Net Cash provided by (used in) Operating Activities: Increase (decrease) in accrued payables Increase (decrease) in claims payables Increase (decrease) in prepaid expenses	(\$3,714,515) 21,675 1,266,168 (70,101)
Cash, June 30  Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities  Operating Income (Loss)  Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to Net Cash provided by (used in) Operating Activities: Increase (decrease) in accrued payables Increase (decrease) in claims payables	(\$3,714,515) 21,675 1,266,168

### STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

June 30, 2022

	Custodial Fund
<u>ASSETS</u>	
Cash	\$223,497
Total Assets	\$223,497
<u>LIABILITIES</u>	
Due to state and others	\$38,863
Due to student groups	73,545
Total Liabilities	\$112,408
NET POSITION	
Restricted for Student Activities	\$111,089
Total Net Position	\$111,089

\$111,089

#### STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Net position - ending

	Custodial Fund
Additions Student Activities Fundraiser Collections	\$854,556
Deductions Student Activities	877,444
Change in fiduciary net position	(22,888)
Net position - beginning	133,977

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#### **Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

#### A. Reporting Entity

The Spring Independent School District (the District) Board of Trustees (the Board) is a seven-member group, which has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public school education within the District. Because members of the Board are elected by the public; have authority to make decisions; appoint management and significantly influence operations; and have primary accountability for fiscal matters; the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus; an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34.* The District is not financially accountable for any other organizations; therefore, no component units are included within the reporting entity.

The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of these funding source entities.

#### **B.** Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Direct expenses are not eliminated from the various functional categories. Interfund services that are provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: (1) charges to students or users who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and (2) operating grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. The District has no business-type activities that rely, to a significant extent, on fees and charges for support.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, fiduciary funds, and internal service funds. The fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The fiduciary fund financial statements reflect the District's custodial fund. The custodial fund

reports the student and district activity funds and uses the economic resources focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The internal service fund financial statements are reported on the same basis as the government-wide statements. The District implemented the internal service fund type to report activities for its self-funded healthcare. Internal Service funds are established to account for the activity that provides goods or services to other funds of the primary government and should only be used when the reporting government is the predominant participant in the activity.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the fiscal year-end. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, revenues received from the State of Texas, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal year. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The accounting policies of the District comply with the rules prescribed in the *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide* by the Texas Education Agency (TEA). These accounting policies conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to governments.

The District's accounting system is organized and operated on the basis of funds, each of which is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The District's resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The individual funds are grouped into two basic fund categories and are briefly described below.

<u>Governmental Funds</u> - Those through which most governmental functions of the District are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the District's expendable financial resources and the related liabilities are accounted for through the Governmental Fund Types.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

- General Fund The General Fund is the District's general operating fund and accounts for all financial transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources within the General Fund include local property taxes, state funding under the Foundation School Program, and federal source revenues not accounted for in Special Revenue Funds. Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operations of the schools except for specific programs funded by certain local, state and federal sources, capital projects, and debt service.
- Debt Service Fund This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment
  of principal, interest, and related costs of general obligation bonds. The primary revenue
  sources are local property taxes levied specifically for debt service and state funding under the

Existing Debt Allotment. These financial resources are restricted for debt service.

• Elementary & Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund (ESSER III) – This fund accounts for the federal stimulus funds granted to the local education agencies through the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 (ARP) to support the District's instruction and operations in addressing the impact of the coronavirus pandemic on students.

The District reports the following non-major governmental funds:

- Special Revenue Funds These funds account for the District's Child Nutrition Fund, School
  Activity Funds, state funding of the instructional materials allotment and all non-major federal,
  state, and locally funded grants. These grants are awarded to the District with the purpose of
  accomplishing specific educational tasks as defined in the grant awards. The proceeds of these
  specific revenue sources are restricted or committed.
- Capital Projects Fund This fund accounts for the proceeds of bond sales and other financial
  resources to be used for capital outlays, including the purchase of school sites, construction
  and renovation of school facilities, and the purchase of school buses and other capital assets.
  The financial resources from bond proceeds in this fund are restricted, whereas the proceeds
  from other financial resources are committed or assigned.

Additionally, the District reports the following funds:

<u>Fiduciary Fund</u> - Used to account for amounts held by the District in a trustee capacity. This fund is accounted for on an accrual basis.

Custodial Fund - This fund is to account for resources held in a custodial capacity by the
District. This fund accounts for the District's Student Activity Funds, which collect monies
through the fund-raising efforts of the individual schools or school-sponsored groups. The
school principals are responsible, under the authority of the Board, for collecting, controlling,
disbursing and accounting for all student activity funds.

<u>Proprietary Fund</u> – Used to account for amounts collected and paid for the provision of services or goods by a reporting entity. This fund is accounted for on an accrual basis.

• Internal Service Fund – This fund is to account for the activity for the District's self-funded medical insurance. It accounts for the collection of the District's and employee contributions to the premiums and the payment of claims and other related costs.

# D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

#### **Deposits and Investments**

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Investments are reported at fair value, which is the amount at which the investment can be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties.

The District categorizes fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy

established by generally accepted accounting principles. The net increase or decrease in the fair value of investments is netted with investment income in local sources or revenue. Investments are generally held to maturity. The District's local government investment pools are recorded at amortized costs as permitted by GASB Statement No. 79 Certain Investment Pools and Pool Participants.

#### Receivables and Payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "advances to/from other funds." All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "interfund receivables/payables."

Property taxes receivable include unpaid property taxes at year-end along with penalties and interest assessed on these unpaid taxes, net of an allowance for uncollectible taxes.

The appraisal of property within the District is the responsibility of the Harris County Appraisal District (HCAD), an independent governmental unit with a board of directors appointed by the taxing jurisdictions within the county and funded from assessments against those taxing jurisdictions. On January 1 of each year an enforceable lien is placed on all real property within the District to secure collection of property taxes. Property taxes for a fiscal year are levied based on HCAD appraised values on approximately October 1 and are due by the following January 31. Unpaid taxes become delinquent on February 1.

The tax rates applicable to general governmental services and debt service for 2021-2022 were \$0.90280 and \$0.41000, respectively, based on a taxable value of \$16,227,963,611. Uncollected taxes are recorded as unavailable revenue in the fund financial statement net of the related allowance for uncollectible taxes. The resulting net taxes receivable is stated at the amount estimated to be collectible based upon the District's collection experience. The allowance for uncollectible property taxes is equal to 37.34% of outstanding property taxes at June 30, 2022.

Refunds to taxpayers result when property taxes are reduced subsequent to being levied due to a reduction of appraised value resulting from a taxpayer lawsuit filed against HCAD, the correction of tax roll errors, or overpayments made by taxpayers.

#### Inventories

Under the District's system of accounting for inventories, materials and supplies are charged to an inventory account on the basis of the weighted average invoice cost, and are subsequently recognized as expenditures when used or consumed (consumption method) rather than when purchased. Inventories include custodial, maintenance, office and instructional supplies, gasoline, and food consumables. Child Nutrition commodity inventory is recorded at fair market value on the date received. Revenue is recognized at fair market value when commodities are distributed to the schools.

General Fund inventory is categorized as a non-spendable portion of fund balance to indicate that the assets are not available financial resources. Child Nutrition's inventory consists primarily of food items that will be available for sale, and therefore its inventory is included in non-spendable fund balance.

#### **Prepaid Items**

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements using the consumption method of accounting. Prepaid items are categorized as non-spendable portions of fund balance to indicate that the assets are not available financial resources.

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets which include land, construction-in-progress, buildings and improvements, and furniture and equipment are reported in the applicable governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life of greater than one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are recorded at fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. When assets are retired or otherwise disposed of, the related costs or other recorded amounts are removed.

Buildings and improvements and furniture and equipment and are depreciated using the straightline method over the following estimated useful lives:

<b>A</b>	Useful Life
Assets	(Years)
Buildings and improvements	20 - 40
Automotive equipment	
Buses	15
Other	10
Furniture and equipment	5 - 20
Software	5 - 10

Land and construction-in-progress are not depreciated.

#### Right to Use Assets

The District has entered lease agreements for copiers and other equipment. The terms of these leases have granted the District the economic benefits of the use of these items for the duration of each lease term. The District has determined that a right to use asset will result from a leasing arrangement with an initial present value of the future minimum payments of \$5,000 or more and the leasing arrangement exceeds one year. The leases are amortized using the straight-line method over the term of each lease.

#### Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources are reported in the Statement of Net Position as

#### described below:

A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of a government's net assets (a decrease in assets in excess of any related decrease in liabilities or an increase in liabilities in excess of any related increase in assets) by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. The District has three items that qualify for reporting in this category:

- Deferred outflows of resources for refunding Reported in the government-wide financial Statement of Net Position, this deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.
- Deferred outflows of resources for pension Reported in the government-wide financial Statement of Net Position, this deferred outflow could result from pension plan contributions made after the measurement date of the net pension liability and the results of (1) differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments; (2) changes in actuarial assumptions; (3) differences between expected and actual actuarial experiences and (4) changes in the District's proportional share of pension liabilities. The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the next fiscal year. If reported, deferred outflows resulting from differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments will be amortized over a closed five-year period. The remaining pension related deferred outflows will be amortized over the expected remaining service lives of all employees (active and inactive employees) that are provided with pensions through the pension plan.
- Deferred outflows of resources for other post-employment benefits (OPEB) Reported in the government-wide financial Statement of Net Position, this deferred outflow could result from OPEB plan contributions made after the measurement date of the net OPEB liability and the results of (1) differences between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments; (2) changes in actuarial assumptions; (3) differences between expected and actual actuarial experiences and (4) changes in the District's proportional share of OPEB liabilities. The deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the next fiscal year. If reported, deferred outflows resulting from differences between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments will be amortized over a closed five-year period. The remaining OPEB related deferred outflows will be amortized over the expected remaining service lives of all employees (active and inactive employees) that are provided with OPEB benefits through the OPEB plan.

A deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of a government's net assets (an increase in assets in excess of any related increase in liabilities or a decrease in liabilities in excess of any related decrease in assets) by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. The District has four items that qualify for reporting in this category:

Deferred inflows of resources for unavailable revenues - Reported only in the governmental
funds balance sheet, unavailable revenues from property taxes and other sources that arise
under the modified accrual basis of accounting. These amounts are deferred and recognized as
an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

- Deferred inflows of resources for refunding Reported in the government-wide financial Statement of Net Position, this deferred gain on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.
- Deferred inflows of resources for pension Reported in the government-wide financial Statement of Net Position, this deferred inflow could result from (1) differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments; (2) changes in actuarial assumptions; (3) differences between expected and actual actuarial experiences and (4) changes in the District's proportional share of pension liabilities. If reported, deferred inflows resulting from differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments will be amortized over a closed five-year period. The remaining pension related deferred inflows will be amortized over the expected remaining service lives of all employees (active and inactive employees) that are provided with pensions through the pension plan.
- Deferred inflows of resources for OPEB Reported in the government-wide financial Statement of Net Position, this deferred inflow could result from (1) differences between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments; (2) changes in actuarial assumptions; (3) differences between expected and actual actuarial experiences and (4) changes in the District's proportional share of OPEB liabilities. If reported, deferred inflows resulting from differences between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments will be amortized over a closed five-year period. The remaining OPEB related deferred inflows will be amortized over the expected remaining service lives of all employees (active and inactive employees) that are provided with OPEB benefits through the OPEB plan.

#### **Pensions**

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

#### **Compensated Absences**

District policy does not allow staff members to be compensated for accrued and unused sick leave. Full time staff members can contribute one day of sick leave annually to benefit staff members

whose own leave has been exhausted due to catastrophic illness. Twelve-month classified staff members (maintenance, warehouse and nonexempt supervisory staff members) are granted annual vacation days based on consecutive years of service. Staff members may carry no more than 60 days of accrued vacation days to the following year. Staff members are paid for accumulated unused vacation time only upon termination of employment. The estimated liability for accrued compensated absences is reported in the government-wide financial statements.

#### **Long-term Obligations**

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are recognized as an expense in the period incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### Fund Balance

The fund balance in governmental funds has been classified as follows to describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

- Non-spendable fund balance amounts that are not in spendable form or are required to be maintained intact. As such, the inventory in the General Fund and Child Nutrition and the prepaid items in the General Fund and the Capital Projects Fund have been properly classified as non-spendable in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet (Exhibit B-1).
- Restricted fund balance amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of local, state or federal laws, or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors. With the exception of School Activity Funds, the fund balances of grant funds are classified as restricted. The fund balance of the Debt Service Fund in the amount of \$73,149,824, and the fund balance of the Capital Projects Fund which is from the proceeds of bond sales of \$6,337,444 are also classified as restricted.
- Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by the District itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority (i.e. the Board of Trustees). To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purposes unless the District takes the same highest level of action to remove or change the constraint. The District establishes (and modifies or rescinds) the fund balance commitments by passage of a resolution. The District has committed the School Activity Funds balances in the amount of \$1,183,693 in the Special Revenue Funds. The District also committed \$5,000,000 in the General Fund balance for a strategic compensation plan.
- Assigned fund balance amounts the District intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the District or by an official or body to which the Board of Trustees delegates

the authority. The Board approved a resolution authorizing the Superintendent or the Chief Financial Officer to assign fund balance.

The General Fund had an assigned fund balance of \$40,796,750 which includes:

Assignment	Priority	Focus Area	Amount
Encumbrances for education	Student		
supplies and projects	Outcomes	Effective Instruction	\$796,750
The District continues to monitor and respond to the ever-changing needs of our students and staff to ensure a safe learning and working environment. Additional funds are necessary to cover unexpected expenditures as they arise as well as maintain sufficient cash flow to ensure financial stability during times of fluctuations in student enrollment and attendance as a result of the pandemic.	Student Outcomes & Equity	Effective Instruction  Equitable Practices  Equitable Resources	40,000,000
Total General Fund Assigned	Fund Balance		\$40,796,750

The Capital Projects Fund has an assigned fund balance of \$2,150,957. These are funds transferred from the General Fund to the Capital Projects Fund which are assigned for renovations, construction projects, technology improvements, and the purchase of capital assets.

Unassigned fund balance - amounts that are available for any legal expenditure. It is not
possible to report a positive amount of unassigned fund balance in a governmental fund other
than General Fund.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance) is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds.

#### **Accounting Estimates**

The preparation of the financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires management to make use of estimates and assumptions that affect amounts reported in the financial statements as well as certain disclosures. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

#### **New Accounting Pronouncements**

The following GASB Pronouncements were implemented by the District during fiscal year 2022.

GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases* was effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. This Statement requires leases to be recognized and measured using the facts and circumstances that exist at the beginning of implementation which was July 1, 2021 for the District. This Statement establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. As a lessee, the District is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset with the related amortization. The right to use value is equal to the present value of the future minimum lease payments at the time of implementation of GASB 87. Leases that existed for the District at the date of implementation were remeasured for their beginning balances.

GASB Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32. It was issued in June 2020, but the requirements in (1) paragraph 4 of this Statement as it applies to defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution OPEB plans, and other employee benefit plans and (2) paragraph 5 of this Statement are effective immediately. The requirements in paragraphs 6–9 of this Statement that are related to the accounting and financial reporting for section 457 plans are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021.

- Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations
- Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements
- Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period
- Statement No. 90, Majority Equity Interests
- Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates
- Statement No. 98, The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

The following GASB pronouncements have been issued but have not yet been implemented by the District:

GASB Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships (PPP) and Availability Payment Arrangements (APA)*. This statement was issued in March 2020 and provides guidance on the financial reporting for public-private, public-public partnership arrangements and availability payment arrangements. These type of arrangements result when a government contracts with an operator to provide public services by conveying control of the right to operate or use a nonfinancial asset, such as infrastructure or other capital asset, for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction (PPP) or when a government compensates an operator for services that may include designing, constructing, financing, maintaining, or operating an

underlying nonfinancial asset for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction (APA). This statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. This statement was issued in May 2020 and provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended. This statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022, and all reporting periods thereafter. Implementation of this Statement is planned for fiscal year 2023.

#### Note 2 – Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

#### **Budgetary Information**

Each school district in Texas is required by law to prepare annually a budget of anticipated revenues and expenditures for the General Fund, Child Nutrition Fund and Debt Service Fund for the fiscal year beginning September 1 (or July 1, if the District has elected to change the start of the fiscal year). The Texas Education Code requires the budget to be prepared not later than August 20 (June 19 for a fiscal year start date of July 1) and adopted by August 31 (June 30 for a fiscal year start date of July 1) of each year. The District's administration determines budgetary funding priorities using a modified zero-based budgeting concept, which is consistent with GAAP. Final budget allocations are determined by the Board, which subsequently establishes a tax rate sufficient to support the approved budget. The annual budget, which is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting, must be adopted by the Board at a scheduled meeting after giving ten days public notice of the meeting. The District annually adopts a legally authorized appropriated budget for the General Fund, Child Nutrition Fund, and Debt Service Fund.

The District's administration performs budget reviews three times a year by which budget requirements are re-evaluated and revisions recommended to the Board. The Board approves amendments to the budget, which are required when a change is made to any one of the functional expenditure categories defined by the TEA. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations, as amended, at the function level by fund. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year-end.

#### Encumbrances

The District utilizes encumbrance accounting in its governmental funds. Encumbrances represent commitments related to contracts not yet performed (executory contracts), and are used to control expenditures for the year and to enhance cash management. The District often issues purchase orders or signs contracts for the purchase of goods and services to be received in the future. At the time these commitments are made, which in its simplest form means that when a purchase order is prepared, the appropriate account is checked for available funds. If an adequate balance exists, the amount of the order is immediately charged to the account to reduce the available balance for control purposes. The encumbrance account does not represent an expenditure for the period, only a commitment to expend resources.

Prior to the end of the year, every effort is made to liquidate outstanding encumbrances. When encumbrances are outstanding at the fiscal year end, the District likely will honor the open purchase orders or contracts that support the encumbrances. For reporting purposes, as noted earlier, outstanding encumbrances are not considered expenditures for the fiscal year. If the District allows encumbrances to lapse, even though it plans to honor the encumbrances, the appropriations authority expires and the items represented by the encumbrances are usually reappropriated in the following year's budget. Outstanding encumbrances at fiscal year-end are included in restricted, committed or assigned fund balance as appropriate. At June 30, 2022, the amount of encumbrances expected to be honored upon performance by the vendor in the next year were as follows:

General Fund	\$796,750
ESSER III	5,635,584
Non-Major Governmental Funds	5,823,744
Total	\$12,256,078

#### **Note 3 - Cash and Investments**

The District's banking and investment policies are in accordance with laws and regulations of the Public Funds Investment Act (the Act), State of Texas and the TEA. The Act and policies mandated by the District's Board authorize the District to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury or the State of Texas, certain U.S. Agencies, certificates of deposit, money market savings accounts, repurchase agreements, commercial paper, and public funds investment pools.

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract pursuant to the School Depository Act. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust, approved pledged collateral in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved collateral is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance.

#### Cash

At year-end, the carrying amount of the District's cash on deposit was \$5,069,652 and the bank balance was \$6,753,636. The depository cash balances were covered by FDIC insurance and by collateral held by the District's agents in the District's name.

The District's depository cash balances were properly collateralized at all times during the year.

#### Investments

As of June 30, 2022, the District's investments consisted of balances held by Texas Local Government Investment Pool (TexPool), TexasTERM Local Government Investment Pool (TexasTERM), and PNC Bank Money Market accounts.

TexPool is a public funds investment pool created by the Texas Treasury Safekeeping Trust Company (the Trust Company) to provide a safe environment for the placement of local government funds. The portfolio consists of U.S. Treasury and government agency securities,

repurchase agreements, certain mutual funds, collateralized repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements, no-load money market mutual funds regulated by the Securities and Exchange Commission and rated AAA or equivalent by at least one nationally recognized statistical rating organization, securities lending programs, and certificates of deposit. TexPool is overseen by the State Comptroller of Public Accounts and administered by Federated Hermes, Inc. The State Street Bank is the custodial bank. TexPool follows chapter 2256 of the Texas Public Funds Investment Act. TexPool uses amortized cost rather than fair value to report net assets to compute share prices. The fair value of the position in TexPool is the same as the value of TexPool shares. Accordingly, the District's investments in TexPool are stated at amortized cost, which approximates fair value.

TexasTERM is a public funds investment pool created by and for Texas local governments to provide investment options with safety, flexibility, and competitive yields. PFM Asset Management, LLC acts as the investment advisor of the pool. The pool consists of the TexasDAILY Program, which is a money market portfolio with daily liquidity, whose investment objective is to produce the highest income consistent with preserving principal and maintaining liquidity, and to maintain a stable \$1.00 net asset value (NAV). TexasDAILY has received a rating of AAAmmmf from Fitch Ratings. GASB Statement No. 31 allows that the value at maturity and fair value to be the same for investment positions that mature within one year of the purchase date of the position. Therefore, TexasTERM's fair value and the value at maturity for the District's investment are the same.

PNC Bank offers a Public Funds Money Market Account that has a competitive yield. Money Market accounts are a type of savings account that usually pay a higher interest rate. These funds are considered liquid; however, the account has a limit of six electronic withdrawals per month. Withdrawals are governed by law, and if exceeded, could result in the bank reclassifying the account. PNC Bank Money Market accounts are pledged by FDIC Insurance and the approved collateral.

As noted in the District's Significant Accounting Policies, the District reports its local government investment pools at amortized cost as permitted by GASB Statement No. 79 *Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants*. In addition, both TexPool and TexasDAILY do not have any limitations and restrictions on withdrawals such as notice periods or maximum transaction amounts. Both pools do not impose any liquidity fees or redemption gates.

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application* provides a framework for measuring fair value which establishes the following three-level fair value hierarchy that describes the inputs that are used to measure assets and liabilities:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that a government can access at the measurement date.
- Level 2 inputs are inputs-other than quoted prices included within Level 1-that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for an asset or liability.

The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to Level 1 inputs and the lowest priority to Level 3 inputs. If a price for an identical asset or liability is not observable, a government should measure fair value using another valuation technique that maximizes the use of relevant observable inputs

and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs. If the fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using inputs from more than one level of the fair value hierarchy, the measurement is considered to be based on the lowest priority level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

The District's Money Market is reported at fair value using Level 2 inputs. The fair value measurements are based on quoted market prices using matrix pricing technique by the pricing source that values securities based on their relationship to benchmark quoted prices (Level 2 inputs). The District does not have any investments that are measured using Level 1 or 3 inputs.

At June 30, 2022, the fair value, credit rating, percentage of investments, and weighted average maturity of the District's investments are summarized as follows:

			Percentage	
	Fair	Credit	of	Weighted Average
	Value	Rating	Investments	Maturity (Days)
Temporary Investments:				
Money Market	\$34	n/a	0.00%	1
TexPool	122,854,748	AAAm	67.31%	23
TexPool Prime	44,605,434	AAAm	24.44%	18
TexasDAILY	15,065,080	AAAmmf	8.25%	21
Total	\$182,525,296	_	100.00%	
		=		
Portfolio weighted average m	aturity			22

Although TexPool and TexasDAILY have a weighted average maturity greater than one, the funds are available to the District within one day.

#### Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counter party to a deposit or investment transaction will not fulfill its obligations. This is not to be confused with market risk, which is the risk that the fair value of an investment, collateral protecting a deposit, or securities underlying a repurchase agreement, will decline. Market risk is not depicted in this note.

State law and the District's investment policy limits investments in all categories to top ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations.

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

The District has no specific policy relating to the credit risk of investments. However, the District's investment policy requires that the investment portfolio be diversified to avoid incurring undue concentration in securities of one type at one financial institution, so that no single investment or class of investments can have a disproportionate impact on the total portfolio. This restriction does not apply to U.S. Treasury Securities or investment pools.

#### Interest Rate Risk

As a means of minimizing risk of loss due to interest rate fluctuations, the District requires that the total portfolio's weighted average maturity is less than 365 days. The District's Investment Policy also limits that no investment shall have an original stated maturity greater than two or three years depending on the instrument. The District also ensures diversification and holds investment instruments until maturity.

#### Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g. broker dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The District's policy requires that a third party custodian or a bank trust department hold all securities owned by the District.

#### Adjustment to Investments' Fair Value

The District's portfolio value fluctuates in an inverse relationship to any change in interest rate. Accordingly, if interest rates have risen, the portfolio value will have declined. If interest rates have fallen, the portfolio value will have risen. Fair values of commercial paper are based on quoted market prices. The investments are reported by the District at fair value in accordance with GAAP. The District had no gains or losses from the sale of securities because they were held to maturity. All securities are quoted at fair value including accrued interest.

The total investment income was \$369,840.

#### Note 4 - Receivables

Receivables as of June 30, 2022, for the District's individual major funds and non-major funds in the aggregate, including applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts are as follows:

		Debt		Non-Major Other	
	General	Service	ESSER	Governmental	
	Fund	Fund	III	Funds	Total
Property taxes	\$9,788,242	\$4,257,961			\$14,046,203
Due from state	24,573,021		\$13,781,311	\$16,466,454	54,820,786
Due from other					
governments	55,616			1,744	57,360
Accrued interest					
Miscellaneous					
receivables	218,033			106,701	324,734
Gross receivables	34,634,912	4,257,961	13,781,311	16,574,899	69,249,083
Less allowance					
for uncollectibles	(3,755,300)	(1,489,300)			(5,244,600)
Total net receivables	\$30,879,612	\$2,768,661	\$13,781,311	\$16,574,899	\$64,004,483

**Note 5 - Capital Assets** 

A summary of changes in capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 is as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2021 Restated*	Additions	(D -ti	Transfers	Balance
0 2 1 4 - 41 2 - 1 2 4 1	Restated	Additions	(Retirements)	Transfers	June 30, 2022
Capital assets, not being depreciated:	Φ <b>7</b> 0 04 <b>7</b> 506				070 047 FOC
Land	\$79,847,596				\$79,847,596
Construction-in progress	17,405,314	\$190,906		(\$17,341,277)	254,943
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	97,252,910	190,906		(17,341,277)	80,102,539
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings and improvements	1,014,816,303			3,686,684	1,018,502,987
Vehicles	35,960,531	837,369	(1,448,028)		35,349,872
Furniture and equipment	94,630,004	4,777,614	(40,812,368)	13,654,593	72,249,843
Right-to-use leased equipment	1,107,399	85,985	, , ,		1,193,384
Total capital assets, being depreciated	1,146,514,237	5,700,968	(42,260,396)	17,341,277	1,127,296,086
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings and improvements	(357,448,348)	(25,128,803)			(382,577,151)
Vehicles	(22,312,939)	(1,914,617)	1,418,151		(22,809,405)
Furniture and equipment	(79,561,000)	(4,904,463)	40,808,413		(43,657,050)
Right-to-use leased equipment	(185,253)	(452,216)			(637,469)
Total accumulated depreciation	(459,507,540)	(32,400,099)	42,226,564		(449,681,075)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$784,259,607	(\$26,508,225)	(\$33,832)		\$757,717,550

<sup>\*</sup>Due to the implementation of GASB 87 the beginning balance for the right to use lease equipment was restated for the measurement year of fiscal year 2022 with no change in net position.

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the governmental activities as follows:

Instruction	\$11,681,881
Instructional resources and media services	636,126
Curriculum and staff development	7,202
Instructional leadership	598,599
School leadership	547,598
Guidance and counseling services	96,303
Health services	89,568
Student (pupil) transportation	1,800,386
Child nutrition services	2,114,154
Co-curricular activities	2,096,872
General administration	614,083
Plant maintenance and operations	8,025,987
Security and monitoring services	753,522
Data processing services	3,250,401
Community services	87,417
Total	\$32,400,099

At June 30, 2022 the District has ongoing construction projects where the active commitments with contractors are as follows:

	Construction in	Remaining
	Progress	Commitments
Anderson Leadership Traffic Signal and Parking	\$22,015	\$75,404
Special Education Department move to North Forest	44,270	23,589
Wells Middle School Chiller	24,990	810,504
Family Storefront - Anderson Leadership Renovation	17,040	8,202
District-wide Emergency Radio	10,000	3,000
Westfield HS PAC Renovation	83,483	196,893
Twin Creeks Middle School Bleachers	8,000	211,509
District Network Communication Center	42,712	1,368
Rebuild of Data Center-Network Operations Fire Suppression	2,433	58,839
Total	\$254,943	\$1,389,308

#### Leases

As defined by GASB 87, leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. The District had leases for copiers and other equipment during the fiscal year 2022.

Right to Use Assets by Asset Class Year ended June 30, 2022

## Copiers

In the fiscal year 2022, The District leased 204 copiers as right to use assets. Principal and interest payments on these assets at June 30, 2022, are summarized as follows:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$298,705	\$16,151	\$314,856
2024	138,583	3,507	142,090
2025	18,352	389	18,741
2026	1,219	12	1,231
	\$456,859	\$20,059	\$476,918

### Other Equipment

In fiscal year 2022, the District leased a postage machine and printer. Principal and interest payments on these assets at June 30, 2022, are summarized as follows:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$27,274	\$1,458	\$28,732
2024	28,000	731	28,731
2025	22,182	58	22,240
	\$77,456	\$2,247	\$79,703
•			

### Note 6 - Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances in the fund financial statements as of June 30, 2022, was as follows:

	Receivable	Payable
General Fund	\$19,385,135	\$4,026,371
Debt Service Fund	97,039	
ESSER III		9,172,619
Non-Major Other Governmental Funds	4,080,015	11,580,941
Internal Service Fund	1,217,742	
Total	\$24,779,931	\$24,779,931

All interfund balances are routine in nature, used to pay back funds as necessary, and are expected to be repaid within one year. Most of the amounts represent short-term borrowing between funds for operating expense payments.

Interfund transfers are defined as "flows of assets without equivalent flow of assets in return and without requirement for repayment". The following is a summary of the District's transfers for the year ended June 30, 2022:

Transfer Out	Transfer In	Amount
General Fund	Child Nutrition Fund	\$43,802
General Fund	Internal Service Fund	3,714,515
		\$3,758,317

The transfer from the General Fund to the Child Nutrition Fund was for income surveys and unpaid student lunch charges. The transfer from the General Fund to the self-funded medical insurance fund was due to an operating loss sustained by the fund.

#### Note 7 - Deferred Inflows of Resources and Unearned Revenue

Governmental funds report deferred inflows of resources in connection with receivables for revenues that are considered to be unavailable to liquidate liabilities in the current period. Revenue recognition in governmental funds does not occur until resources that have been received in advance are earned.

The following is a summary of deferred inflows of resources and unearned revenue by fund at June 30, 2022:

	Unavailable Revenue	Unearned Revenue
Deferred Inflows of Resources:		
General Fund - Property Taxes	\$5,583,212	
Debt Service Fund - Property Taxes	2,472,762	
Unearned Revenue:		
General Fund - Advance Funding		\$2,381
Non-Major Other Governmental Funds - Advance Funding		662,506
Total	\$8,055,974	\$664,887

### **Note 8 - Long-Term Liabilities**

The District's long-term liabilities consist of bond indebtedness, capital leases, accrued compensated absences, and workers' compensation liability. Bonds are payable solely from future revenues of the Debt Service Fund which consist principally of property taxes collected by the District, state funding, and investment income. Lease obligations are payable from the General Fund. The same governmental funds used to pay the employee's salary are used to liquidate the liability for accrued compensated absences. These funds have included the General Fund and the Child Nutrition Fund. Workers' compensation claim liabilities are generally liquidated by the General Fund in the current and prior year.

#### Changes in Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of the long-term liability activity of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022:

	Balance				
	July 1, 2021			Balance	Due Within
	Restated*	Additions	Retirements	June 30, 2022	One Year
General obligation bonds	\$672,665,000	\$35,590,000	(\$72,120,000)	\$636,135,000	\$37,425,000
Premium from sale					
of bonds	89,654,003	2,461,375	(9,102,596)	83,012,782	
Total bonds payable	762,319,003	38,051,375	(81,222,596)	719,147,782	37,425,000
Leases	862,243	85,984	(413,911)	534,315	325,979
Accrued compensated					
absences	1,504,475	654,695	(669,005)	1,490,165	662,642
Workers' compensation					
claims	1,463,256	717,169	(739,294)	1,441,131	1,116,877
Medical insurance					
claims		10,704,612	(9,438,444)	1,266,168	1,266,168
Total long-term liabilities	\$766,148,977	\$50,213,835	(\$92,483,250)	\$723,879,561	\$40,796,666

<sup>\*</sup>Due to the implementation of GASB 87 the beginning balance for the right to use lease equipment was restated for the measurement year of fiscal year 2022 with no change in net position.

The District's net pension liability as of June 30, 2022 was \$55,124,661, which is a decrease of \$55,401,738 from the District's June 30, 2021 net pension liability of \$110,526,399. The District's net OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022 was 111,880,790, which was a increase of \$4,332,356 from the District's June 30, 2021 net OPEB liability of \$107,548,434.

#### **General Obligation Bonds**

The District issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the construction, acquisition, and equipment of school buildings, including safety, security, and technology improvements, for the purchase of necessary sites for school buildings, for the purchase of new school buses, and for refunding outstanding bonds of the District. These bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the District. These are issued as current interest bonds, term bonds, and/or serial bonds with various amounts of principal maturing each year. Certain outstanding bonds may be redeemed at their par value prior to their normal maturity dates in accordance with the terms of the related bond indentures.

General obligation bonds payable at June 30, 2022, are summarized as follows:

Date Series	Series Maturing	Interest	Original	Outstanding
Issued	Through	Rates (%)	Issuance	Balance
2013	2027	5.000	\$38,110,000	\$3,625,000
2013A	2029	5.000	33,005,000	2,270,000
2014	2030	3.250 - 5.000	76,865,000	66,750,000
2015	2033	4.000 - 5.000	136,870,000	105,470,000
2016	2034	3.500 - 5.000	80,120,000	60,815,000
2017	2042	4.000 - 5.000	198,715,000	180,715,000
2017A	2029	3.000 - 5.000	53,615,000	53,615,000
2018	2033	4.000 - 5.000	10,385,000	7,005,000
2019	2043	4.000 - 5.000	98,070,000	96,380,000
2020	2026	5.000	29,425,000	23,900,000
2021	2027	5.000	8,795,000	8,795,000
2021A	2028	.520 - 5.000	26,795,000	26,795,000
			\$790,770,000	\$636,135,000

At June 30, 2022, the District had no authorized but unissued bonds.

In July 2021, the District issued \$8,795,000 in Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2021. The proceeds from the sale of the Bonds, along with the District contribution of \$252,500, were used to promptly retire \$10,100,000 of the District's Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2012 in a current refunding. The original maturities range between 2022 and 2027.

The Series 2021 bonds were issued at a premium of \$1,475,015 with issuance costs of \$170,015. The premium is being amortized over the life of the bonds in the government-wide financial statements. The refunding reduced the District's future debt service payments by \$1,498,661 and resulted in an economic gain of \$1,449,293 (difference between the present value of the debt service payments on the old debt and the new debt). The net carrying amount of the old debt exceeded the reacquisition price by \$988,741. This amount is considered a deferred inflow of resources and is being amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt or the life of the new

debt, whichever is shorter. The net proceeds of the refunding bonds were placed in an irrevocable trust with the paying agent to be utilized for the redemption of the refunded bonds on the redemption date of August 15, 2021. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability for such bonds has been removed from the District's financial statements.

In December 2021, the District issued \$26,795,000 in Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Taxable Series 2021A. The proceeds from the sale of the Bonds, along with the District contribution of \$1,200,000, were used to promptly retire \$11,140,000 of the District's Unlimited Refunding Bonds, Series 2013, and \$15,950.000 of the Districts Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2013A.

The Series 2021A bonds were issued at a premium of \$986,360 with issuance costs of \$302,695. The premium is being amortized over the life of the bonds in the government-wide financial statements. The refunding reduced the District's future debt service payments by \$3,923,828 and resulted in an economic gain of \$3,576,513 (difference between the present value of the debt service payments on the old debt and the new debt). The net carrying amount of the old debt exceeded the reacquisition price by \$1,359,149. This amount is considered a deferred inflow of resources and is being amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter. The net proceeds of the refunding bonds were placed in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to be utilized for all future debt service payments and the redemption of the refunded bonds. Accordingly, the trust accounts and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the District's financial statements.

At June 30, 2022, the following outstanding bonds are considered defeased:

Series	Year			Outstanding
Refunded	Refunded	Maturing	Callable	Balance
2013	2021	2023-2027	8/15/2022	\$11,140,000
2013A	2021	2024-2029	2/15/2023	15,950,000
				\$27,090,000

Principal and interest payments on general obligation bonds payable at June 30, 2022, are summarized as follows:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$37,425,000	\$28,595,562	\$66,020,562
2024	36,720,000	26,771,645	63,491,645
2025	40,760,000	24,998,863	65,758,863
2026	42,600,000	23,112,234	65,712,234
2027	44,530,000	21,029,447	65,559,447
2028-2032	219,550,000	72,676,932	292,226,932
2033-2037	101,620,000	36,141,050	137,761,050
2038-2042	86,385,000	16,423,225	102,808,225
2043-2044	26,545,000	867,750	27,412,750
Total	\$636,135,000	\$250,616,708	\$886,751,708

In accordance with the provisions of Section 148 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, bonds must satisfy certain arbitrage rebate requirements. Rebatable arbitrage is the excess of the amount earned on investments purchased with bond proceeds over the amount that such investments would have earned had such investments been invested at a rate equal to the yield on the bond issue. Rebatable arbitrage must be paid to the U.S. Treasury at the end of each five- year anniversary of the bond issue and upon final redemption of all outstanding bonds of the issue. The District has estimated that it has no arbitrage liability as of June 30, 2022.

#### Note 9 - Revenues from Local and Intermediate Sources

During the current year, revenues from local and intermediate sources reported in governmental funds consisted of the following:

		Non-Major			
		Debt	Other	Total	
	General	Service	Governmental	Governmental	
	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds	
Property taxes	\$139,499,736	\$65,034,995		\$204,534,731	
Penalty & interest	950,000	434,275		1,384,275	
Tuition and fees	121,287		\$7,967	129,254	
Earnings on					
investments	205,795	131,635	32,410	369,840	
Food sales			1,169,994	1,169,994	
Other local	1,641,048		2,213,520	3,854,568	
Total	\$142,417,866	\$65,600,905	\$3,423,891	\$211,442,662	

#### Note 10 - Risk Management

### Property, Casualty and Liability Insurance

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of property; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the District carries commercial insurance. Settled claims have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the previous three fiscal years. There has not been any significant reduction in insurance coverage from that of the previous year.

#### **Health Insurance Fund**

Beginning September 2022, the District sponsored a self-funded plan to provide health care benefits to employees and their dependents. The plan was administered by a third party. The District was protected against catastrophic individual or aggregate loss through stop-loss coverage carried through an insurance carrier.

Premiums are paid into an internal service fund and are available to pay claims and administrative costs of the program. These interfund premiums are reported as revenues in the internal service fund.

Estimates of claims payable and of claims incurred but not reported as of June 30, 2022, are reflected as claims payable of the fund. These estimates were determined based on claims information supplied by the claims administrator. The plan is funded to discharge liabilities as they become due.

The following is a summary of the changes in the claims payable for the health insurance internal service fund for fiscal year 2022:

	Beginning of				Portion of
	Fiscal Year			Balance at	Balance Due
Fiscal	Claims	Current Year	Claims	Fiscal Year	and Payable
Year	Payable	Claims	Payments	End	at Year End
2022	\$0	\$10,704,612	\$9,438,444	\$1,266,168	\$1,266,168

### Workers' Compensation

The District established a self-insured risk management program for workers' compensation. Transactions related to the plan are accounted for in the General Fund. Claims administration, loss control, and consultant services are provided by a third-party administrator. Liabilities that are considered due and payable as of June 30, 2022, are included in the governmental funds financial statements. Liabilities also include an estimated amount for claims that have been incurred but not yet reported, which was determined based on the District's historical claims experience and an estimate of the remaining liability for known claims. This estimated amount is accounted for in the government-wide financial statements as a long-term liability. An excess coverage insurance policy provides coverage in excess of \$450,000 per occurrence for workers' compensation injuries. It also provides coverage in excess of \$450,000 per employee for occupational disease claims, if they should arise. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year. The amount of settlements has not exceeded insurance coverage in each of the past three fiscal years. The following is a summary of the changes in workers' compensation claims payable for fiscal years 2021 and 2022:

	Beginning of	Current Year			Portion of
	Fiscal Year	Claims and		Balance at	Balance Due
Fiscal	Claims	Changes in	Claims	Fiscal Year	and Payable
Year	Payable	Estimates	Payments	End	at Year End
2022	\$1,463,256	\$717,169	\$739,294	\$1,441,131	\$1,116,877
2021	\$1,448,408	\$528,472	\$513,624	\$1,463,256	\$1,133,914

#### Note 11 - PENSION PLAN AND OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

## Plan Description

The District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). TRS's defined benefit pension plan is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The

pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

#### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detail information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at https://www.trs.texas.gov/TRS%20Documents/acfr-2021.pdf selecting About TRS then Publications then *Financial Reports* or by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698.

#### Benefits Provided

TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic postemployment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description above.

Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if, as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action. Actuarial implications of the funding provided in the manner are determined by the System's actuary.

In May 2019, the 86<sup>th</sup> Texas Legislature approved the TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) that provides for gradual contribution increases from the state, participating employers, and active employees to make the pension fund actuarially sound. This action causing the pension fund to be actuarially sound, allowed the legislature to approve funding for a 13th check in September 2019. All eligible members retired as of December 31, 2018 received an extra annuity check in either the matching amount of their monthly annuity or \$2,000, whichever was less.

#### Contributions

Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the

Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. The TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) of the 86<sup>th</sup> Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and increased employee and employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2020 through 2025.

	Contribut	Contribution Rates	
	Plan Fiscal Year Ending August 31,		
	2022	2021	
Member (Employee)	8.00%	7.70%	
Non-employer contributing entity (State)	7.75%	7.50%	
District	7.75%	7.50%	

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools and state agencies including TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

	Fiscal Year 2022
	Contributions
Employer (District)	\$10,664,295
Employee (Member)	\$21,164,619
Non-employer Contributing Entity	
On-behalf Contributions (State)	\$13,554,308

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education and junior colleges, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate, times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year, reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers (public school, junior college, other entities, or the State of Texas as the employer for senior universities and medical schools) are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.
- When the employing district is a public junior college or junior college district, the employer shall contribute to the retirement system an amount equal to 50% of the state contribution rate

for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge an employer is subject to.

- All public schools, charter schools, and regional educational service centers must contribute
   1.5 percent of the member's salary beginning in fiscal year 2020, gradually increasing to 2 percent in fiscal year 2025.
- When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System, the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The actuarial valuation was performed as of August 31, 2020. Update procedures were used to roll forward the total pension liability to August 31, 2021. The total pension liability is determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The actuarial methods and assumptions were selected by the Board of Trustees based upon analysis and recommendations by the System's actuary. The Board of Trustees has sole authority to determine the actuarial assumptions used for the Plan. The actuarial methods and assumptions were primarily based on a study of actual experience for the three year period ending August 31, 2017 and were adopted in July 2018.

Valuation Date August 31, 2020, rolled forward	Valuation Date	August 31, 2020, rolled forward to
--	----------------	------------------------------------

August 31, 2021

2120

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Asset Valuation Method Market Value

Single Discount Rate 7.25% Long-term Expected Rate 7.25%

Municipal Bond Rate as of August 2019 1.95%. Source for the rate is the

Fixed Income Market Data/Yield Curve/Data Municipal Bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's

"20-Year Municipal GO AA Index."

Last year ending August 31 in Projection Period

(100 years)

Inflation 2.30%

Salary Increases 3.05% to 9.05% including inflation

Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes None

The actuarial assumptions used in the determination of the total pension liability are the same assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2020. For a full description of these assumptions please see the actuarial valuation report dated November 9, 2020

#### **Discount Rate**

A single discount rate of 7.25 percent was used to measure the total pension liability. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on plan investments of 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that contributions from active members, employers and the non-employer contributing entity will be made at the rates set by the Legislature during the 2019 legislative session. It is assumed that future employer and state contributions will be 8.50 percent of payroll in fiscal year 2020 gradually increasing to 9.55 percent of payroll over the next several years. This includes all employer and state contributions for active and rehired retirees.

Based on those assumptions the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.25%.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target asset allocation as of August 31, 2020 are summarized on the next page:

		Long-Term Expected	Expected
		Geometric	Contribution to
	Target	Real Rate of	Long-Term Portfolio
Asset Class <sup>1</sup>	Allocation <sup>2</sup> %	Return <sup>3</sup>	Returns
Global Equity			
U.S.A.	18.00%	3.60%	0.94%
Non-U.S. Developed	13.00%	4.40%	0.83%
Emerging Markets	9.00%	4.60%	0.74%
Private Equity	14.00%	6.30%	1.36%
Stable Value			
Government Bonds	16.00%	-0.20%	0.01%
Absolute Return		1.10%	
Stable Value Hedge Funds	5.00%	2.20%	0.12%
Real Return			
Real Estate	15.00%	4.50%	1.00%
Energy, Natural Resources and			
Infrastructure	6.00%	4.70%	0.35%
Commodities		1.70%	
Risk Parity	8.00%	2.80%	0.28%
Leverage			
Cash	2.00%	-0.70%	-0.01%
Asset Allocation Leverage	-6.00%	-0.50%	0.03%
Inflation Expectation			2.20%
Volatility Drag <sup>4</sup>			-0.95%
Expected Return	100.00%		6.90%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Absolute Return includes Credit Sensitive Investements.

# Changes of Assumptions Since the Prior Measurement Date

There were no changes in assumptions since the prior measurement date.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Target allocations are based on the fiscal year 2021 policy model.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Capital Market Assumptions come from Aon Hewitt as of August 31, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The volatility drag results from the conversion between arithmetic and geometric mean returns.

#### Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following table presents the Net Pension Liability of the plan using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, and what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.25 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate.

	Discount Rate		
	1% Decrease (6.25%)	Current Rate (7.25%)	1% Increase (8.25%)
District's proportionate share	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
of the net pension liability	\$120,456,134	\$55,124,661	\$2,121,006

# <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$55,124,661 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$55,124,661
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	85,663,766
Total	\$140,788,427

The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2020 thru August 31, 2021.

At August 31, 2021, the District's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.2165% which was an increase of 0.0101% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$4,920,683. The District also recognized an additional on-behalf revenue and expense of \$342,473 representing for support provided by the State.

At June 30, 2022, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$92,249	(\$3,880,820)
Changes of assumption	19,485,491	(8,494,003)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension		
plan investments		(46,221,313)
Changes in proportion and differences between District		
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	4,235,410	(6,970,023)
District Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	9,091,526	
Total	\$32,904,676	(\$65,566,159)

Deferred outflows of resources resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date in the amount of \$9,091,526 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. The net amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year	Pension Expense
2023	(\$7,761,748)
2024	(8,194,439)
2025	(11,747,236)
2026	(14,258,397)
2027	84,342
Thereafter	124,469
	(\$41,753,009)

### Note 12 – Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans

#### Plan Description

The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS- Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan that has a special funding situation. The TRS-Care program was established in 1986 by the Texas Legislature. The plan is administered through a trust by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) Board of Trustees. It is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. The Board may adopt rules, plans, procedures, and orders reasonably necessary to administer the program, including minimum benefits and financing standards.

### OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detail information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately-issued

TRS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the internet at https://www.trs.texas.gov/TRS%20Documents/acfr-2021.pdf, selecting About TRS then Publications then Financial Reports or by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698.

#### Benefits Provided

TRS-Care provides health insurance coverage to retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional service centers, and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension system.

Eligible non-Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in TRS-Care Standard, a high-deductible health plan. Eligible Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in the TRS-Care Medicare Advantage medical plan and the TRS-Care Medicare Rx prescription drug plan. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system.

The premium rates for retirees are reflected in the following table.

_	TRS-Care Monthly Premium Rates		
Retiree Type	Medicare	Non-Medicare	
Retiree or Surviving Spouse	\$135	\$200	
Retiree and Spouse	\$529	\$689	
Retiree or Surviving Spouse			
and Children	\$468	\$408	
Retiree and Family	\$1,020	\$999	

#### Contributions

Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS Board of trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, section 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate which is 1.25 percent of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is .65 percent of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer contribution rate of not less than 0.25 percent or not more than 0.75 percent of the salary of each active employee of the public or charter school. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act.

**Contribution Rates** 

# SPRING INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

	Plan Fiscal Year I	Ending August 31,
	2021	2022
Active employee	0.65%	0.65%
Non-employer contributing entity (State)	1.25%	1.25%
District	0.75%	0.75%
Federal/private funding remitted by District	1.25%	1.25%

	Fiscal Year 2022
	Contributions
Employer (District)	\$2,493,341
Employee (Member)	\$1,730,642
Non-employer Contributing Entity	
On-behalf Contributions (State)	\$3,673,374

All employers whose employees are covered by the TRS pension plan are also required to pay a surcharge of \$535.

### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The actuarial valuation was performed as of August 31, 2020. Update procedures were used to roll forward the Total OPEB Liability to August 31, 2021. The actuarial valuation of the OPEB plan offered through TRS-Care is similar to the actuarial valuation performed for the pension plan, except that the OPEB valuation is more complex. In addition to the Demographic assumptions; salary increases, inflation rates used for members of TRS are identical to the assumptions employed in the August 31, 2021 TRS annual pension actuarial valuation.

The rates of mortality, retirement, termination and disability incidence are identical to the assumptions used to value the pension liabilities of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). The demographic assumptions were developed in the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017. The active mortality rates were based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables for males and females. The post-retirement mortality rates for healthy lives were based on the 2018 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables. The rates were projected on a fully generational basis using the ultimate improvement rates from mortality projection scale MP-2018.

The initial medical trend rates were 8.50 percent for Medicare retirees and 7.10 percent for non-Medicare retirees. There was an initial prescription drug trend rate of 8.50 percent for all retirees. The initial trend rates decrease to an ultimate trend rate of 4.25 percent over a period of 12 years.

Additional Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Valuation Date August 31, 2020, rolled forward to

August 31, 2021

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Inflation 2.30%

Single Discount Rate 1.95% as of August 31, 2021
Aging Factors Based on plan specific experience

Expenses Third-party administrative expenses related to

the delivery of health care benefits are included

in the age-adjusted claims costs.

Projected Salary Increases 3.05% to 9.05%, including inflation

Healthcare Trend Rates

The initial medical trend rates were 8.50% for

Medicare retirees and 7.10% for non-Medicare retirees. There was an initial prescription drug trend rate of 8.50% for all retirees. The initial trend rates decrease to an ultimate trend rate of

4.25% over a period of 12 years.

Election Rates Normal Retirement: 65 percent participation

rate prior to age 65 and 40% participation rate after age 65. Pre-65 retirees: 25% are assumed

to discontinue coverage at age 65.

Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes None

## **Discount Rate**

A single discount rate of of 1.95 percent was used to measure the total OPEB liability. This was a decrease of 0.38 percent in the discount rate since the previous year. Sin01ce the plan is a pay-asyou-go plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The single discount rate changed from 2.33 percent as of August 31, 2020 to 1.95 percent, as of August 31, 2021. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability. The following presents the Net OPEB Liability of the plan using the discount rate for 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher, as well as what the Net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower, .95 percent or one percentage point higher, 2.95 percent, than the AA/Aa rate. The source for the rate is the Fixed Income Market Data/Yield Curve/Data Municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index."

#### Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

*Discount Rate* – The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (1.95%) in

measuring the Net OPEB Liability.

	Discount Rate				
	1% Decrease (0.95%)	Current Rate (1.95%)	1% Increase (2.95%)		
District's proportional share					
of the Net OPEB liability:	\$134,954,013	\$111,880,790	\$93,721,413		

# OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$111,880,790 for its proportionate share of the TRS's Net OPEB Liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$111,880,790
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	149,895,326
Total	\$261,776,116

The District's proportion of the Net OPEB Liability was based on the District's contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2020 thru August 31, 2021.

At August 31, 2021, the District's proportion of the collective Net OPEB Liability was 0.2900% which was a increase of 0.0071% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2020.

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates – The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if a healthcare trend rate that is 1% less than and 1% greater than the health trend rates assumed.

	Healthcare Cost Trend Rate					
	1% Decrease	Current	1% Increase			
District's proportional share						
of the Net OPEB liability:	\$90,619,732	\$111,880,790	\$140,407,848			

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation

The single discount rate changed from 2.33 percent as of August 31, 2020 to 1.95 percent, as of August 31, 2021. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability.

Change in Benefit Terms Since Prior Measurement Date

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized negative OPEB expense of \$3,093,014 and an additional negative on-behalf expense and revenue of \$5,532,282 for support provided by the State.

At June 30, 2022, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual actuarial experience	\$4,816,998	(\$54,158,129)
Changes of assumption	12,392,111	(23,660,716)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB		
plan investements	121,467	
Changes in proportion and differences between the District		
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	8,390,188	(5,061,756)
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	2,097,560	
Total	\$27,818,324	(\$82,880,601)

The \$2,097,560 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2022. The net amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ending	OPEB Expense
June 30,	Amount
2023	(\$11,145,340)
2024	(11,148,079)
2025	(11,147,329)
2026	(8,202,330)
2027	(4,215,314)
Thereafter	(11,301,446)
	(\$57,159,838)

#### Medicare Part D

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003, effective January 1, 2006, established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. One of the provisions of Medicare Part D allows for the Texas Public School Retired Employee Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care) to receive retiree drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020, the subsidy payments received by TRS-Care on-behalf of the District were \$834,882, 1,197,952, and \$1,096,871, respectively. The information for the year ended June 30, 2022 is an estimate provided by the Teacher Retirement System. These payments are recorded as equal revenues and expenditures in

the governmental funds financial statements of the District.

Fiscal	Medicare
Year	Part D
2022	\$834,882
2021	\$1,197,952
2020	\$1,096,871

#### **Note 13 - Commitments and Contingencies**

The District received significant financial assistance from federal and state governmental agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies and the TEA. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits would become a liability of the General Fund. However, in the opinion of management, potential disallowed claims, if any, would not have a material effect on the financial statements of the individual fund types included herein or on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2022.

From time to time, the District is a defendant in legal proceedings relating to its operations as a school district. In the best judgment of the District's management, the outcome of any present legal proceedings will not have any material adverse effect on the District's financial condition.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### SPRING INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

GENERAL FUND

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Original	Final		Variance with Final Budget Positive
DELETE HER	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES	#146 020 020	¢1.45.426.140	#1.4 <b>2</b> .417.077	(#2.010.274)
Local and intermediate sources	\$146,039,829	\$145,436,140	\$142,417,866	(\$3,018,274)
State program revenues	168,561,375	168,125,041	165,436,615	(2,688,426)
Federal program revenues  Total Revenues	5,000,000	11,331,402	11,169,165	(162,237)
Total Revenues	319,601,204	324,892,583	319,023,646	(5,868,937)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Instruction	195,493,889	190,952,945	162,140,072	28,812,873
Instructional resources and media services	3,147,701	3,259,095	2,852,755	406,340
Curriculum and staff development	5,625,225	5,129,880	4,016,693	1,113,187
Instructional leadership	8,559,632	10,052,905	9,694,875	358,030
School leadership	24,915,763	26,006,775	25,187,572	819,203
Guidance and counseling services	14,020,030	14,589,442	14,538,695	50,747
Social work services	762,994	763,994	536,151	227,843
Health services	3,150,421	3,440,273	2,743,701	696,572
Student (pupil) transportation	13,811,562	16,421,639	14,926,167	1,495,472
Co-curricular activities	6,899,284	7,151,812	6,914,547	237,265
General administration	12,967,648	13,191,881	12,287,749	904,132
Plant maintenance and operations	31,623,255	32,753,873	31,396,383	1,357,490
Security and monitoring services	7,761,086	7,775,679	7,184,514	591,165
Data processing services	7,259,945	7,534,265	7,223,244	311,021
Community services	716,889	775,462	620,916	154,546
Debt Service:	710,009	775,102	020,910	13 1,3 10
Principal on long-term debt	11,128	724,692	413,911	310,781
Interest on long-term debt	11,120	72.,052	37,031	(37,031)
Capital Outlay:			57,001	(57,051)
Facilities acquisition and construction	218,154	1,802,165	256,896	1,545,269
Intergovernmental Charges:	210,131	1,002,100	230,030	1,5 15,205
Fiscal agent/shared services arrangement	30,000	30,000		30,000
Alternative education	99,250	99,250	82,800	16,450
Payments to tax increment fund	1,000,000	1,100,000	1,061,489	38,511
Other intergovernmental charges	1,526,151	1,526,151	1,506,040	20,111
Total Expenditures	339,600,007	345,082,178	305,622,201	39,459,977
Total Experiences		3 13,002,170	303,022,201	33,133,377
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
(under) expenditures	(19,998,803)	(20,189,595)	13,401,445	33,591,040
· / 1				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Sale of property		100,000	304,518	204,518
Transfers out			(3,758,317)	(3,758,317)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		100,000	(3,453,799)	(3,553,799)
Net change in fund balance	(19,998,803)	(20,089,595)	9,947,646	30,037,241
EUNID DALANCE HILV 1	102 574 210	102 574 210	102 574 210	
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1	102,574,310	102,574,310	102,574,310	
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30	\$82,575,507	\$82,484,715	\$112,521,956	\$30,037,241

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

# SPRING INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### **Note 1 - Budgets and Budgetary Accounting**

Each school district in Texas is required by law to prepare annually a budget of anticipated revenues and expenditures for the General Fund for the fiscal year beginning September 1 (or July 1, if the District has elected to change the start of the fiscal year). The Texas Education Code requires the budget to be prepared not later than August 20 (June 19<sup>th</sup> for a fiscal year start date of July 1) and adopted by August 31 (June 30 for a fiscal year start date of July 1) of each year. The District's administration determines budgetary funding priorities using a modified zero-based budgeting concept, which is consistent with GAAP. Final budget allocations are determined by the Board, which subsequently establishes a tax rate sufficient to support the approved budget. The annual budget, which is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting, must be adopted by the Board at a scheduled meeting after giving ten days public notice of the meeting. The District annually adopts a legally authorized appropriated budget for the General Fund.

The District's administration performs budget reviews three times a year by which budget requirements are re-evaluated and revisions recommended to the Board. The Board may approve amendments to the budget, which are required when a change is made to any one of the functional expenditure categories or revenue object accounts defined by the TEA. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations, as amended, at the function level by fund. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year-end.

Management may amend the budget without seeking Board approval if appropriations are not moved between functions. Therefore, appropriations may be transferred between objects, sub-objects, organizations, programs, and projects without Board approval. During fiscal year 2022, General Fund appropriations and other financing uses were increased by \$5,482,171 and revenues and other financing sources were increased by \$5,391,379.

#### **Note 2 - Variances with Final Budget**

*General Fund* - The variance in the final budgeted revenues versus actual revenues is primarily due to lower than anticipated property tax revenue and a decrease in the Foundation School Program (FSP) state aid for actual student enrollment and attendance.

The variance in the final budgeted expenditures versus actual expenditures is primarily due to positions budgeted but unfilled particularly in teacher and bus driver positions as well as the supplanting of instructional salaries from General Fund to ESSER II and III funds. We also increased the budget in anticipation of renovation projects to accommodate student growth in the northeast portion of the District. Though budgeted, some of the renovation projects were not completed by the end of the 2022 fiscal year.

#### SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

Teacher Retirement System of Texas

For the Last Eight Measurement Years Ended August 31

	2021	2020	2019	2018
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.2165%	0.2064%	0.2206%	0.2271%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$55,124,661	\$110,526,399	\$114,677,823	\$125,016,131
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	85,663,766	177,747,242	169,859,655	186,978,519
Total	\$140,788,427	\$288,273,641	\$284,537,478	\$311,994,650
District's covered payroll (for measurement year)	\$268,480,156	\$255,207,442	\$242,800,257	\$241,634,541
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of it's covered payroll	20.5%	43.3%	47.2%	51.7%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability *	88.79%	75.54%	75.24%	73.74%
Plan's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll *	51.08%	110.36%	114.93%	126.11%
	2017	2016	2015	2014
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.2340%	0.2390%	0.2456%	0.1423%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$74,806,160	\$90,303,341	\$86,829,092	\$38,024,295
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	107,986,931	137,445,154	134,342,127	111,344,913
Total	\$182,793,091	\$227,748,495	\$221,171,219	\$149,369,208
District's covered payroll (for measurement year)	\$234,411,778	\$237,943,264	\$230,700,849	\$205,978,531
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of it's covered payroll	31.9%	38.0%	37.6%	18.5%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability *	82.17%	78.00%	78.43%	83.25%
Plan's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll *	75.93%	92.75%	91.94%	72.89%

Notes: The amounts presented are for each Plan year which ends the preceding August 31 of the District's fiscal year.

Ten years of data should be presented in this schedule but data is unavailable prior to 2014.

Net pension liability and related ratios will be presented prospectively as data becomes available.

<sup>\*</sup> Per Teacher Retirement System of Texas' Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

## SPRING INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

#### SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS

Teacher Retirement System of Texas

For the Last Ten Fiscal Years Ended June 30

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Contractually required contributions	\$10,664,295	\$9,022,583	\$8,335,651	\$7,678,129	\$7,681,399
Contributions in relation to the contractual required contributions	10,664,295	9,022,583	8,335,651	7,678,129	7,681,399
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
District's covered payroll	\$266,289,696	\$265,732,163	\$252,957,516	\$242,527,457	\$240,462,954
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	4.00%	3.40%	3.30%	3.17%	3.19%
	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Contractually required contributions	\$7,731,778	\$7,605,202	\$6,544,720	\$3,547,693	\$2,715,354
Contributions in relation to the contractual required contributions	7,731,778	7,605,202	6,544,720	3,547,693	2,715,354
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
District's covered payroll	\$235,330,934	\$237,796,109	\$224,935,326	\$202,678,708	\$188,119,626
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	3.29%	3.20%	2.91%	1.75%	1.44%

#### SPRING INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

Exhibit C-5

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY PENSION INFORMATION

Teacher Retirement System of Texas

### **Changes of Assumptions**

The actuarial methods and assumptions used in the determination of the total pension liability are the same assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2020.

### **Changes in Benefit Terms**

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

#### **Other Information**

Effective September 1, 2019, employers who did not contribute to Social Security for TRS-eligible employees were required to contribute an additional 1.6% of TRS-eligible compensation which nearly doubled the District's contributions into the Plan. Because the District's proportional share of the plan is determined by its proportional share of contributions, the District recognized a corresponding increase in its share of net pension liability.

#### SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY

Teachers Retirement System of Texas

For the Last Five Measurement Years Ended August 31

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.2900%	0.2829%	0.2932%	0.2933%	0.2802%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$111,880,790	\$107,548,434	\$138,635,456	\$146,423,651	\$121,845,547
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District  Total	149,895,326 \$261,776,116	144,519,315 \$252,067,749	184,215,512 \$322,850,968	204,767,526 \$351,191,177	182,474,757 \$304,320,304
District's covered payroll (for measurement year)	\$268,480,156	\$255,207,442	\$242,800,257	\$241,634,541	\$234,411,778
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of it's covered payroll	41.7%	42.1%	57.1%	60.6%	52.0%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability *	6.18%	4.99%	2.66%	1.57%	0.91%
Plan's net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll *	100.13%	101.46%	135.21%	146.64%	132.55%

Note: The amounts presented are for each Plan year which ends the preceding August 31 of the District's fiscal year. Ten years of data should be presented in this schedule but data is unavailable prior to 2017.

Net OPEB liability and related ratios will be presented prospectively as data becomes available.

<sup>\*</sup> Per Teacher Retirement System of Texas' Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

## SPRING INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

### SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS

Teachers Retirement System of Texas

For the Last Ten Fiscal Years Ended June 30

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Contractually required contributions	\$2,493,341	\$2,229,830	\$2,130,657	\$2,073,777	\$1,924,258
Contributions in relation to the contractual required contributions	2,493,341	2,229,830	2,130,657	2,073,777	1,924,258
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
District's covered payroll	\$266,289,696	\$265,732,163	\$252,947,516	\$242,527,457	\$240,462,954
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.94%	0.84%	0.84%	0.86%	0.80%
	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Contractually required contributions	\$1,468,548	\$1,476,499	\$1,398,022	\$1,245,976	\$1,092,047
Contributions in relation to the contractual required contributions	1,468,548	1,476,499	1,398,022	1,245,976	1,092,047
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
District's covered payroll	\$235,330,934	\$237,796,109	\$224,935,326	\$202,678,708	\$188,119,626
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.62%	0.62%	0.62%	0.61%	0.58%

## SPRING INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

Exhibit C-8

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY OPEB INFORMATION Teacher Retirement System of Texas

# **Changes since the Prior Actuarial Valuation**

The single discount rate changed from 2.33 percent as of August 31, 2020 to 1.95 percent, as of August 31, 2021. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability.

## **Changes in Benefit Terms**

There were no changes in the benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

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# OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



# COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES



# **Major Governmental Fund**

## **Debt Service Fund**

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for revenues from property taxes levied specifically for debt service, state revenue, earnings on temporary investments and the expenditure of these revenues for payment of general long-term debt.

# SPRING INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

 $SCHEDULE\ OF\ REVENUES, EXPENDITURES\ AND\ CHANGES\ IN\ FUND\ BALANCE-BUDGET\ AND\ ACTUAL\ -\ DEBT\ SERVICE\ FUND$ 

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget	
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES		****		( <b>*</b> 50 <b>-</b> 550)	
Local and intermediate sources	\$66,218,565	\$66,208,565	\$65,600,905	(\$607,660)	
State program revenues	892,190	912,190	1,008,889	96,699	
Total Revenues	67,110,755	67,120,755	66,609,794	(510,961)	
EXPENDITURES					
Debt Service:					
Principal on long-term debt	34,930,000	34,930,000	34,930,000		
Interest on long-term debt	31,146,468	30,356,119	30,356,118	1	
Bond issuance costs and fees	100,000	2,004,423	1,932,175	72,248	
Total Expenditures	66,176,468	67,290,542	67,218,293	72,249	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
(under) expenditures	934,287	(169,787)	(608,499)	(438,712)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Refunding bonds issued		35,590,000	35,590,000		
Premium on issuance of bonds		2,461,375	2,461,375		
Payment to refunded bond paying agent		(10,100,000)	(10,100,000)		
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		(27,478,666)	(27,478,666)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		472,709	472,709		
Net change in fund balance	934,287	302,922	(135,790)	(438,712)	
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1	73,285,614	73,285,614	73,285,614		
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30	\$74,219,901	\$73,588,536	\$73,149,824	(\$438,712)	

# Non-Major Governmental Fund

# **Special Revenue Funds**

The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the District's Child Nutrition operations, School Activity funds, and all non-major federal, state and locally funded grants. These grants are awarded to the District with the purpose of accomplishing specific educational goals. Grants included in the Special Revenue Funds are described below.

Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA), Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs Funds are used to provide opportunities for children to acquire the knowledge and skills contained in the challenging State content standards and to meet the State performance standards developed for all children.

# Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA), Part B - Formula

Funds are used to operate educational programs for children with disabilities.

# Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA), Part B - Preschool

Funds are used for preschool children with disabilities.

#### **Child Nutrition Fund**

Accounts for all transactions in the District's Child Nutrition program. This includes the federally funded National School Lunch program, breakfast and supper programs.

#### **Career and Technical Education - Basic**

Funds are used to provide instruction related to career and technical education and to develop new and/or improved career and technical education programs for paid and unpaid employment.

# Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA), Title II, Part A – Teacher and Principal Training and Recruiting

Funds are used to improve student achievement through improving teacher and principal quality and increasing the number of highly qualified teachers, principals and assistant principals in schools to hold districts accountable for improving student academic achievement.

# Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA), Title III, Part A - English Language Acquisition and Language Enhancement

Funds are used to improve the education of limited English proficient children by assisting the children in learning the English language and meet challenging State academic content and student academic achievement standards.

# 21st Century Community Learning Centers

Funds are used to provide students and their families with out-of-school time services that offer an array of enrichment activities that complement regular academic programs and assist students in meeting academic standards in core subjects (math, reading, science, social studies).

# **Non-Major Governmental Fund**

# Special Revenue Funds (continued)

#### **Medicaid Administrative Claiming Program**

Funds are used to enhance, improve, or expand the level and quality of health and medical services provided to students.

# Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund (ESSER) II of the Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations (CRRSA) Act

Funds are used to account for federal stimulus ESSER II funds granted to LEAs through the CRRSA Act to support LEAs' ability to operate, instruct its students, address learning loss, prepare schools for reopening, test, repair, and upgrade projects to improve air quality in school buildings during the coronavirus pandemic. (ALN 84.425D) (Education Stabilization Fund)

#### **Federally Funded Special Revenue Funds**

Funds are used for summer school programs for limited English proficient (LEP) students who will be eligible for admission to kindergarten and first grade at the beginning of the next school year. Funds are used for providing direct child care to eligible teen parents and staff of Spring ISD. Also included are funds to improve students' academic achievement by providing all students with access to a well-rounded education, improve school conditions for student learning, and improve the use of technology.

# **State Supplemental Visually Impaired (SSVI)**

Funds received from the State Department of Education, passed through Region IV Educational Service Center, to provide orientation and mobility (O&M) services for students with visual impairments.

#### **Advanced Placement Incentives**

Funds are used to provide reimbursement for Advanced Placement teacher training approved by the College Board. Funds are also awarded to specific campuses based on student scores on Advanced Placement examinations and are to be used for enhancement of academic programs at awarded campus.

#### **State Instructional Materials Fund**

Funds are used for the purchase of instructional material, technological equipment, and technology-related services.

#### **State Funded Special Revenue Funds**

Funds are used towards Reading Academies to increase the teachers' knowledge, understanding, and systematic use of effective, research-based, and scientifically validated reading instruction methods for students. Funds are also used towards the Math Innovation Zones program to improve academic outcomes in math for Pre-K through 8<sup>th</sup> grade to ultimately increase 8<sup>th</sup> grade Algebra I preparedness and participation. Also included are other state funded special revenue funds that have not been specified above.

#### **School Activity Funds**

Accounts for transactions of school sponsored activities benefiting students and staff. This includes fund raising activities, vending sales, incentive programs, and corporate and private donations.

# Non-Major Governmental Fund

# Special Revenue Funds (continued)

# **Locally Funded Special Revenue Funds**

Locally funded special revenue funds not specified above.

#### **Locally Funded Scholarships**

Funds are awarded to graduating high school seniors in recognition of their capacity to lead and serve, and their commitment to making a significant impact on their schools and communities.

# Career and Technology Education (CTE) Advisory Board Grants

Funds are used to expand and improve the CTE program.

#### **Spring Education Foundation Grants**

Funds awarded by the Spring Education Foundation to provide support for teachers and students to promote the district's mission of providing every student with a quality education.

#### **Capital Project Funds**

Funds are used for a capital project, which is a governmental fund that must be used for projects financed by the proceeds from bond issues or for capital projects otherwise mandated to be accounted for in this fund. The capital projects fund uses the modified accrual basis of accounting

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
June 30, 2022

	ESEA Title I Part A Improving Basic Programs	IDEA Part B Formula	IDEA Part B Preschool
<u>ASSETS</u>			
Cash Temporary investments Due from governmental agencies Interfund receivables Other receivables Prepaid Items Inventories, at cost	\$5,058,608 290	\$1,666,009	\$37,701
TOTAL ASSETS	\$5,058,898	\$1,666,009	\$37,701
LIABILITIES  Accounts payable Accrued salaries and expenditures Interfund payables Unearned revenue  Total Liabilities  FUND BALANCES	\$117,818 2,239,599 2,701,481 5,058,898	\$190,216 460,883 1,014,910 1,666,009	\$14,524 23,177 37,701
Non-spendable: Inventory Prepaid items Restricted: Grant funds Capital projects Committed: Capital projects School activity funds Assigned: Other			
Total Fund Balances			
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$5,058,898	\$1,666,009	\$37,701

Child Nutrition	Career and Technical Education Basic Grant	ESEA Title II Part A Teacher and Principal Training and Recruiting	ESEA Title III Part A English Language Acquisition and Enhancement	21st Century Community Learning Centers Cycle 9
\$16,135 7,231,590 370,440 2,672,778 575	\$203,534	\$778,192	\$625,841	\$609,397 493
103,274				
\$10,394,792	\$203,534	\$778,192	\$625,841	\$609,890
\$175,892 948,902	\$62,137 20,565 120,832	\$199,219 578,973	\$10,504 146,466 468,871	\$96,480 111,827 401,583
1,124,794	203,534	778,192	625,841	609,890
9,166,724				
9,269,998				
\$10,394,792	\$203,534	\$778,192	\$625,841	\$609,890

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2022

	Medicaid Administrative Claiming Program	CRSSA ESSER II Fund	Child Care and Development Fund
<u>ASSETS</u>			
Cash Temporary investments Due from governmental agencies Interfund receivables Other receivables Prepaid Items Inventories, at cost		\$3,952,482	\$4,726 149,984
TOTAL ASSETS		\$3,952,482	\$154,710
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable Accrued salaries and expenditures Interfund payables Due to state and others		\$3,952,482	\$4,653 2,699
Unearned revenue			147,358
Total Liabilities		3,952,482	154,710
FUND BALANCES			
Non-spendable: Inventory Prepaid items Restricted: Grant funds			
Capital projects Committed: Capital projects School activity funds			
Assigned: Other			
Total Fund Balances			
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	\$3,952,482	\$154,710

LEP Summer School	Federally Funded Special Revenue Funds	Region IV SSVI Grant	Advanced Placement Incentives	State Instructional Materials Fund
\$5,389	\$410,910 206		\$11,282	\$323,808 561,843
\$5,389	\$411,116		\$11,282	\$885,651
	\$42,004 159,684 209,428			\$885,651
5,389			\$8,994	
5,389	411,116		8,994	885,651
			2,288	
			2,288	
\$5,389	\$411,116	\$	\$11,282	\$885,651

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2022

	State Funded Special Revenue Funds	School Activity Funds	Locally Funded Special Revenue Funds
<u>ASSETS</u>			
Cash Temporary investments Due from governmental agencies	\$2,424,805	\$1,183,504	\$1,745
Interfund receivables Other receivables Prepaid Items Inventories, at cost		5,037	567,126 100
TOTAL ASSETS	\$2,424,832	\$1,188,541	\$568,971
<u>LIABILITIES</u>			
Accounts payable Accrued salaries and expenditures	\$10,104 358,819	\$2,899	\$7,344
Interfund payables	2,055,882	\$1,949	
Due to state and others			
Unearned revenue	27		450,959
Total Liabilities	2,424,832	4,848	458,303
FUND BALANCES			
Non-spendable: Inventory Prepaid items Restricted:			110.660
Grant funds Capital projects			110,668
Committed:			
School activity funds Assigned: Other		1,183,693	
Total Fund Balances		1,183,693	110,668
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	¢2 424 922	¢1 100 541	¢5/0.071
TOND BALANCES	\$2,424,832	\$1,188,541	\$568,971

Locally Funded Scholarships	CTE Advisory Board Grants	Spring Education Foundation Grants	Captial Project Fund	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
\$24,400	\$9,172	\$17,132	\$9,501,745 \$60,882 100,000 234,450	\$1,199,639 16,733,335 16,468,198 4,080,015 106,701 234,450 103,274
\$24,400	\$9,172	\$17,132	\$9,897,077	\$38,925,612
\$24,400 24,400	\$8,693 8,693	\$446 16,686 17,132	\$1,122,853 51,373 1,174,226	\$2,729,001 4,663,187 11,580,941 662,506
	479		234,450 6,337,444 2,150,957	103,274 234,450 9,280,159 6,337,444 1,183,693 2,150,957
	479		8,722,851	19,289,977
\$24,400	\$9,172	\$17,132	\$9,897,077	\$38,925,612

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	ESEA Title I Part A Improving Basic Programs	IDEA Part B Formula	IDEA Part B Preschool
REVENUES			
Local and intermediate sources			
State program revenues			
Federal program revenues	\$12,620,718	\$3,799,889	\$94,693
Total Revenues	12,620,718	3,799,889	94,693
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
Instruction	7,303,968	910,939	
Instructional resources and media services	1,273,301	,	
Curriculum and staff development	2,498,070	54,441	
Instructional leadership	197,144	,	
School leadership	221,387		
Guidance and counseling services	,	2,731,596	94,693
Health services		,,	,,,,,,,
Student (pupil) transportation	347,531		
Child nutrition services	,		
Co-curricular activities			
General administration			
Plant maintenance and operations			
Security and monitoring services			
Data processing services			
Community services	779,317	36,329	
Capital Outlay:			
Facilities acquisition and construction			
Intergovernmental Charges:			
Fiscal agent/shared services arrangement		66,584	
Total Expenditures	12,620,718	3,799,889	94,693
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over			
(under) expenditures			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES			
Transfers in			
Total Other Financing Sources			
Net change in fund balances			
FUND BALANCES, JULY 1			
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30	\$	\$	\$

Child Nutrition	Career and Technical Education Basic Grant	ESEA Title II Part A Teacher and Principal Training and Recruiting	ESEA Title III Part A English Language Acquisition and Enhancement	21st Century Community Learning Centers Cycle
\$1,224,985 44,896 29,716,725 30,986,606	\$518,645 518,645	\$1,798,835 1,798,835	\$1,171,462 1,171,462	\$1,855,502 1,855,502
	373,740 144,905	1,435,893 23,074 339,868	180,840 989,018	738,507 1,271 894,477 120,821
23,659,948				
335,980 7,296			1,604	606 99,820
24,003,224	518,645	1,798,835	1,171,462	1,855,502
6,983,382				
43,802 43,802				
7,027,184				
\$9,269,998	\$	\$	\$	\$

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Medicaid Administrative Claiming Program	CRSSA ESSER II Fund	Child Care and Development Fund
REVENUES		·	
Local and intermediate sources			
State program revenues			
Federal program revenues	\$95,644	\$3,937,243	\$64,148
Total Revenues	95,644	3,937,243	64,148
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
Instruction		3,937,243	
Instructional resources and media services			
Curriculum and staff development			
Instructional leadership			
School leadership			
Guidance and counseling services			
Health services	95,644		
Student (pupil) transportation	75,011		
Child nutrition services			
Co-curricular activities			
General administration			
Plant maintenance and operations			
Security and monitoring services			
Data processing services			
Community services			64,148
Capital Outlay:			04,140
Facilities acquisition and construction			
Intergovernmental Charges:			
Fiscal agent/shared services arrangement			
	05.644	2 027 242	64 140
Total Expenditures	95,644	3,937,243	64,148
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over			
(under) expenditures			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES			
Transfers in			
Total Other Financing Sources			
Total Other Financing Sources			
Net change in fund balances			
FUND BALANCES, JULY 1			
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30	\$	\$	\$

LEP Summer School	Federally Funded Special Revenue Funds	Region IV SSVI Grant	Advanced Placement Incentives	State Instructional Materials Fund
\$9,665	\$5,052,333	\$20,000	\$759	\$1,538,360
9,665	5,052,333	20,000	759	1,538,360
9,665	4,168,791	20,000	114	1,538,360
	444,300		645	
	50,746			
	277,644			
	24,894			
	24,074			
	44,257			
	11,487 30,214			
9,665	5,052,333	20,000	759	1,538,360
			2,288	
\$	\$	\$	\$2,288	\$

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES

#### AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

# NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	State Funded Special Revenue Funds	School Activity Funds	Locally Funded Special Revenue Funds
REVENUES	·		
Local and intermediate sources		\$1,827,231	\$212,700
State program revenues	\$3,639,468		
Federal program revenues	2 (22 4(2	1,007,001	212.500
Total Revenues	3,639,468	1,827,231	212,700
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
Instruction	1,666,867	1,772,431	32,892
Instructional resources and media services			1,807
Curriculum and staff development	1,972,601		7,824
Instructional leadership			7,924
School leadership			
Guidance and counseling services			
Health services			
Student (pupil) transportation			20.000
Child nutrition services			20,000
Co-curricular activities			127,180
General administration			1.615
Plant maintenance and operations			1,615
Security and monitoring services			6,536
Data processing services Community services			18,959
Capital Outlay:			10,939
Facilities acquisition and construction			
Intergovernmental Charges:			
Fiscal agent/shared services arrangement			
Total Expenditures	3,639,468	1,772,431	224,737
1			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over			
(under) expenditures		54,800	(12,037)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES			
Transfers in			
Total Other Financing Sources			
			(4.5.0.5)
Net change in fund balances		54,800	(12,037)
FUND BALANCES, JULY 1		1,128,893	122,705
1010 Diminolo, soli 1		1,120,073	122,703
ELINID DALANGES, HINE 20	\$	¢1 102 602	¢110.779
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30	\$	\$1,183,693	\$110,668

T 11	CTE	Spring	Gi4-1	Total
Locally	Advisory	Education	Capital	Non-Major
Funded	Board	Foundation	Project	Governmental
Scholarships	Grants	Grants	Fund	Funds
\$89,600	\$2,195	\$44,688	\$22,492	\$3,423,891
				5,243,483
				60,735,502
89,600	2,195	44,688	22,492	69,402,876
	1,195	26,794	1,219,224	23,901,570
				1,275,108
		200		7,549,168
				1,173,365
				682,076
	1,000	1,614		3,106,547
				120,538
				347,531
				23,679,948
			22,892	194,329
			17,505	17,505
		11,280	735,647	1,085,128
			517,551	531,383
			802,420	813,907
89,600		4,800		1,124,791
			4,341,900	4,341,900
				66,584
89,600	2,195	44,688	7,657,139	70,011,378
			(7,634,647)	(608,502)
				42 802
				43,802
				45,802
			(7,634,647)	(564,700)
	479		16,357,498	19,854,677
\$	\$479	\$	\$8,722,851	\$19,289,977

# Exhibit E-3

# SPRING INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CHILD NUTRITION FUND

	Original	Final		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES	Buaget		1100001	(reguire)
Local and intermediate sources	\$1,805,000	\$1,805,000	\$1,224,985	(\$580,015)
State program revenues	150,000	150,000	44,896	(105,104)
Federal program revenues	26,500,000	30,000,000	29,716,725	(283,275)
Total Revenues	28,455,000	31,955,000	30,986,606	(968,394)
EXPENDITURES				
Child nutrition services:				
Payroll costs	11,598,400	11,598,400	9,897,214	1,701,186
Purchased and contracted services	104,500	104,500	77,845	26,655
Supplies and materials	15,465,203	15,472,521	13,433,097	2,039,424
Other operating expenses	93,750	93,750	75,168	18,582
Capital outlay	125,000	125,000	176,624	(51,624)
Plant maintenance and operations:				
Purchased and contracted services	485,000	485,000	335,980	149,020
Security and monitoring services:				
Payroll costs	9,500	9,500	7,296	2,204
Total Expenditures	27,881,353	27,888,671	24,003,224	3,885,447
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
(under) expenditures	573,647	4,066,329	6,983,382	2,917,053
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Transfers in			43,802	43,802
Total Other Financing Sources			43,802	43,802
Net change in fund balance	573,647	4,066,329	7,027,184	2,960,855
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1	2,242,814	2,242,814	2,242,814	
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30	\$2,816,461	\$6,309,143	\$9,269,998	\$2,960,855

# **Compliance Schedule**

This compliance schedule is required by the Texas Education Agency and is not a required disclosure in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

# SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Last Ten Years	en Years Tax Rates		Actual Taxable Value For School	Beginning Balance
Ended June 30	Maintenance	Debt Service	Tax Purposes	7/1/2021
2013 and prior years	Various	Various	Various	1,967,923
2014	1.04000	0.53000	7,669,927,308	254,469
2015	1.04000	0.47000	9,048,303,759	296,082
2016	1.04000	0.42996	10,637,855,830	298,497
2017	1.04000	0.42996	11,673,757,226	333,425
2018	1.04000	0.47000	12,563,178,654	493,948
2019	1.06000	0.45000	13,098,329,077	603,324
2020	0.97000	0.46000	14,340,088,297	1,160,961
2021	0.93430	0.45000	15,414,173,041	4,298,779
2022	0.90280	0.41000	16,227,963,611	
				\$9,707,408

Taxes Paid into Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone Under Chapter 311, Tax Code.

\$1,061,489

Exhibit F-1

Current Year's Total Levy	Maintenance Total Collections	Debt Service Total Collections	Entire Year's Adjustments	Ending Balance 6/30/2022
	46,135	18,065	(606,203)	1,297,520
	7,841	3,996	(24)	242,608
	11,373	5,140	(236)	279,333
	15,722	6,500	(209)	276,066
	7,827	7,422	(8,906)	309,270
	10,175	14,918	(14,927)	453,928
	(26,803)	37,203	(87,427)	505,497
	(288,299)	135,988	(483,893)	829,379
	(1,064,371)	988,666	(3,145,499)	1,228,985
\$208,622,166	140,994,525	64,031,640		3,596,001
\$208,622,166	\$139,714,125	\$65,249,538	(\$4,347,324)	\$9,018,587
	Interest Receivable	5,027,616		
		Tota	l Taxes Receivable	\$14,046,203

SCHEDULE OF COMPENSATORY EDUCATION PROGRAM AND BILINGUAL EDUCATION PROGRAM EXPENDITURES June 30, 2022

Data Codes	Section A: Compensatory Education Programs	Responses
AP1	Did your LEA expend any state compensatory education program state allotment funds during the district's fiscal year?	Yes
AP2	Does the LEA have written policies and procedures for its state compensatory education program?	Yes - Spring ISD State & Federal Grants Manual Section 2.1.5
AP3	List the total state allotment funds received for state compensatory education programs during the district's fiscal year.	\$43,643,041
AP4	List the actual direct program expenditures for state compensatory education programs during the LEA's fiscal year. (PICs 24, 26, 28, 29, 30, 34)	\$25,652,568
Data Codes	Section B: Bilingual Education Programs	Responses
AP5	Did your LEA expend any bilingual education program state allotment funds during the LEA's fiscal year?	Yes
AP6	Does the LEA have written policies and procedures for its bilingual education program?	Yes - Spring ISD State & Federal Grants Manual Section 2.1.6
AP7	List the total state allotment funds received for bilingual education programs during the LEA's fiscal year.	\$ \$5,388,512
AP8	List the actual direct program expenditures for bilingual education programs during the LEA's fiscal year. (PICs 25, 35)	\$3,109,763





Statistical tables are used to provide detailed data on the physical, economic, social and political characteristics of a government. They are intended to provide financial report users with a broader and more complete understanding of the government and its financial affairs than is possible from the basic financial statements. The information is provided in five categories.

#### **Financial Trends Information**

Intended to assist users in understanding and assessing how a district's financial position has changed over time.

# **Revenue Capacity Information**

Intended to assist users in understanding and assessing the factors affecting the District's ability to generate its own-source revenues.

#### **Debt Capacity Information**

Intended to assist users in understanding and assessing the District's debt burden and its ability to issue additional debt.

#### **Demographic and Economic Information**

Intended to assist users in understanding the socioeconomic environment within which the District operates and to provide information that facilitates comparisons of financial statement information over time and among other school districts.

#### **Operating Information**

Intended to provide contextual information about the District's operations and resources to assist readers in using financial statement information to understand and assess the District's economic condition.

The District's statistical tables usually cover ten fiscal years and often present data from outside the accounting records. The source of information is from District data found in this report, unless indicated otherwise. The tables are unaudited due to the nature of the information contained therein.

**NET POSITION BY COMPONENT** 

Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

	2022	2021	2020	2019
Governmental Activities:				
Net investment in capital assets	\$53,196,521	\$44,534,372	\$39,605,746	\$34,470,958
Restricted	74,043,967	66,374,930	61,475,271	60,241,147
Unrestricted	(134,869,363)	(153,236,840)	(120,140,381)	(104,949,713)
Total Primary Government Net Position	(\$7,628,875)	(\$42,327,538)	(\$19,059,364)	(\$10,237,608)

<sup>(1)</sup> The District implemented GASB Statement No. 68 in 2015. The effects of this statement were not applied to previous years.

<sup>(2)</sup> The District implemented GASB Statement No. 75 in 2018. The effects of this statement were not applied to previous years.

Table 1

2018 (2)	2017	2016	2015 (1)	2014	2013
\$23,310,013	\$17,833,453	\$4,148,051	(\$4,105,305)	(\$16,627,567)	(\$19,461,870)
55,052,320	47,249,154	45,657,215	41,660,869	37,210,876	31,534,100
(113,534,263)	52,903,402	61,418,605	58,236,968	88,050,992	68,775,360
(\$35,171,930)	\$117,986,009	\$111,223,871	\$95,792,532	\$108,634,301	\$80,847,590

# **CHANGES IN NET POSITION**

Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

	2022	2021	2020	2019
Expenses:				
Governmental Activities:				
Instruction	\$220,175,209	\$241,835,471	\$243,666,374	\$221,328,291
Instructional resources and media services	4,615,823	4,885,731	4,930,008	4,746,773
Curriculum and staff development	11,935,152	10,982,336	9,930,777	8,358,199
Instructional leadership	11,205,026	10,856,861	11,239,721	11,053,479
School leadership	25,264,998	25,969,486	26,281,214	24,203,136
Guidance and counseling services	17,211,689	18,184,082	18,285,681	15,180,620
Social work services	525,049	581,707	580,413	589,023
Health services	3,669,990	4,197,976	3,382,338	3,113,606
Student (pupil) transportation Child nutrition services	16,541,610	15,390,325	15,900,731	17,907,605
Co-curricular activities	25,527,350	21,299,498	25,974,075	27,487,164
	8,975,684	8,484,198	7,285,082	7,430,235
General administration	25,208,029	12,821,302	13,253,838	12,581,802
Plant maintenance and operations	40,412,128	46,568,629	40,753,335	35,338,383
Security and monitoring services  Data processing services	7,765,391	7,431,619	7,213,046	6,550,805
Community services	10,591,797 1,865,917	10,380,293 1,780,791	10,699,787 1,756,214	9,161,986
Interest and fiscal charges	25,849,923	28,670,657	30,415,744	1,558,176 29,010,433
Fiscal agent/shared services arrangement	66,584	9,945	7,900	18,816
Alternative education	82,800	59,400	17,000	64,800
Payments to tax increment fund	1,061,489	1,003,490	919,413	695,707
Other intergovernmental charges	1,506,040	1,486,559	1,466,198	1,411,069
Other intergovernmental enarges	1,300,040	1,400,337	1,400,170	1,411,007
Total Primary Government Expense	460,057,678	472,880,356	473,958,889	437,790,108
Program Revenues:				
Governmental Activities:				
Charges for Services:				
Instructional	3,997,398	968,644	1,635,157	2,222,661
Child nutrition services	1,169,994	386,308	1,346,502	1,966,665
Co-curricular activities	452,200	206,110	220,068	255,066
General administration	4,422,280	49,633	38,663	55,896
Other activities	451,649	47,644	215,109	373,164
Operating Grants and Contributions	117,182,744	80,495,501	93,473,848	78,609,832
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	127,676,265	82,153,840	96,929,347	83,483,284
Net Expense				
Total Primary Government Expense	(332,381,413)	(390,726,516)	(377,029,542)	(354,306,824)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position:				
Governmental Activities:				
Property taxes - maintenance & operations	140,010,682	140,078,372	135,310,984	134,664,416
Property taxes - debt service	65,272,013	68,715,087	65,504,269	58,043,198
State aid - formula grants	148,074,288	152,554,943	154,977,374	166,425,430
Other grants and contributions not restricted	11,169,164	4,823,625	5,979,622	11,029,559
Investment earnings	369,840	249,295	4,807,782	7,955,011
Miscellaneous	2,184,089	969,398	1,627,755	1,123,532
Total Primary Government General Revenues	367,080,076	367,390,720	368,207,786	379,241,146
Change in Net Position				
Total Primary Government	\$34,698,663	(\$23,335,796)	(\$8,821,756)	\$24,934,322
		<del></del> -		

The District implemented GASB Statement No. 68 in 2015. The effects of this statement were not applied to previous years.
 The District implemented GASB Statement No. 75 in 2018. The effects of this statement were not applied to previous years.

2018 (2)	2017	2016	2015 (1)	2014	2013
\$147,616,967	\$211,131,031	\$220,917,996	\$200,672,661	\$185,374,445	\$178,079,775
2,115,612	3,043,969	3,235,183	3,326,213	3,245,973	3,381,080
5,563,655	4,972,034	5,606,097	4,707,787	6,392,925	4,578,349
6,233,209	7,838,131	5,962,640	5,452,002	4,769,655	3,956,626
12,545,997	20,669,023	20,413,179	18,757,237	17,437,890	16,359,975
8,635,608	13,370,399	12,792,143	11,173,753	10,284,637	10,280,647
365,591	303,548	314,552	310,958	276,129	262,314
1,726,200	2,980,482	2,925,458	2,648,190	2,549,971	2,331,262
12,885,874	15,056,419	14,235,282	12,912,001	12,698,192	11,385,480
21,815,052	25,691,944	25,592,851	24,923,670	23,525,646	22,433,488
5,301,056	7,074,286	6,680,008	6,690,576	6,135,566	6,064,490
9,084,446	13,334,190	13,059,842	11,096,494	8,324,281	6,646,417
29,021,983	33,302,336	32,486,203	32,690,193	32,659,710	31,162,076
4,610,893	5,791,838	5,864,048	5,216,445	4,681,079	3,863,651
5,768,085	5,572,716	5,943,976	5,999,730	6,357,719	6,167,405
666,657	1,661,245	926,728	983,279	742,325	784,308
29,153,091	25,199,003	21,050,064	23,806,578	26,219,225	28,757,520
15,469	28,503	27,521	40,338	42,047	59,103
	118,800	78,158		58,860	
596,952	579,271	482,378	406,144	400,809	285,477
1,339,461	1,214,247	1,121,057	1,022,820	882,110	904,695
305,061,858	398,933,415	399,715,364	372,837,069	353,059,194	337,744,138
2,027,060	48,404	48,072	253,790	146,955	93,377
2,408,198	3,068,031	2,196,779	3,799,047	4,183,602	4,231,048
247,280	263,884	285,741	363,696	305,447	405,493
51,220	37,915	80,277	31,033	64,458	5(5,207
382,300	648,531	590,901	732,744	594,684	565,307
6,431,240	65,740,349	72,127,697	67,386,549	67,309,324	62,021,902
11,547,298	69,807,114	75,329,467	72,566,859	72,604,470	67,317,127
(293,514,560)	(329,126,301)	(324,385,897)	(300,270,210)	(280,454,724)	(270,427,011)
126,691,937	119,015,698	106,369,843	92,441,545	78,616,531	73,978,066
59,511,740	50,871,222	45,356,178	43,035,371	41,041,329	38,464,841
156,300,370	158,023,522	182,341,681	188,287,009	184,798,700	166,783,346
6,758,467	5,900,326	4,520,515	6,691,212	5,582,044	4,490,198
4,429,999	1,463,330	412,127	343,398	288,610	202,934
558,291	614,341	816,892	268,447	1,106,132	529,417
354,250,804	335,888,439	339,817,236	331,066,982	311,433,346	284,448,802
\$60,736,244	\$6,762,138	\$15,431,339	\$30,796,772	\$30,978,622	\$14,021,791
	<del></del>			<del></del>	

FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

	2022	2021	2020	2019
General Fund:				
Non-spendable	\$8,539,010	\$7,247,687	\$6,770,541	\$5,025,849
Committed	5,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000
Assigned	40,796,750	41,836,403	45,676,543	45,852,355
Unassigned	58,186,196	48,490,220	65,300,238	70,031,772
Total General Fund	\$112,521,956	\$102,574,310	\$122,747,322	\$125,909,976
All Other Governmental Funds:				
Non-spendable	\$337,724	\$90,539	\$37,000	\$74,000
Restricted	88,767,427	87,027,639	114,894,548	236,827,581
Committed	1,183,693	1,128,893	1,167,389	1,194,333
Assigned	2,150,957	4,893,220	13,941,396	8,827,025
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$92,439,801	\$93,140,291	\$130,040,333	\$246,922,939

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
\$4,523,146	\$4,208,233	\$4,272,366	\$4,007,619	\$4,318,465	\$4,345,126
47,963,096	46,630,423	44,637,583	41,326,069	19,762,188	22,671,750
53,747,813	49,667,312	51,325,204	46,918,735	58,126,710	33,430,808
\$106,234,055	\$100,505,968	\$100,235,153	\$92,252,423	\$82,207,363	\$60,447,684
			\$117,069	\$246,901	\$480,912
\$254,461,903	\$277,585,903	\$55,811,059	55,839,396	55,366,276	53,294,095
1,209,526	993,155	1,003,793	1,148,926	967,291	986,392
6,375,903	4,038,323	5,922,193			
\$262,047,332	\$282,617,381	\$62,737,045	\$57,105,391	\$56,580,468	\$54,761,399

# CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

(Unaudited)

	2022	2021	2020	2019
REVENUES:				
Local Revenues:	****		****	****
Property taxes	\$205,919,006	\$207,348,351	\$199,511,861	\$193,885,187
Tuition and fees	129,254	125,863	146,443	123,645
Earnings on investments	369,840	249,295	4,807,782	7,955,011
Food sales	1,169,994	386,308	1,346,502	1,966,665
Other local	3,854,568	1,928,890	3,456,688	4,088,811
Total Local Revenues	211,442,662	210,038,707	209,269,276	208,019,319
State Revenues	171,688,987	175,834,707	182,624,952	184,815,037 62,015,918
Federal Intergovernmental Revenues Total Revenues	103,347,896 486,479,545	60,193,466 446,066,880	56,434,206 448,328,434	454,850,274
Total Revenues	460,479,343	440,000,880	440,320,434	434,630,274
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
Instruction	216,562,431	226,689,870	214,555,096	197,029,228
Instructional resources and media services	4,127,863	4,143,704	3,940,249	3,880,598
Curriculum and staff development	12,023,251	10,658,432	9,130,201	7,986,199
Instructional leadership	10,911,436	10,088,234	10,081,730	10,152,284
School leadership	25,869,648	25,001,501	23,453,378	21,997,446
Guidance and counseling services	17,697,532	17,739,171	16,716,594	14,026,345
Social work services	536,151	578,041	564,413	576,023
Health services	3,064,908	4,083,244	2,997,281	2,806,560
Student (pupil) transportation	15,273,698	15,010,329	14,167,968	15,375,207
Child nutrition services	23,679,948	18,866,642	22,997,677	24,915,309
Co-curricular activities	7,108,876	6,386,671	5,750,449	5,986,327
General administration	12,305,254	12,111,734	12,184,705	11,779,127
Plant maintenance and operations	32,481,751	33,204,735	29,326,821	27,018,538
Security and monitoring services	7,715,897	11,035,282	16,325,289	9,763,112
Data processing services	8,135,556	9,700,488	9,459,386	9,226,120
Community services	1,815,957	1,656,221	1,531,415	1,387,062
Debt Service:				
Principal on long-term debt	35,343,911	32,220,032	30,336,891	27,332,699
Interest on long-term debt	30,393,149	32,293,062	34,113,004	31,115,975
Bond issuance costs and fees	1,932,175	23,045	329,071	854,133
Capital Outlay:				
Facilities acquisition and construction	4,598,796	29,313,835	110,524,380	132,948,552
Intergovernmental Charges:				
Fiscal agent/shared services arrangement	66,584	9,945	7,900	18,816
Alternative education	82,800	59,400	17,000	64,800
Payments to tax increment fund	1,061,489	1,003,490	919,413	695,707
Other governmental charges	1,506,040	1,486,559	1,466,198	1,411,069
Total Expenditures	474,295,101	503,363,667	570,896,509	558,347,236
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	12,184,444	(57,296,787)	(122,568,075)	(103,496,962)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Refunding bonds issued	35,590,000		29,425,000	
Issuance of capital related bonds	,,		,,,,	98,070,000
Sale of property	304,518	156,111	12,260	167,711
Issuance of capital leases	/	,	49,296	,-
Transfers in	43,802	373,247	10,380,610	8,093,502
Premium on issuance of bonds	2,461,375	,	4,446,084	9,810,779
Transfers out	(3,758,317)	(373,247)	(10,380,610)	(8,093,502)
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	(37,578,666)	, , ,	(33,544,065)	(, , ,
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(2,937,288)	156,111	388,575	108,048,490
Special item - Sale of land			2,134,240	
	\$9,247,156	(\$57.140.676)		¢4 551 520
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$9,247,130	(\$57,140,676)	(\$120,045,260)	\$4,551,528
Debt Service (Principal and Interest) as a Percentage		, <u> </u>		
of Non-Capital Expenditures	14.0%	13.7%	14.3%	13.9%

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
\$185,527,945	\$169,287,132	\$155,187,053	\$135,051,973	\$119,496,849	\$113,262,606
135,892	437,059	430,369	506,183	613,691	577,996
4,429,999	1,463,330	412,127	343,398	288,610	202,934
2,408,198	3,068,031	2,196,779	3,799,047	4,183,602	4,231,048
3,674,050	3,491,215	3,676,710	3,725,426	7,088,279	3,442,473
196,176,084	177,746,767	161,903,038	143,426,027	131,671,031	121,717,057
179,467,184	177,549,053	209,506,721	219,068,418	213,232,821	192,562,783
54,432,854	46,553,731	39,229,885	41,321,972	38,873,725	38,268,550
430,076,122	401,849,551	410,639,644	403,816,417	383,777,577	352,548,390
206.056.096	105 022 652	200 546 742	100 042 041	176 061 905	166 404 202
206,956,086 2,518,337	195,033,653 2,504,371	200,546,743 2,689,866	198,042,041 2,816,379	176,061,895 2,733,490	166,404,292 2,869,397
6,357,513	4,873,373	5,504,635	4,708,626	6,379,967	4,558,004
9,398,857	7,470,612	5,680,390	5,311,001	4,656,689	3,831,471
19,772,204	19,496,626	19,238,474	18,362,263	17,030,764	15,893,162
12,980,559	12,797,529	12,210,714	11,164,552	10,210,073	10,168,012
387,586	302,597	313,452	310,199	276,142	262,031
2,776,430	2,835,301	2,754,207	2,588,912	2,486,859	2,259,790
23,081,943	13,628,775	12,348,694	13,659,005	11,383,272	9,842,258
22,746,701	23,290,317	23,332,751	23,467,837	21,978,319	21,366,254
5,378,851	5,773,869	5,299,320	5,449,820	4,961,956	4,781,784
12,009,524	12,941,353	12,950,792	10,943,549	8,360,087	6,507,315
27,522,222	27,458,145	26,592,099	26,968,515	27,233,765	23,908,432
6,270,488	5,575,720	5,617,725	5,078,013	4,710,216	4,074,320
14,169,807	6,536,059	5,464,521	5,664,248	5,210,477	4,539,249
1,194,392	1,554,830	901,088	960,297	726,734	766,605
22 (24 252	26 271 425	22 545 401	22 402 700	20 220 000	10.745.000
22,634,253	26,271,425	23,545,401	22,492,700	20,330,000	19,745,000
31,120,850	23,218,843	22,730,381	25,951,830	31,218,670	31,731,711
13,499,210	3,811,456	1,135,183	789,726	728,392	242,078
14,242,697	11,676,145	5,028,236	5,693,252	4,565,588	8,520,818
15,469	28,503	27,521	40,338	42,047	59,103
	118,800	78,158		58,860	
596,952	579,271	482,378	406,144	400,809	285,477
1,339,461	1,214,247	1,121,057	1,022,820	882,110	904,695
456,970,392	408,991,820	395,593,786	391,892,067	362,627,181	343,521,258
(26,894,270)	(7,142,269)	15,045,858	11,924,350	21,150,396	9,027,132
64.000.000	80,120,000	136,870,000	76,865,000	71,115,000	21,410,000
01,000,000	198,715,000	130,070,000	70,002,000	71,113,000	21,110,000
47,284	28,252	71,636	43,347	99,227	37,238
,	195,862	,	,	1,418,101	,
3,120,783	3,516,336	6,235,493			291,854
9,494,707	40,881,138	26,435,542	11,141,212	9,036,024	3,114,768
(3,120,783)	(3,516,336)	(6,235,493)			(291,854)
(61,489,683)	(92,646,832)	(164,808,652)	(89,403,926)	(79,240,000)	(24,250,000)
12,052,308	227,293,420	(1,431,474)	(1,354,367)	2,428,352	312,006
(\$14,841,962)	\$220,151,151	\$13,614,384	\$10,569,983	\$23,578,748	\$9,339,138
12.6%	12.5%	11.9%	12.8%	14.5%	15.4%

# SPRING INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT ASSESSED VALUE AND ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Unaudited)

	Assessed Value						_		
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Residential	Commercial Industrial and Multi-Family	Acreage	Vacant Lots and Tracts	Utilities	Mineral Reserves	Less: Exemptions	Actual Taxable Value	Total Direct Rate (1)
2022	\$8,287,672,440	\$10,043,197,921	\$69,237,209	\$397,595,313	\$184,390,964	\$13,375,296	\$2,767,505,532	\$16,227,963,611	\$1.31280
2021	7,541,517,724	9,979,377,009	64,065,163	401,726,041	171,743,065	12,324,839	2,756,580,800	15,414,173,041	1.38430
2020	7,023,012,640	9,353,736,102	58,648,695	406,952,597	157,363,944	10,421,808	2,670,047,489	14,340,088,297	1.43000
2019	6,375,054,709	8,607,541,644	46,726,300	439,131,028	146,575,435	4,045,995	2,520,746,034	13,098,329,077	1.51000
2018	6,152,394,247	8,229,643,312	85,904,275	370,605,827	140,507,169	4,526,389	2,420,402,565	12,563,178,654	1.51000
2017	5,601,039,376	7,824,949,989	73,182,472	342,882,280	138,538,932	4,618,741	2,311,454,564	11,673,757,226	1.46996
2016	5,161,812,169	7,167,888,407	62,714,427	314,362,865	132,022,815	9,685,109	2,210,629,962	10,637,855,830	1.46996
2015	4,549,841,265	5,826,541,978	102,662,721	245,124,974	132,451,943	11,995,240	1,820,314,362	9,048,303,759	1.51000
2014	4,026,416,763	4,954,951,568	99,308,930	223,274,252	134,869,081	6,968,786	1,775,862,072	7,669,927,308	1.57000
2013	3,952,237,510	4,541,904,832	84,437,876	224,935,042	124,659,413	11,034,100	1,707,173,099	7,232,035,674	1.57000

<sup>(1)</sup> Tax rates are per \$100 of actual taxable value.

Source: Harris County (Texas) Appraisal District provides the District's tax office with appraised values for properties within the District's taxing authority. Assessed value equals appraised value. Assessed value less exemptions equals actual taxable value. Actual taxable value times the tax rate set by the District's Board of Trustees each fall equals the tax levy.

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# PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS (PER \$100 OF ACTUAL TAXABLE VALUE)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Unaudited)

	2022	2021	2020
Bammel UD	\$0.37	\$0.37	\$0.37
C.N.P. UD	0.26	0.28	0.28
Harris County (Includes Harris County Flood Control District)	0.41	0.42	0.44
Harris County Department of Education	0.00	0.00	0.01
Harris County Hospital District	0.16	0.17	0.17
Harris County ID #18	1.00	0.98	1.73
Harris County MUD #5	0.90	1.05	1.05
Harris County MUD #16 Harris County MUD #36	0.57 0.17	0.57 0.62	0.58 0.22
Harris County MUD #43	0.47	0.48	0.50
Harris County MUD #44	0.25	0.25	0.41
Harris County MUD #58	0.68	0.73	1.03
Harris County MUD #82	0.68	0.68	0.68
Harris County MUD #86	0.62	0.62	0.64
Harris County MUD #96	0.68	0.75	0.79
Harris County MUD #150	0.61	0.65	0.69
Harris County MUD #154	0.59	0.63	0.65
Harris County MUD #189	0.45	0.38	0.39
Harris County MUD #200	0.58	0.58	0.59
Harris County MUD #205	0.25	0.25	0.25
Harris County MUD #211	0.40	0.40	0.50
Harris County MUD #215	0.50	0.50	0.50
Harris County MUD #217	0.98	1.04	1.14
Harris County MUD #221 Harris County MUD #233	0.37 0.62	0.37 0.62	0.39 0.64
Harris County MUD #249	0.02	0.78	0.78
Harris County MUD #304	0.75	0.77	0.79
Harris County MUD #399	0.84	0.97	0.99
Harris County UD #16	0.69	0.77	0.81
Harris County WCID #91	0.27	0.28	0.29
Harris County WCID #92	0.14	0.15	0.15
Harris County WCID #99	0.16	0.00	0.37
Harris County WCID #109	0.25	0.25	0.25
Harris County WCID #110	0.36	0.37	0.39
Harris County WCID #136	0.80	0.44	0.83
Houston, City of	0.55	0.56	0.57
Inverness Forest ID	0.43	0.44	0.44
Lone Star College	0.11	0.11	0.11
North Forest MUD North Park PUD	0.51 0.27	0.55 0.27	0.60 0.28
Northgate Crossing MUD #1	0.27	0.27	0.28
Northgate Crossing MUD #2	0.87	0.87	0.87
Northgate Crossing Rd. UD	0.11	0.11	0.12
Northwest Harris County MUD #20	0.24	0.25	0.25
Northwest Harris County MUD #21	0.23	0.22	0.24
Northwest Harris County MUD #22	0.64	0.70	0.78
Northwest Harris County MUD #23	0.75	0.76	0.76
Ponderosa Forest UD	0.10	0.10	0.10
Port of Houston Authority	0.01	0.01	0.01
Postwood MUD	0.45	0.38	0.39
Rankin Road West MUD	0.91	0.89	0.95
Spring West MUD	0.73	0.73	0.74
Tattor Road MUD	0.55	0.57	0.59
Timber Lane UD Westador MUD	0.89	0.89	0.89
	0.17	0.17	0.17
Spring ISD Direct Rates:	¢0.00290	¢0 02420	¢0.07000
Maintenance & Operations Debt Service	\$0.90280 0.41000	\$0.93430 0.45000	\$0.97000 0.46000
Total District Direct Rates	\$1.31280	\$1.38430	\$1.43000
Total District Direct Rates	ψ1.51200	Ψ1.50750	Ψ1.Τ3000

Note: An individual resident of Spring Independent School District resides in only one utility district. Therefore, the total taxes applicable to the individual resident are significantly less than the sum of the tax rates shown. Assessed value less exemptions equals actual taxable value.

Source: Municipal Advisory Council of Texas, Harris County Tax Office

2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
\$0.37	\$0.37	\$0.37	\$0.40	\$0.43	\$0.45	\$0.45
0.28	0.28	0.28	0.30	0.32	0.33	0.36
0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.44	0.44	0.43
0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
0.17	0.17	0.17				
1.42	1.49	1.67	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50
1.05	1.11	1.17	1.24	1.27	1.38	1.38
0.59	0.59	0.67	0.69	0.67	0.72	0.72
0.22	0.24	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25
0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.53	0.63	0.68
0.41	0.41	0.41	0.41	0.43	0.40	0.40
0.70	0.70	0.77	0.85	0.95	0.99	0.99
0.68	0.68	0.69	0.70	0.80	0.83	0.83
0.64	0.64	0.65	0.70	0.80	0.85	0.85
0.85 0.70	0.90 0.72	1.10 0.76	1.16 0.84	1.36 0.94	1.41 0.98	1.47 0.98
0.67	0.72	0.76	0.78	0.84	0.87	0.98
0.39	0.39	0.42	0.49	0.55	0.63	0.68
0.59	0.59	0.61	0.62	0.65	0.65	0.66
0.25	0.25	0.35	0.35	0.87	0.87	0.93
0.56	0.56	0.56	0.57	0.57	0.55	0.55
0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	1.45
1.20	1.26	1.31	1.34	1.48	1.58	1.57
0.42	0.43	0.44	0.47	0.50	0.51	0.51
0.64	0.68	0.70	0.79	0.79	0.79	0.79
0.78	0.80	0.82	0.84	0.88	0.95	0.98
0.80	0.80	0.81	0.81	0.85	0.90	0.90
1.03	1.07	1.07	1.09	1.21	1.34	1.34
0.84	0.92	0.99	1.10	1.19	1.50	1.50
0.29	0.25	0.33	0.36	0.36	0.36	0.36
0.15	0.12	0.15	0.15	0.14	0.15	0.15
0.37		0.37		0.37	0.37	0.37
0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25
0.40	0.43	0.43	0.44	0.46	0.53	0.54
0.83	0.79	0.79	0.74	0.78	0.83	0.83
0.59	0.58	0.59	0.60	0.63	0.64	0.64
0.44	0.44	0.46	0.50	0.55	0.55	0.55
0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.12	0.12
0.62	0.25	0.72	0.27	0.20	0.42	0.42
0.32 0.97	0.35 0.99	0.36 1.13	0.37 1.13	0.38 1.25	0.43 1.25	0.43 1.33
0.87	0.87	0.87	0.89	0.92	1.00	1.00
0.12	0.13	0.20	0.20	0.21	0.23	0.22
0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.54	0.54
0.24	0.24	0.24	0.24	0.25	0.25	0.25
0.81	0.83	0.84	0.85	0.86	0.90	0.90
0.76	0.77	0.80	0.84	0.94	0.98	0.93
0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10
0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.02
0.37	0.38	0.40	0.43	0.48	0.25	0.88
1.00	1.00	1.04	1.13	1.21	1.30	1.31
0.74	0.79	0.82	0.82	0.90	0.98	1.02
0.59	0.59	0.60	0.64	0.64	0.64	0.64
0.92	0.92	0.92	0.95	1.01	1.02	1.02
0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17
\$1.06000	\$1.04000	\$1.04000	\$1.04000	\$1.04000	\$1.04000	\$1.04000
0.45000	0.47000	0.42996	0.42996	0.47000	0.53000	0.53000
\$1.51000	\$1.51000	\$1.46996	\$1.46996	\$1.51000	\$1.57000	\$1.57000

PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS

Current Year and Nine Years Ago (Unaudited)

		2022			2013			
	Actual Taxable Value (1)	Rank	Percentage of Total Actual Taxable Value (2)	Actual Taxable Value (1)	Rank	Percentage of Total Actual Taxable Value (3)		
Palmetto Transoceanic LLC	\$1,012,328,996	1	6.24%	\$30,492,545	8	0.42%		
10000 Energy Drive Owner LP	179,118,062	2	1.10%					
HP Plaza SPV LLC	129,286,763	3	0.80%					
CenterPoint Energy, Inc.	112,390,154	4	0.69%	68,897,375	3	0.95%		
Springwoods 4A, Inc.	105,052,564	5	0.65%					
Liberty Property	81,009,531	6	0.50%					
USODP Mossy Oaks LLC	74,784,830	7	0.46%					
EAN Holdings LLC	74,402,226	8	0.46%					
Houston NW Manager LLC (4)	71,398,915	9	0.44%	92,848,112	2	1.28%		
Springwoods Realty, Inc.	65,873,324	10	0.41%					
Houston Pipeline Company LP				122,353,228	1	1.69%		
Cardinal Health 200, Inc.				49,286,566	4	0.68%		
Wal-Mart Stores, Inc.				44,280,428	5	0.61%		
Health Care Reit, Inc.				32,362,700	6	0.45%		
HEB Grocery Company LP				30,691,023	7	0.42%		
Equistar Chemicals LP				26,840,888	9	0.37%		
Richey Apartments LP				24,933,376	10	0.34%		
	\$1,905,645,365		11.75%	\$522,986,241		7.21%		

<sup>(1)</sup> Assessed value equals appraised value. Assessed value less exemptions equals actual taxable value.

Source: Harris County (Texas) Appraisal District provides the District's tax office with appraised values for properties within the District's taxing authority.

<sup>(2)</sup> Actual taxable value: \$16,227,963,611

<sup>(3)</sup> Actual taxable value: \$7,232,035,674

<sup>(4)</sup> Houston Northwest Medical Center, Inc. acquired by Houston NW Manager LLC (parent company HCA Healthcare) in 2017.

## SPRING INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Collected within the

		Fiscal Year			Total Collec	tions to Date
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Net Tax Levy for the Fiscal Year (1)	Amount	Percentage of Net Tax Levy	Collections in Subsequent Years	Amount	Percent of Total Tax Collections To Net Tax Levy
2022	\$208,622,166	\$205,026,164	98.28%		\$205,026,164	98.28%
2021	206,208,662	205,055,381	99.44%	(\$75,705)	204,979,676	99.40%
2020	199,141,627	198,244,240	99.55%	68,008	198,312,248	99.58%
2019	192,035,050	190,998,714	99.46%	530,841	191,529,555	99.74%
2018	184,614,832	183,388,547	99.34%	772,357	184,160,904	99.75%
2017	167,539,430	166,826,072	99.57%	404,088	167,230,160	99.82%
2016	153,556,644	151,989,138	98.98%	1,291,441	153,280,579	99.82%
2015	134,991,319	132,927,166	98.47%	1,784,821	134,711,987	99.79%
2014	118,429,309	117,606,679	99.31%	580,021	118,186,700	99.80%
2013	111,558,967	110,352,593	98.92%	979,346	111,331,939	99.80%

<sup>(1)</sup> Assessed value equals appraised value. Assessed value less exemptions equals actual taxable value. The beginning actual taxable value net of adjustments times the tax rate set by the District's Board of Trustees each fall equals the total net tax levy. The net tax levy for prior years reflects ongoing adjustments applied to that year's tax levy.

Source: Harris County (Texas) Appraisal District provides the District's tax office with appraised values for properties within the District's taxing authority.

## SPRING INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	Go	overnmental Activities						
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	General Obligation Bonds	Accretion on Capital Appreciation Bonds	Leases	Total Primary Government	Ratio of Debt to Actual Taxable Value (1)	Debt per ADA (2)	Debt per Capita (2)	Percentage of Personal Income (2)
2022	\$719,147,781		\$534,315	\$719,682,096	4.43%	\$25,109		
2021	762,319,003		34,858	762,353,861	4.95%	25,025		
2020	799,040,030		89,890	799,129,920	5.57%	24,746	\$169	0.28%
2019	834,924,956		87,485	835,012,441	6.37%	25,793	177	0.30%
2018	759,768,762		125,184	759,893,946	6.05%	23,129	162	0.28%
2017	782,418,731		159,437	782,578,168	6.70%	23,419	168	0.31%
2016	579,568,523			579,568,523	5.45%	17,226	125	0.25%
2015	600,665,333		945,401	601,610,734	6.65%	17,753	132	0.25%
2014	624,453,336		1,418,101	625,871,437	8.16%	18,632	140	0.26%
2013	645,616,916	\$1,880,368		647,497,284	8.95%	19,591	149	0.29%

<sup>(1)</sup> See Table 5 for actual taxable value data.

<sup>(2)</sup> See Table 13 for average daily attendance (ADA), population, and income information. Personal income data not available for 2021 or 2022. Population data not available for 2022.

#### Table 10

# SPRING INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RATIOS OF NET GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	General Obligation Bonds (1)	Less Restricted for Retirement of Bonded Debt (2)	Net Bonded Debt	Ratio of Debt to Actual Taxable Value (3)	Debt per ADA (4)
2022	\$719,147,781	\$64,660,535	\$654,487,246	4.03%	\$22,805
2021	762,319,003	64,006,643	698,312,360	4.53%	22,923
2020	799,040,030	58,519,094	740,520,936	5.16%	22,931
2019	834,924,956	55,155,253	779,769,703	5.95%	24,087
2018	759,768,762	51,543,328	708,225,434	5.64%	21,557
2017	782,418,731	44,289,128	738,129,603	6.32%	22,089
2016	579,568,523	43,214,174	536,354,349	5.04%	15,942
2015	600,665,333	35,955,501	564,709,832	6.24%	16,664
2014	624,453,336	30,197,374	594,255,962	7.75%	17,691
2013	647,497,284	24,531,248	622,966,036	8.61%	18,849

<sup>(1)</sup> Details regarding the District's outstanding debt can be found in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Note 8.

<sup>(2)</sup> This is the amount restricted for debt service on the government-wide financial statements, Exhibit A-1.

<sup>(3)</sup> See Table 5 for actual taxable value data.

<sup>(4)</sup> See Table 13 for student average daily attendance (ADA) data.

#### SPRING INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMPUTATION OF ESTIMATED DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT As of June 30, 2022 (Unaudited)

	Gross Debt	Percent	Share
Taxing Body	Amount	Overlapping (1)	of Debt
Bammel UD	\$6,285,000	100.00%	\$6,285,000
C.N.P. UD	31,225,000	100.00%	31,225,000
Harris County	1,682,992,125	2.78%	46,787,181
Harris County Department of Education	20,185,000	2.78%	561,143
Harris County Flood Control District	584,900,000	2.78%	16,260,220
Harris County Hospital District	76,385,000	2.78%	2,123,503
Harris County ID #18	31,815,000	99.99%	31,811,819
Harris County ID #18	126,210,000	99.99%	126,197,379
Harris County MUD #5	20,520,000	51.18%	10,502,136
Harris County MUD #16	9,870,000	100.00%	9,870,000
Harris County MUD #43	9,795,000	100.00%	9,795,000
Harris County MUD #58	3,360,000	100.00%	3,360,000
Harris County MUD #82	53,850,000	100.00%	53,850,000
Harris County MUD #86	8,585,000	94.32%	8,097,372
Harris County MUD #96	19,470,000	99.70%	19,411,590
Harris County MUD #150	19,815,000	66.52%	13,180,938
Harris County MUD #154	10,335,000	77.22%	7,980,687
Harris County MUD #189	1,930,000	100.00%	1,930,000
Harris County MUD #200	14,710,000	100.00%	14,710,000
Harris County MUD #211	1,475,000	100.00%	1,475,000
Harris County MUD #217	3,810,000	100.00%	3,810,000
Harris County MUD #221	1,440,000	83.39%	1,200,816
Harris County MUD #233	7,230,000	100.00%	7,230,000
Harris County MUD #249	8,070,000	100.00%	8,070,000
Harris County MUD #304	13,725,000	100.00%	13,725,000
Harris County MUD #399	15,625,000	100.00%	15,625,000
Harris County Utility District #16	26,505,000	30.51%	8,086,676
Harris County WCID #99	7,435,000	100.00%	7,435,000
Harris County WCID #109	7,330,000	1.63%	119,479
Harris County WCID #110	18,295,000	59.05%	10,803,198
Harris County WCID #136	5,645,000	100.00%	5,645,000
Houston, City of	3,163,795,000	0.17%	5,378,452
Inverness Forest ID	3,140,000	6.18%	194,052

#### SPRING INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMPUTATION OF ESTIMATED DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT As of June 30, 2022 (Unaudited)

Toying Dody	Gross Debt	Percent	Share of Debt
Taxing Body	Amount	Overlapping (1)	of Deot
Lone Star College System	\$643,940,000	6.92%	\$44,560,648
North Forest MUD	4,365,000	100.00%	4,365,000
North Park PUD	2,570,000	88.29%	2,269,053
Northgate Crossing MUD #1	11,770,000	100.00%	11,770,000
Northgate Crossing MUD #2	10,980,000	100.00%	10,980,000
Northgate Crossing RUD	2,059,998	100.00%	2,059,998
Northwest Harris County MUD #22	1,680,000	100.00%	1,680,000
Northwest Harris County MUD #23	9,940,000	100.00%	9,940,000
Port of Houston Authority	469,434,397	2.78%	13,050,276
Post Wood MUD	6,095,000	100.00%	6,095,000
Rankin Road West MUD	8,858,675	100.00%	8,858,675
Spring West MUD	23,545,000	59.31%	13,964,540
Tattor Road MUD	8,650,000	100.00%	8,650,000
Timber Lane UD	74,370,000	79.36%	59,020,032
Subtotal, overlapping debt			699,999,863
Spring Independent School District direct debt			719,682,096
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$1,419,681,959

Note: An individual resident of Spring Independent School District resides in only one utility district. Therefore, the total debt applicable to the individual resident is significantly less than the sum of direct and overlapping debt shown.

(1) Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the District. The percentage of overlapping debt is estimated using actual taxable property values. Percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the overlapping taxing authority's actual taxable value that is within the District's boundaries and dividing it by the overlapping taxing authority's total actual taxable value.

Source: Municipal Advisory Council of Texas

# SPRING INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	2022	2021	2020	2019
Debt Limit (1)	\$1,622,796,361	\$1,541,417,304	\$1,434,008,830	\$1,309,832,908
Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit	645,997,957	689,033,389	730,566,242	768,684,892
Legal Debt Margin	\$976,798,404	\$852,383,915	\$703,442,588	\$541,148,016
Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit as a Percentage of Debt Limit	39.81%	44.70%	50.95%	58.69%
Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fisc	al Year 2022:			
Actual Taxable Value (2) Debt Limit Percentage of Assessed Value Debt Limitation (1)				\$16,227,963,611 10% 1,622,796,361
Debt Applicable to Debt Limitation: Total Bonded Debt Less: Amount set aside for repayment of	Fbonds (3)		\$719,147,781 73,149,824	
Total Amount of Debt Applicable to Debt	Limitation			645,997,957
Legal Debt Margin				\$976,798,404

<sup>(1)</sup> Although there is no legal debt limit in the State of Texas, most school business officials in the State hold the opinion that the Attorney General would not approve bonded indebtedness in excess of 10 percent of actual taxable value.

<sup>(2)</sup> See Table 5 for actual taxable value data.

<sup>(3)</sup> See restricted for debt service at the fund level.

Table 12

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
\$1,256,317,865	\$1,167,375,723	\$1,063,785,583	\$904,830,376	\$766,992,731	\$723,203,567
698,545,970	727,587,150	528,082,155	557,193,497	586,332,706	613,011,964
\$557,771,895	\$439,788,573	\$535,703,428	\$347,636,879	\$180,660,025	\$110,191,603
55.60%	62.33%	49.64%	61.58%	76.45%	84.76%

#### SPRING INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

-	Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Residential Units (1)	Total Assessed Value of Residential Units (1)	Average Assessed Value per Residential Unit	Population (2)	Total Personal Income (2)	Per Capita Personal Income	Average Daily Attendance (3)	Unemployment Rate (4)
	2022 *	46,226	\$8,287,672,440	\$179,286				28,662	4.9%
	2021 *	45,501	7,541,517,724	165,744	4,728,030			30,464	7.1%
	2020	45,014	7,023,012,640	156,018	4,738,253	\$285,160,839,000	\$60,183	32,293	12.4%
	2019	44,620	6,375,054,709	142,874	4,709,243	278,821,655,000	59,207	32,373	4.1%
	2018	43,959	6,152,394,247	139,958	4,676,913	274,466,325,000	58,685	32,854	4.8%
	2017	43,268	5,601,039,376	129,450	4,655,798	255,326,930,000	54,841	33,416	5.3%
	2016	42,699	5,161,812,169	120,888	4,622,836	236,705,929,000	51,204	33,645	5.7%
	2015	42,194	4,549,841,265	107,831	4,556,559	248,496,185,000	54,536	33,887	4.9%
	2014	41,589	4,026,416,763	96,814	4,454,951	246,157,945,000	55,255	33,591	5.4%
	2013	41,075	3,952,237,510	96,220	4,352,419	228,016,378,000	52,388	33,050	6.6%

<sup>\*</sup> Personal income data not available for 2021 and 2022. Population data not available for 2022.

Source: (1) Harris County (Texas) Appraisal District for Spring ISD boundaries. Assessed value equals appraised value.

<sup>(2)</sup> U. S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, and United States Census Bureau. Data is for Harris County.

<sup>(3)</sup> Texas Education Agency, Texas Student Data System (TSDS), Public Education Information Management System (PEIMS)

<sup>(4)</sup> Texas Workforce Commission, Texas Labor Market Information Department Local Area Unemployment Statistics (LAUS). Data is for Harris County.

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

Current Year and Nine Years Ago (Unaudited)

		2022			2013		
	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Employment (1)	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Employment (2)	
Wal-Mart	34,000	1	1.01%				
H-E-B	32,635	2	0.97%	18,887	3	0.63%	
Memorial Hermann Health System	29,130	3	0.87%	21,000	1	0.71%	
Houston Methodist	28,304	4	0.84%	14,826	7	0.50%	
UT M.D. Anderson Cancer Center	22,088	5	0.66%	19,486	2	0.65%	
Amazon	20,000	6	0.60%				
Kroger	15,000	7	0.45%	14,866	6	0.50%	
Texas Children's Hospital	14,378	8	0.43%				
HCA Houston Healthcare	12,614	9	0.38%				
United Airlines	11,834	10	0.35%	16,315	4	0.55%	
Exxon Mobil Corp.				13,700	8	0.46%	
McDonald's Corp.				16,300	5	0.55%	
National Oilwell Varco				12,036	9	0.40%	
Shell Oil Co.				11,389	10	0.38%	
	219,983		6.56%	158,805		5.33%	

<sup>(1)</sup> Total employment 2022 equals: 3,352,876

Source: Employment numbers were obtained from the Houston Chronicle Top 100 List for 2022 and 2013 and Bureau of Labor Statistics. Government entities are generally not included in this list.

<sup>(2)</sup> Total employment 2013 equals: 2,976,276

#### SPRING INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT DISTRICT EMPLOYEES BY TYPE Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Unaudited)

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Teachers:										
Teacher	2,113.0	2,257.6	2,151.0	2,163.0	2,217.9	2,142.9	2,312.6	2,363.0	2,360.4	2,148.9
Substitute Teacher	63.7		6.1	1.0	3.3	9.1				0.5
Total Teachers	2,176.7	2,257.6	2,157.1	2,164.0	2,221.2	2,152.0	2,312.6	2,363.0	2,360.4	2,149.4
Professional Support:										
Psychological Associate		1.5	2.0			1.0				1.0
Audiologist	1.0	0.7	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0		
Corrective Therapist	1.0									
Counselor	88.9	89.4	89.7	77.9	82.0	85.8	95.5	87.1	78.0	78.1
Educational Diagnostician	29.5	32.0	35.6	39.1	27.1	30.7	42.2	42.6	36.9	44.0
Librarian	38.6	37.4	36.7	31.7	18.2	20.3	21.1	21.5	22.4	22.1
Certified Orientation/Mobility Specialist	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.0	1.3	2.0	1.0	1.0		
School Nurse	20.9	19.8	21.0	45.0	44.8	43.0	43.6	43.1	45.0	43.0
LSSP/Psychologist	7.0	9.0	9.0	6.0	7.3	13.0	14.0	11.0	9.5	11.0
Social Worker	1.0							1.0	1.0	1.0
Speech Therapist/Speech-Language Pathologist	27.2	28.6	28.5	31.0	32.6	26.9	32.7	24.4	23.9	12.2
Work-based Learning Site Coordinator			0.9	2.9	2.8					
Teacher Facilitator	153.3	201.6	209.5	178.4	183.4	131.1	101.4	117.6	45.0	175.9
Teacher Appraiser			1.9	6.0	8.1	11.0				
Department Head	2.2	3.8		0.5	1.5	2.0	21.6	29.9		
Athletic Trainer	6.0	6.0	4.0	5.0	4.0	1.0	5.0	2.0	0.1	2.0
Campus Professional Personnel	80.2	63.4	43.5	47.2	17.5	96.0	32.9	16.4	9.1	3.0
Non-Campus Professional Personnel	248.6	214.2	261.7	296.2	282.5	263.3	231.7	219.5	165.0	89.5
Total Professional Staff	707.4	709.4	747.0	768.9	714.1	728.1	643.5	618.2	435.9	482.8
Campus Administration:										
Assistant Principal	74.1	76.0	74.4	75.1	78.7	85.6	78.8	82.2	76.8	75.3
Principal	34.6	35.4	36.2	38.9	37.1	38.0	36.9	37.0	36.1	37.3
Teacher Supervisor	6.7	8.9	6.0	2.0						
Registrar	14.0	13.5	10.1	11.5	9.5	7.7	11.0	10.0	1.0	
Total Campus Administration	129.4	133.8	126.7	127.5	125.3	131.3	126.7	129.2	113.9	112.6
Central Administration:										
Assistant/Associate/Deputy Superintendent	8.0	14.0	15.0	13.8	13.0	13.0	13.9	11.9	9.2	7.0
Instructional Program Director/Executive Director	19.5	15.9	16.4	14.3	17.5	17.0	20.2	19.7	16.2	14.0
Superintendent	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Teacher Supervisor		10.0	11.5	11.4	6.0	5.0	13.5	4.5	4.4	4.0
Athletic Director	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Tax Assessor/Collector	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Business Manager	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0		1.0
Director of Personnel/HR		1.0	1.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	4.0	3.8	3.0
Total Central Administration	31.5	44.9	47.9	45.5	42.5	41.0	53.6	44.1	36.6	32.0
Educational Aide	473.9	499.0	493.8	487.0	325.5	223.2	239.6	430.0	470.3	472.3
Auxiliary Staff	1,429.4	1,541.1	1,496.9	1,384.5	1,519.3	1,643.5	1,562.0	1,401.5	1,309.2	1,413.5
Total Staff Full-Time Equivalent	4,948.3	5,185.8	5,069.4	4,977.4	4,947.9	4,919.1	4,938.0	4,986.0	4,726.3	4,662.6

Source: Texas Education Agency (TEA), Texas Student Data System (TSDS), Public Education Information Management System (PEIMS)

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#### SPRING INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

**OPERATING STATISTICS** 

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Average Daily Attendance (ADA)	Operating Expenditures (1)	Cost Per ADA	Percentage Change	Government Wide Expenses (2)
2022	28,662	\$401,236,934	\$13,999	4.83%	\$460,057,678
2021	30,464	406,819,107	13,354	11.38%	472,880,356
2020	32,293	387,197,991	11,990	7.50%	473,958,889
2019	32,373	361,100,891	11,154	1.71%	437,790,108
2018	32,854	360,276,820	10,966	7.37%	305,061,858
2017	33,416	341,291,128	10,213	0.97%	398,933,415
2016	33,645	340,312,739	10,115	3.80%	399,715,364
2015	33,887	330,226,468	9,745	8.21%	372,837,069
2014	33,591	302,521,853	9,006	5.16%	353,059,194
2013	33,050	283,049,319	8,564	3.83%	337,744,138

<sup>(1)</sup> Operating expenditures are total governmental fund expenditures less debt service and capital outlay (to the extent capitalized for the government-wide statement of net position) and expenditures for capitalized assets included within the functional expenditures categories.

Source: Texas Education Agency (TEA), Texas Student Data System (TSDS), Public Education Information Management System (PEIMS) and District records

<sup>(2)</sup> The District implemented GASB Statement No. 68 in 2015. The effects of this statement were not applied to previous years. The District implemented GASB Statement No. 75 in 2018. The effects of this statement were not applied to previous years.

<sup>(3)</sup> Enrollment is total number of students in the district who were reported to the Texas Education Agency (TEA) as of the last Friday in October.

Table 16

Cost Per ADA	Percentage Change	Teaching Staff	Enrollment (3)	Student to Teacher Ratio	Percentage of Students in Free/Reduced Lunch Program
\$16,051	3.41%	2,176.70	33,406	15.35	84.5%
15,523	5.76%	2,257.60	33,537	14.86	87.5%
14,677	8.53%	2,157.10	35,284	16.36	82.6%
13,523	45.64%	2,164.00	35,348	16.33	70.0%
9,285	(22.22%)	2,221.20	36,079	16.24	69.4%
11,938	0.49%	2,152.00	36,654	17.03	68.5%
11,880	7.98%	2,312.60	36,813	15.92	70.5%
11,002	4.67%	2,363.00	36,781	15.57	72.1%
10,511	2.86%	2,360.40	36,358	15.40	74.0%
10,219	2.70%	2,149.40	36,028	16.76	73.0%

#### SPRING INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

Table 17

TEACHER BASE SALARIES

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Minimum Salary (1)	Maximum Salary (1)	Average Salary (2)	Region 4 Average Salary (3)	Statewide Average Salary (3)
2022	\$57,425	\$69,225	\$62,986		
2021	56,500	67,860	62,929	\$60,798	\$57,641
2020	54,000	66,785	61,312	60,292	57,091
2019	52,275	65,160	59,578	57,707	54,122
2018	52,275	65,160	59,324	57,076	53,334
2017	51,760	65,160	58,334	55,992	52,525
2016	51,500	62,846	58,175	55,800	51,891
2015	48,500	61,582	55,717	54,157	50,715
2014	45,537	57,386	51,349	52,222	49,692
2013	44,426	55,987	48,556	50,968	48,821

<sup>(1)</sup> Source: District records, based on new teacher entry schedule.

<sup>(2)</sup> Source: Texas Education Agency (TEA), Texas Student Data System (TSDS), Public Education Information Management System (PEIMS)

<sup>(3)</sup> Source: Texas Education Agency (TEA), Texas Performance Reporting System (TPRS); Region 4 and state information for 2022 not available at this time.

## SPRING INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHOOL BUILDING INFORMATION Last Ten Fiscal Years

Last Ten Fiscal Year (Unaudited)

School (Year Opened)	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
High Schools										
Spring (1968)										
Square feet	454,195	454,195	454,195	454,195	454,195	454,195	454,195	454,195	454,195	454,195
Capacity	2,840	2,840	2,840	2,840	2,840	2,840	2,840	2,840	2,840	2,840
Peak enrollment	2,070	2,124	2,793	2,828	2,934	2,889	2,800	2,651	2,884	2,972
Westfield (1976) Square feet	549,603	549,603	549,603	549,603	549,603	549,603	549,603	549,603	549,603	549,603
Capacity	3,338	3,338	3,338	3,338	3,338	3,338	3,338	3,338	3,338	3,338
Peak enrollment	2,027	2,127	2,845	2,866	2,864	2,770	2,841	2,680	2,652	2,687
Andy Dekaney (2007)										
Square feet	487,000	487,000	487,000	487,000	487,000	487,000	487,000	487,000	487,000	487,000
Capacity	2,500	2,500	2,500	2,500	2,500	2,500	2,500	2,500	2,500	2,500
Peak enrollment	1,492	1,443	2,146	2,134	2,239	2,485	2,639	2,488	2,324	2,226
Carl Wunsche Sr. (2006)	272 179	272 179	272 179	272 179	272 179	272 179	272 179	272 179	272 170	272 179
Square feet Capacity	273,178 1,500									
Peak enrollment	1,434	1,478	1,487	1,471	1,473	1,508	1,500	1,429	1,487	1,525
Early College Academy (2016) <sup>5</sup>	-,	-,	-,	-,.,-	-,	-,	-,	-,	-,	-,
Square feet (2010)				42,346	42,346	42,346				
Capacity				450	450	450				
Peak enrollment				420	414	385				
Ninth Grade Centers										
Spring (2020) <sup>8</sup>										
Square feet	140,615	140,615								
Capacity	900	900								
Peak enrollment	723	721								
Westfield (2020) 9										
Square feet	176,000	176,000								
Capacity	900	900								
Peak enrollment	658	696								
Andy Dekaney (2020) <sup>8</sup>	120.000	120.000								
Square feet Capacity	130,989 900	130,989 900								
Peak enrollment	693	665								
Middle Schools										
Wells (1977)										
Square feet	182,661	182,661	182,661	182,661	182,661	182,661	182,661	182,661	182,661	182,661
Capacity	1,378	1,378	1,378	1,378	1,378	1,378	1,378	1,378	1,378	1,378
Peak enrollment	922	1,017	1,116	1,129	1,093	1,372	1,326	1,365	1,288	1,273
Dueitt (1980) Square feet	137,391	137,391	137,391	137,391	137,391	137,391	137,391	137,391	137,391	137,391
Capacity	924	924	924	924	924	924	924	924	924	924
Peak enrollment	859	941	995	1,205	1,162	884	899	937	965	983
Twin Creeks (1984)				Í						
Square feet	155,516	155,516	155,516	155,516	155,516	155,516	155,516	155,516	155,516	155,516
Capacity	1,072	1,072	1,072	1,072	1,072	1,072	1,072	1,072	1,072	1,072
Peak enrollment	953	1,060	1,034	993	1,112	1,092	1,072	1,000	976	947
Bammel (2003) Square feet	228,121	228,121	228,121	228,121	228,121	228,121	228,121	228,121	228,121	228,121
Capacity	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500
Peak enrollment	857	900	932	970	942	1,328	1,303	1,421	1,263	1,284
Stelle Claughton (2003)							Í	Í	*	*
Square feet	219,716	219,716	219,716	219,716	219,716	219,716	219,716	219,716	219,716	219,716
Capacity	1,303	1,303	1,303	1,303	1,303	1,303	1,303	1,303	1,303	1,303
Peak enrollment	976	1,009	1,173	1,200	1,276	1,102	1,082	1,112	1,203	1,213
Rickey C. Bailey (2006)	201 170	201 179	201 179	201 179	201 170	201 179	201 179	201 179	201 179	201 170
Square feet Capacity	201,178 1,200									
Peak enrollment	997	947	931	1,200	1,264	1,163	1,162	1,269	1,200	1,214
Dr. Edward Roberson (1971)	,,,	717	/51	1,551	1,201	1,100	1,102	1,207	1,200	.,21
Square feet				176,000	176,000	176,000	176,000	176,000	176,000	176,000
Capacity				1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200
Peak enrollment				831	921	1,033	1,102	1,086	1,102	1,142
Dr. Edward Roberson (2019) 4										
Square feet	154,843	154,843	154,843							
Capacity	800	800	800							
Peak enrollment	791	865	806							

# SPRING INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHOOL BUILDING INFORMATION Last Ten Fiscal Years

Last Ten Fiscal Year (Unaudited)

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
_		, ,	, ,			, ,	, ,			
Middle Schools (Continued)										
Springwoods Village (2019) <sup>6</sup>	120.754	120.754	120.754							
Square feet Capacity	139,754 725	139,754 725	139,754 725							
Peak enrollment	505	509	500							
Spring Leadership Academy (2019		307	300							
Square feet	44,931	44,931	44,931							
Capacity	450	450	450							
Peak enrollment	361	391	386							
Elementary Schools										
Bammel (2010)										
Square feet	112,000	112,000	112,000	112,000	112,000	112,000	112,000	112,000	112,000	112,000
Capacity	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800
Peak enrollment Ponderosa (1971)	834	704	745	776	789	888	920	958	893	802
Square feet	96,149	96,149	96,149	96,149	96,149	96,149	96,149	96,149	96,149	96,149
Capacity	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800
Peak enrollment	790	797	799	752	684	720	732	753	714	779
John A. Winship (1972)										
Square feet	71,456	71,456	71,456	71,456	71,456	71,456	71,456	71,456	71,456	71,456
Capacity Peak enrollment	768 475	768 482	768 492	768 511	768 517	768 529	768 491	768 525	768 538	768 547
Pat Reynolds (1973)	4/3	462	492	311	317	329	491	323	330	347
Square feet	83,280	83,280	83,280	83,280	83,280	83,280	83,280	83,280	83,280	83,280
Capacity	884	884	884	884	884	884	884	884	884	884
Peak enrollment	792	744	785	788	716	727	780	784	734	689
Otto H. & Avalt H. Meyer (1976)										
Square feet	91,213	91,213	91,213	91,213	91,213	91,213	91,213	91,213	91,213	91,213
Capacity Peak enrollment	1,108 623	1,108 618	1,108 725	1,108 753	1,108 717	1,108 663	1,108 621	1,108 659	1,108 720	1,108 752
Mildred I. Jenkins (1976)	023	018	123	755	/1/	003	021	039	720	132
Square feet	91,865	91,865	91,865	91,865	91,865	91,865	91,865	91,865	91,865	91,865
Capacity	896	896	896	896	896	896	896	896	896	896
Peak enrollment	605	581	623	638	660	702	689	742	781	760
Pearl M. Hirsch (1978)										
Square feet	81,268	81,268	81,268	81,268	81,268	81,268	81,268	81,268	81,268	81,268
Capacity Peak enrollment	692 648	692 698	692 729	692 767	692 685	692 708	692 704	692 736	692 673	692 625
George E. Anderson (1979)	048	098	129	707	083	708	704	/30	0/3	023
Square feet	77,968	77,968	77,968	77,968	77,968	77,968	77,968	77,968	77,968	77,968
Capacity	836	836	836	836	836	836	836	836	836	836
Peak enrollment	475	507	576	611	614	621	600	606	659	665
Joan Link (1982)										
Square feet	83,300	83,300	83,300	83,300	83,300	83,300	83,300	83,300	83,300	83,300
Capacity Peak enrollment	800 544	800 549	800 612	800 616	800 631	800 631	800 668	800 675	800 704	800 716
L. E. Smith (1986)	344	349	012	010	031	031	008	073	704	/10
Square feet	78,638	78,638	78,638	78,638	78,638	78,638	78,638	78,638	78,638	78,638
Capacity	784	784	784	784	784	784	784	784	784	784
Peak enrollment	543	539	572	591	616	578	564	605	620	674
Joseph S. Beneke (1986)	0.000	0.5.000	0.5.000	0.5.000	0.5.000	0.5.000	0.5.000	0.5.000	0.000	0.000
Square feet	86,999	86,999	86,999	86,999	86,999	86,999	86,999	86,999	86,999	86,999
Capacity Peak enrollment	892 648	892 676	892 695	892 682	892 684	892 707	892 725	892 745	892 781	892 812
Deloras E. Thompson (1996)	040	070	073	002	004	707	123	743	701	012
Square feet	108,400	108,400	108,400	108,400	108,400	108,400	108,400	108,400	108,400	108,400
Capacity	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054
Peak enrollment	583	696	700	628	666	678	687	742	699	728
Heritage (2000)	02.625	02.625	02.625	02.625	02.625	02.625	02.625	02.625	02.625	02.625
Square feet Capacity	93,625 818	93,625 818	93,625 818	93,625 818	93,625 818	93,625 818	93,625 818	93,625 818	93,625 818	93,625 818
Peak enrollment	642	637	718	687	680	527	522	501	544	561
B. F. Clark Intermediate (2003) <sup>2</sup>	0.2	05,	,	007	000	5 <b>2</b> ,				
Square feet	87,269	87,269	87,269	87,269	87,269	87,269	87,269	87,269	87,269	87,269
Capacity	840	840	840	840	840	840	840	840	840	840
Peak enrollment	601	619	676	720	784	1,041	731	1,725	1,555	600
J. O. & Gertie Mae Salyers (2003)	)									
Square feet	96,400	96,400	96,400	96,400	96,400	96,400	96,400	96,400	96,400	96,400
Capacity	824	824	824	824	824	824	824	824	824	824
Peak enrollment	664	608	648	678	708	707	762	821	723	657

### SPRING INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHOOL BUILDING INFORMATION

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Elementary Schools (Continued)										
B. F. Clark Primary (1990) <sup>2</sup>										
Square feet	79,000	79,000	79,000	79,000	79,000	79,000	79,000	79,000	79,000	79,000
Capacity	79,000	79,000	79,000	79,000	79,000	79,000	79,000	79,000	79,000	79,000
Peak enrollment	403	452	480	491	531	723	1008	/10	/10	801
Chet Burchett (2005)	403	432	400	491	331	123	1008			801
Square feet	105,000	105,000	105,000	105,000	105,000	105,000	105,000	105,000	105,000	105,000
Capacity	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800
Peak enrollment	725	679	704	706	782	774	731	687	721	653
Milton Cooper (2005)	723	0//	701	700	702	,,,	751	007	721	055
Square feet	102,205	102,205	102,205	102,205	102,205	102,205	102,205	102,205	102,205	102,205
Capacity	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800
Peak enrollment	685	705	750	756	762	783	822	837	793	808
Ginger McNabb (2006)	000	, 05	720	,,,	702	, 05	022	057	,,,,	000
Square feet	102,762	102,762	102,762	102,762	102,762	102,762	102,762	102,762	102,762	102,762
Capacity	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800
Peak enrollment	697	654	680	711	716	729	701	709	735	733
Northgate Crossing (2008)	0,,	0.5	000	,	,10	, 2,	, 01	, 0,	,55	,55
Square feet	105,000	105,000	105,000	105,000	105,000	105,000	105,000	105,000	105,000	105,000
Capacity	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800
Peak enrollment	738	684	711	735	702	691	689	725	740	755
Donna Lewis (2006)										
Square feet	102,700	102,700	102,700	102,700	102,700	102,700	102,700	102,700	102,700	102,700
Capacity	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800
Peak enrollment	667	645	706	671	655	682	675	707	698	694
Carolee Booker (2008)										
Square feet	102,700	102,700	102,700	102,700	102,700	102,700	102,700	102,700	102,700	102,700
Capacity	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800
Peak enrollment	727	704	754	799	821	838	873	893	946	952
R. J. Hoyland (2009)										
Square feet	105,000	105,000	105,000	105,000	105,000	105,000	105,000	105,000	105,000	105,000
Capacity	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800
Peak enrollment	680	678	711	735	770	907	949	908	860	787
Ralph Eickenroht (2009)										
Square feet	102,700	102,700	102,700	102,700	102,700	102,700	102,700	102,700	102,700	102,700
Capacity	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800
Peak enrollment	576	578	660	658	636	681	706	712	625	587
Helen Major (2009)										
Square feet	105,000	105,000	105,000	105,000	105,000	105,000	105,000	105,000	105,000	105,000
Capacity	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800
Peak enrollment	523	566	684	673	702	756	811	777	695	666
Gloria Marshall (2011)										
Square feet	103,500	103,500	103,500	103,500	103,500	103,500	103,500	103,500	103,500	103,500
Capacity	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800
Peak enrollment	901	758	763	743	727	729	706	689	701	666
Special Campuses										
Richey Academy (2015) <sup>3</sup>										
Square feet	33,123	33,123	33,123	33,123	33,123	33,123	33,123			
Capacity	250	250	250	250	250	250	250			
Peak enrollment	108	24	148	195	198	134	191			
1										
Portable Buildings 1	148	148	148	147	147	150	150	150	150	150

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The District utilized portable buildings providing classrooms and restrooms in schools where enrollment exceeded capacity.

Source: District records

From July 2013 to June 2015 Clark Primary and Clark Intermediate were considered one school, Clark Elementary.

This building was originally for Support Services and was renovated in 2015 to house the District's Disciplinary Alternative Education Program for grades 6th through 12th.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Roberson moved to 12430 Veterans Memorial Dr. in August 2019.

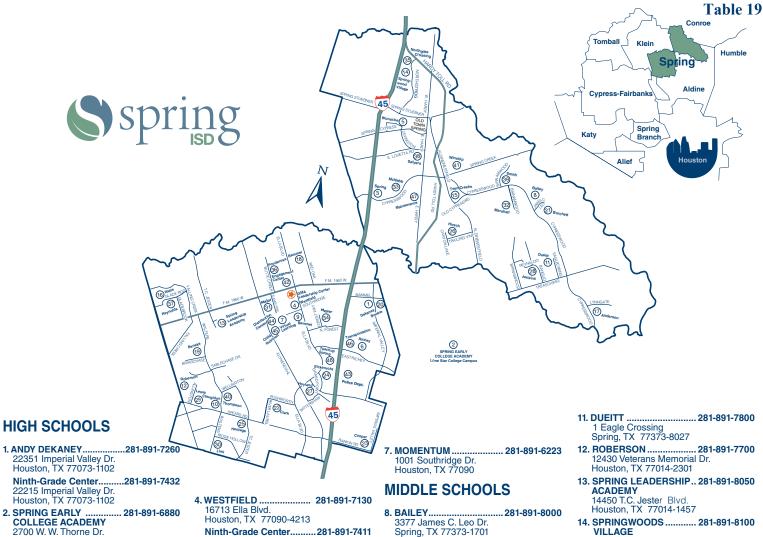
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Early College Academy moved from portable buildings to 14450 T.C. Jester Blvd. in August 2016, then relocated to Lonestar College-North Harris campus in August 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Springwoods Village opened at 1120 Crossgate Blvd. in August 2019.

Spring Leadership Academy opened at 14450 T.C. Jester Blvd. in August 2019.

Spring and Andy Dekaney Ninth-Grade Centers opened in September 2020

Westfield Ninth-Grade Center opened in January 2021.



.. 281-891-7411

#### **ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS**

2700 W. W. Thorne Dr.

Spring, TX 77373-2910

19640 Lockridge Dr. Spring, TX 77373-2910

Academic Building, Suite A 104 Houston, TX 77073-3499

**3. SPRING......281-891-7000** 19428 I-45 N

Ninth-Grade Center...... 281-891-7391

17. ANDERSON	281-891-8360
18. BAMMEL	
19. BENEKE	
20. BOOKER22352 Imperial Valley Dr. Houston, TX 77073-1101	281-891-8750
21. BURCHETT	281-891-8630
22. CLARK 1825 Rushworth Dr Houston, TX 77014-2885	
23. COOPER	
<b>24. EICKENROHT</b> 15252 Grand Point Dr. Houston, TX 77090-6329	

. 281-891-8330

**26. HIRSCH**......2633 Trailing Vine Rd. Spring, TX 77373-7716

<b>27. HOYLAND</b>
28. JENKINS
<b>29. LEWIS</b>
<b>30. LINK</b>
31. MAJOR

1500 Southridge Road Houston, TX 77090-4213

Spring, TX 77373-2513

900 Wunsche Loop

5. CARL WUNSCHE SR...... 281-891-7650

6. RICHEY ACADEMY ....... 281-891-6710 341 East Richey Rd. Building B Houston, TX 77073-6038

30. LINK	. 281-891-8390
2815 Ridge Hollow Dr.	
Houston, TX 77067-1939	9
31. MAJOR	. 281-891-8870
16855 Sugar Pine Dr.	
Houston, TX 77090-362	6
32. MARSHALL	
24505 Birnamwood Blvd	
Spring, TX 77373-9575	
33. McNABB	. 281-891-8690

#### 743 East Cypresswood Dr. Spring, TX 77373-5516 34. MEYER......281-891-8270

16330 Forest Way Dr. Houston, TX 77090-4717 35. NORTHGATE CROSSING

23437 Northgate Crossing Blvd. Spring, TX 77373-5687

36. PONDEROSA ..... ..... 281-891-8180 17202 Butte Creek Rd. Houston, TX 77090-2322

8. BAILEY	281-891-8000
3377 James C. Leo Dr.	
Spring, TX 77373-1701	
opinig, intri or or ir or	

9. SCHOOL FOR INTERNATIONAL STUDIES AT BAMMEL (PK-4 & 6-8) . 281-891-7900 16711 Ella Blvd. Houston, TX 77090-4213

37. REYNOLDS	281-891-8240
3975 Gladeridge Dr.	
Houston, TX 77068	-2422

..... 281-891-8570 38. SALYERS ..... 25705 Hardy St. Spring, TX 77373-2684

39. SMITH...... 281-891-8420 26000 Cypresswood Dr. Spring, TX 77373-5860

40. THOMPSON ...... 281-891-8480 12470 Walters Rd. Houston, TX 77014-2422

41. WINSHIP ...... 281-891-8210 2175 Spring Creek Dr. Spring, TX 77373-6141

#### ADMINISTRATION and SUPPORT FACILITIES

GORDON M. ANDERSON LEADERSHIP CENTER 281-891-6000 16717 Ella Blvd. Houston, TX 77090-4213

42. COMMUNITY .....ENGAGEMENT CENTER .. 281-891-6736 17125 Ella Blvd. Houston, TX 77090-2409

43. POLICE COMMAND .....281-891-6911 **CENTER & TAX OFFICE** 420 420 Lockhaven Dr. Houston, TX 77073-5530

. DUEITT	281-891-7800
1 Eagle Crossing	
Spring, TX 77373-8027	7

- 14. SPRINGWOODS ...... 281-891-8100 VILLAGE 1120 Crossgate Blvd. Spring, TX 77373-5687
- **15. TWIN CREEKS.......281-891-7850** 27100 Old Cypresswood Dr. Spring, TX 77373-6370
- ... 281-891-7750

44. DISTRIBUTION CENTER 281-891-6465 Operations ...... 281-891-6425 Construction/Energy .... 281-891-6430 Safety/.....Risk Management 15330 Kuykendahl Rd. Houston, TX 77090-4109

45. CHILD NUTRITION ...... 281-891-6445 and TRAINING CENTER 15330 Kuykendahl Rd. Houston, TX 77090-4109

46. TRANSPORTATION ..... 281-891-6490 **CENTER** 341 East Richey Rd. Houston, TX 77073-6038

47. MAINTENANCE...... 281-891-6405 24037 W. Hardy Rd. #109 Houston, Texas 77373-5717

48. TEACHUP SPRING.. .. 281-891-6037 LEARNING CENTER 15651 I-45 North Houston, Texas 77090-4213

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